Programming Project Assignment 1

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1. Introduction

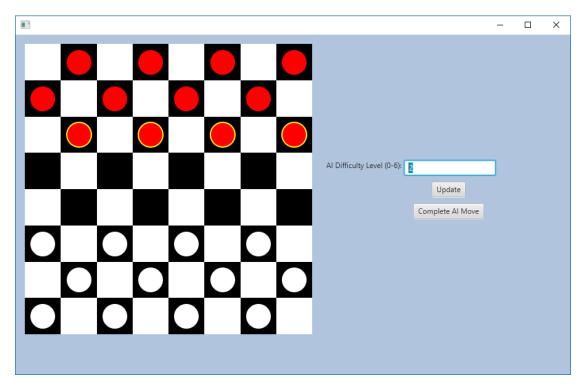


Figure 1: An Image of the Starting screen for the game

Figure 1 shows the main screen of the game. To start with the user(you) is red and the AI is white these may be referred to dark and light in the document respectively. I probably started developing this the wrong way round developing the GUI and the game part first then adding the AI implemented with minimax later. However the alternative would to make a console game then covert it into a GUI game which probably would have produced a better output but would have taken longer to implement. I originally planed on creating a MVVM GUI application however due to time constraints and difficulty setting up the mvvm project in JavaFX with mvvmFX I decided to not follow a formal framework/structure as it would have taken more time to learn and implement. I have a number of classes in my project:

1.1. Main

My main class focuses on the visuals as all of the GUI code is in this class and it also manages some of the control as well as this allows the user to interact with the board.

1.2. AI

This class contains the minimax function and the evaluation function more time could and probably should have been spend on the evaluation function. I will go on in more detail about how the evaluation function works further on in the document.

1.3. Colour

This is actually a very simple enum which is used to identify the two different players Light and Dark

1.4. Draught

This represents a draught piece and contains it's location information if it is crowned and its Colour.

1.5. Game

This manages the game and the game board state if I were redoing the project from scratch I probably would have separated out the game board data from the methods and logic as this lead to problems when implementing minimax. The game class contains methods for:

- finding possible moves
- carrying out moves
- the successor function
- checking for a winner

This contains the majority of the logic for the game internals.

1.6. Move

This represents the movement of a draught and allows me to separate out some logic. And allows me to store a turn choice as an object which can be passed to other classes.

1.7. Capturing Move

This class extends the move class and allows me to store capturing moves as a different but compatible type. This is mainly because if you capture a draught and it is possible to capture another you get to continue your turn therefore it is vital to store the difference.

2. Program Functionality

2.1. Game Internals

2.1.1. Interactive Checkers Gameplay

As mentioned in the introduction I started by developing the game internals and the GUI therefore the gameplay is fairly smooth and functionally correct in terms of rules of the game. The way it works is the Main class asks for a list of possible moves from the game object and then displays them to the user for them to then decide what move to make once chosen it is run through the select move function in the game class which carries out the move for the player. For the AI a similar thing happens once the user presses the complete AI move button then the Main class gets the game and passes it to the AI which returns a move which the Main thread then passes on to the game object. The user starts as the red/dark player and the AI is the white/light player.

2.1.2. Valid State Representation

The state representation used is the Game class which can be found at section C.3 and its made up of the following

Draughts Array List An array list holds the draughts which are on the board currently. the draughts are stored in random order and their position information is stored in the draught class itself. The draughts also store colour information. The position information is an x and y coordinate starting from the top left of the board as that makes it easy to display in the GUI.

Current Turn This stores the colour of the current player so the game object knows who's turn it is and therefore which moves to return when calculating them.

Selected Draught This is used for the completing of multiple jumps in one turn as if the player has the option to perform multiple jumps it is only possible to

make moves on the draught which completed the original jump and then only if a jump is available.

Multi-step move This stores if the game is currently a part of a multi step move this means that the game can restrict the moves to only the currently selected draught.

Game Winner This stores which colour is the game winner so that Main class can display to the user which colour is the winner when the game completes.

Game Complete This stores if the game is complete or not. and therefore display who the winner is to the user from the main class.

2.1.3. Successor function

The calculation of the moves is in three steps firstly the draught calculates its possible moves given its position and if its crowned or not and removes any which aren't in bounds. Secondly the Game class then removes any blocked moves unless it can make a jump. Thirdly the findAllPossibleMoves() method checks for if we are currently in a multi-step move and if so restricts the moves accordingly otherwise it gets all of the moves for the current players draughts. It also makes use of the findAllPossibleMoves() method which works by firstly checking if we are currently on a multi-step move and if so only returning the valid capture moves from the selected draught. The function that I have named successor is the function in the Game class section C.3 which returns a following game object when passed a move.

2.1.4. Use of Successor Function

The find all moves method is used in both the game and AI classes and the find moves method is used in the main class to display the possible moves for each draught. The find all moves is used in the game class to check if there are possible moves if there aren't then the other player wins. It is used in the AI class as a part of the minimax method to get the children of the current game board state. The successor functions don't specifically validate the moves however the only moves either the AI or user have available to them come from the successor function therefore they must be valid.

2.1.5. Invalid User Moves

Invalid user moves are handled by simply not providing the function to complete

incorrect moves or more accurately only providing the options to select valid moves. As there is no way for a user to select an incorrect move there is no explanation given with one exception. If the user attempts to deselect the draught during a multi-step move the program gives an error warning with an explanation saying they are only able to move the currently selected draught.

2.1.6. Minimax Evaluation

The minimax algorithm has been implemented in the AI class section B. And uses the evaluation function evaluateGameBoard() which has a very simple implementation it simply counts the number of ai draughts and subtracts the number of opponent draughts. Ideally if I had more time I would like to include if a draught was crowned or not in the calculation for example crowned draughts are worth 1.5 or 2 and going further it is also worth including non crowned draughts position up the board in the calculation although that would require a lot of fine tuning to ensure that the function does not overvalue position over pieces.

2.1.7. Alpha Beta Pruning

I implemented the minimax alpha beta pruning algorithm in the AI class. It is used as a part of the evaluateMoves() method.

2.1.8. Variable AI difficulty

Variable AI difficultly is provided in the form of a text box on the program where the user is able to choose a difficulty between 0-7 this represents the depth that the minimax function works to. I found that when I set the value to 8 or 9 the turns would take too long and the program would reach the 1gb JVM heap size limit therefore I have restricted the number to 7. If the user attempts to put a value higher than 7 then the program truncates it to 7.

2.1.9. Valid Al Moves

As mentioned earlier the AI class selects a move from moves provided from the successor function therefore are only limited to legitimate moves.

2.1.10. Multi-step User Moves

If the user has the ability to continue performing moves the application will keep the selected draught highlighted and display only the potential move. Even if there is only one move available the user still needs to select it. This has been done so that the user does not get confused when many pieces moves around. The multistep moves are checked for after every jump as a part of the selectMove () method in the game class section C.3. Then when the moves are requested as a part of the findAllPossibleMoves() method the method restricts the moves to capturing moves of the selected draught i.e. the one which completed the last jump. Multi-step moves are also stopped if a draught gets crowned this is done by only continuing the multi-step jumps if the draught isn't on kings row or is crowned the code for this can be found as a part of the selectMove() method in the game class section C.3.

2.1.11. Multi-step Al moves

This is implemented in a similar way to the user multi-step. To continue the game the user needs to press the complete AI move button. This was done intentionally so that the user is able to see each of the moves made at their own pace.

2.1.12. Forced Takes

When a user has the option to make a jump they are not allowed to complete a normal move. Therefore the program only displays the jumps they are able to complete as a move if there is only one jump then they are only provided the one option this is preferred over automatically completing the move to avoid confusion on the users part. This works as a part of the findAllPossibleMoves() method which gets all of the possible moves as mentioned earlier it then runs it through the removeNonCapturingMovesIfCapturingMoveExists(ArrayList<Move> moveList) method. which if there is a capturing move then it restricts the moves to just capturing moves otherwise it returns all the moves.

2.1.13. Automatic King Conversion

Once a king reaches the king's row it gets crowned. This is done with the crownDraughtIfPossible() method in the draught class section C.2. This is called on a draught after it moves. Therefore will always convert a draught correctly to display that a draught is a king a smaller circle is added to the top of the draught.

2.2. HCI/GUI

2.2.1. GUI Updates

The GUI is refreshed after each turn and after the control panel is updated this is done through the updateDisplay() method which redraws the display with information from the game class variable.

2.2.2. Full Graphical Board Display

The board displayed on the screen is made up of a gridPane each of the checker-board boxes are a coloured square these are generated in the generateBoard() method in the main class section A. The draughts are then added on top of them in the displayDraughtsOnBoard() method which makes use of the generateDraughtVisual() method. Then possible moves are only displayed on the correct conditions.

2.2.3. Mouse Interaction

The user interaction with the program is almost entirely mouse based except from setting the AI difficulty. To make a move the user needs to select a draught and then select a square to move it to. This is done by making use of the setOnMouseClicked() method to set an event handler for when the user clicks on a draught or a square the draught can move to. When the user clicks on a draught with possible moves the moves are displayed to the user the user can then click on any of the available moves for that draught. Once the move is selected it is passed on to the game to handle the changes, once it returns the program refreshes the display.

2.2.4. GUI pauses on multi-step moves

The GUI will only continue with the game when the user selects an action either by selecting a move or clicking the complete AI move button this was done intentionally so that the user is able to play at their own pace. This means that the program will always stop during multi-step moves and the user will have to initiate the continuation.

2.2.5. Display of basic game rules

Due to time constraints I was not able to create a page with the rules of the game however I was able to add a button to the control panel which opens a webpage with the game rules on it. This has been done in the generateControlPanel() method.

2.2.6. Possible moves display

This is done by firstly showing the draughts which can be moved then, after a draught is selected, the possible squares it can move to have indicators. This is done by adding code to the generateDraughtVisual() method so that the draughts have yellow borders if they have moves. then when a draught is selected possible moves are displayed using the displayPossibleMoves() method.

Appendices

A. Main

```
import ai.AI;
2 import game. Colour;
3 import game. Draught;
4 import game. Game;
5 import javafx.application.Application;
6 import javafx.geometry.HPos;
7 import javafx.geometry.Insets;
8 import javafx.geometry.Pos;
9 import javafx.geometry.VPos;
10 import javafx.scene.Node;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.control.*;
import javafx.scene.layout.*;
import javafx.scene.paint.Color;
import javafx.scene.shape.Circle;
16 import javafx.stage.Stage;
17 import moves. Move;
18
  import java.io.IOException;
  import java.util.ArrayList;
  import java.util.Optional;
22
  public class Main extends Application {
24
     private static final int BOARDSIZE = 8;
25
     private static final Background WHITEBACKGROUND = new Background (
     new BackgroundFill(Color.WHITE, CornerRadii.EMPTY, Insets.EMPTY));
     private static final Background BLACKBACKGROUND = new Background(
27
     new BackgroundFill(Color.BLACK, CornerRadii.EMPTY, Insets.EMPTY));
     private Game game;
28
     private Stage primaryStage;
29
     private AI ai;
30
31
     @Override
33
     public void start(Stage primaryStage) {
34
        game = new Game();
        game.setUpNewGame();
        ai = new AI(2, Colour.LIGHT);
37
        this.primaryStage = primaryStage;
38
        updateDisplay();
39
40
41
```

```
42
     public static void main(String[] args) {
43
        launch (args);
44
45
46
     public GridPane generateDisplay(GridPane root){
47
        GridPane board = generateBoard();
48
        board = displayDraughtsOnBoard(board);
49
         if (game.getSelectedDraught() != null && game.getCurrentTurn()
50
     == Colour .DARK) {
            board = displayPossibleMoves(board, game.getSelectedDraught
      ());
52
        root.add(board, 0, 0);
        VBox controlPanel = generateControlPanel();
54
        root.add(controlPanel, 1, 0);
        return root;
56
58
     public VBox generateControlPanel() {
59
60
        VBox controlPanel = new VBox();
        HBox \ aiDifficulty = new \ HBox();
62
        Label aiDifficultyLabel = new Label ("AI Difficulty Level (0-7):
63
        TextField aiDifficultyTextField = new TextField(String.format("
64
     %d", ai.getDifficulty());
         aiDifficulty.getChildren().addAll(aiDifficultyLabel,
65
      aiDifficultyTextField);
        controlPanel.getChildren().add(aiDifficulty);
66
67
        Button updateValues = new Button("Update");
68
        updateValues.setOnMouseClicked(event -> {
            String str = aiDifficultyTextField.getText();
70
            int temp = Integer.parseInt(str);
71
            ai.setDifficulty(temp > 7? 7: temp);
72
           updateDisplay();
        });
74
        controlPanel.getChildren().add(updateValues);
75
76
        Button competeAIMove = new Button("Complete AI Move");
        competeAIMove.setOnMouseClicked(event -> {
78
            if (game.getCurrentTurn() = Colour.LIGHT)  {
79
               game.selectMove(ai.selectMove(game));
80
               updateDisplay();
81
82
        });
83
84
        controlPanel.getChildren().add(competeAIMove);
```

```
86
         Button rules = new Button("Rules");
         rules.setOnMouseClicked(event -> {
88
            try {
89
               java.awt.Desktop.getDesktop().browse(java.net.URI.create(
90
      "http://www.indepthinfo.com/checkers/play.shtml"));
            } catch (IOException e) {
91
               e.printStackTrace();
92
93
         });
         controlPanel.getChildren().add(rules);
         controlPanel.setAlignment(Pos.CENTER);
96
         controlPanel.setSpacing(10);
97
         return controlPanel;
98
      }
99
100
      public GridPane generateBoard() {
101
         GridPane board = new GridPane();
         for (int row = 0; row < BOARDSIZE; row++) {
            for (int column = 0; column < BOARDSIZE; column++) {
               StackPane square = new StackPane();
               square.setBackground((row + column) \% 2 == 0 ?
      WHITEBACKGROUND: BLACKBACKGROUND);
               board.add(square, column, row);
107
108
            }
110
         for (int i = 0; i < BOARDSIZE; i++) {
111
            ColumnConstraints columnConstraints = new ColumnConstraints
      ();
            columnConstraints.setPercentWidth(50);
113
            board.getColumnConstraints().add(columnConstraints);
114
            RowConstraints rowConstraints = new RowConstraints();
            rowConstraints.setPercentHeight(50);
            board.getRowConstraints().add(rowConstraints);
117
118
         board.setPadding(new Insets(15, 15, 15, 15));
120
         return board;
121
      public GridPane displayPossibleMoves(GridPane board, Draught
      draught){
         ArrayList < Move> moves = game.findPossibleMoves(draught);
         for (Move move : moves) {
126
            Circle moveVisual = generateMoveVisual(move);
127
            board.add(moveVisual, move.getNewXPosition(), move.
128
      getNewYPosition());
            GridPane.setHalignment (\,moveVisual\,,\,\,HPos.CENTER)\,;
129
```

```
GridPane.setValignment (moveVisual, VPos.CENTER);
130
         }
         return board;
134
      public Circle generateMoveVisual(Move move) {
135
         Circle moveVisual = new Circle (20);
136
         moveVisual.setFill(Color.TRANSPARENT);
         moveVisual.setStrokeWidth(2);
138
         moveVisual.setStroke(Color.WHITE);
         moveVisual.setOnMouseClicked(event -> selectMove(move));
         return moveVisual;
141
142
      public GridPane displayDraughtsOnBoard(GridPane board) {
144
         for (Draught draught : game.getDraughtArrayList()) {
145
            Node draughtVisual = generateDraughtVisual(draught);
146
            board.add(draughtVisual, draught.getxPosition(), draught.
      getyPosition());
            GridPane.setHalignment(draughtVisual, HPos.CENTER);
148
            GridPane.setValignment(draughtVisual, VPos.CENTER);
149
         return board;
      public StackPane generateDraughtVisual(Draught draught) {
154
         StackPane rtnPane = new StackPane();
156
         Circle draughtVisual = new Circle (20);
157
         if (draught.getColour() = Colour.DARK) {
            draughtVisual.setFill(Color.RED);
159
           else if (draught.getColour() = Colour.LIGHT) {
            draughtVisual.setFill(Color.WHITE);
163
         if (game.draughtsWithPossibleMoves().contains(draught) &&
164
      draught.getColour() == Colour.DARK) {
165
            // If draught has possible moves
166
            rtnPane.setOnMouseClicked(event -> selectDraught(draught));
167
            if (game.getSelectedDraught() == null)  {
               draughtVisual.setStroke(Color.YELLOW);
         if (draught.equals(game.getSelectedDraught())) {
            draughtVisual.setStroke(Color.CYAN);
         draughtVisual.setStrokeWidth(2);
         rtnPane.getChildren().add(draughtVisual);
```

```
if (draught.isCrowned()){
             Circle crownVisual = new Circle (10);
178
            crownVisual.setFill(Color.TRANSPARENT);
179
            crownVisual.setStroke(Color.BLACK);
180
            crownVisual.setStrokeWidth(2);
181
            rtnPane.getChildren().add(crownVisual);
183
184
         return rtnPane;
185
186
187
      public GridPane setupRoot() {
188
         GridPane root = new GridPane();
189
         root.setHgap(8);
191
         root.setVgap(8);
192
         ColumnConstraints col0 = new ColumnConstraints();
         col0.setPrefWidth(500);
195
         ColumnConstraints col1 = new ColumnConstraints();
196
         col1.setPrefWidth(400);
197
         root.getColumnConstraints().addAll(col0, col1);
199
         RowConstraints row0 = new RowConstraints();
200
         row0.setPrefHeight(500);
201
         root.getRowConstraints().add(row0);
         root.setBackground(new\ Background(new\ BackgroundFill(Color.
203
      LIGHTSTEELBLUE, CornerRadii.EMPTY, Insets.EMPTY)));
204
         return root;
206
      }
207
      public void selectMove(Move move){
209
         game.selectMove(move);
210
         updateDisplay();
211
212
213
      public void selectDraught(Draught draught){
214
         if (!game.isCurrentMultiStepMove()) {
215
             if (draught.equals(game.getSelectedDraught())) {
217
                game.setSelectedDraught(null);
218
             } else {
219
                game.setSelectedDraught(draught);
220
221
         } else {
222
             Alert alert = new Alert (Alert.AlertType.WARNING);
223
             alert.setTitle("Unable to complete move");
```

```
alert.setHeaderText("Unable to complete move");
225
             alert.setContentText("Is it not possible to select any other
226
       draught therefore you must complete the move with the selected
       tile");
             alert.showAndWait();
227
228
         updateDisplay();
229
230
      }
231
232
      private void updateDisplay() {
233
         primaryStage.setScene(new Scene(
234
             generateDisplay(setupRoot()),
235
            900,
236
             550)
237
         );
238
         primaryStage.show();
239
         if (game.isGameComplete()) {
            ButtonType reset = new ButtonType("Reset", ButtonBar.
241
      ButtonData.OTHER);
            ButtonType close = new ButtonType ("Close", ButtonBar.
242
      ButtonData.CANCEL_CLOSE);
             Alert alert = new Alert (Alert . Alert Type . NONE, "The Game has
243
      come to a conclusion the winner is " + game.getGameWinner().
      toString(), reset, close);
             alert.setTitle("Game Complete");
             alert.setHeaderText("Game Complete");
245
             Optional < ButtonType > result = alert.showAndWait();
246
             if (result.orElse(close) == reset){
247
                game.setUpNewGame();
                updateDisplay();
249
            }
250
         }
253
254
```

B. AI

```
package ai;

import game.Colour;

import game.Draught;

import game.Game;

import javafx.util.Pair;

import moves.Move;

import java.util.ArrayList;
```

```
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
11
  public class AI {
12
14
     int difficulty;
15
     Colour colour;
16
17
     public AI(int difficulty, Colour colour) {
18
         this. difficulty = difficulty;
19
         this.colour = colour;
20
21
22
     public int getDifficulty() {
23
        return difficulty;
24
25
26
     public void setDifficulty(int difficulty) {
        this. difficulty = difficulty;
28
29
30
     public Colour getColour() {
31
        return colour;
32
33
34
     public Move selectMove(Game game) {
35
        ArrayList<Pair<Integer, Move>>> evaluatedMoves = evaluateMoves(
36
     game);
        evaluated Moves.sort((lhs, rhs) -> lhs.getKey() > rhs.getKey()?
37
       -1: (lhs.getKey() < rhs.getKey()) ? 1 : 0);
        return evaluatedMoves.get(0).getValue();
38
39
40
41
     public ArrayList<Pair<Integer , Move>> evaluateMoves(Game game) {
42
        ArrayList<Pair<Integer, Move>>> evaluatedMoves = new ArrayList
43
     <>();
44
         for (Move move : game.findAllPossibleMoves()) {
45
            Game futureGame = game.successor(move);
46
            evaluatedMoves.add(new Pair <> (minimaxAlphaBeta(futureGame,
      difficulty, false, Integer.MIN_VALUE, Integer.MAX_VALUE), move));
48
49
        return evaluatedMoves;
50
51
     private int minimaxAlphaBeta(Game gameBoard, int depth, boolean
     maxPlayer, int alpha, int beta) {
```

```
if (depth == 0 || gameBoard.isGameComplete()) {
            return evaluateGameBoard(gameBoard);
56
        if (maxPlayer) {
           int value = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
58
           ArrayList < Game> children = gameBoard.findAllPossibleMoves().
59
     stream().map(gameBoard::successor).collect(Collectors.toCollection
      (ArravList::new));
            for (Game game : children) {
60
               value = Math.max(value, minimaxAlphaBeta(game, depth - 1,
       false, alpha, beta));
               alpha = Math.max(alpha, value);
62
               if (alpha >= beta) {
63
                  break;
65
           }
66
           return value;
        } else {
           int value = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
69
           ArrayList < Game> children = gameBoard.findAllPossibleMoves().
     stream().map(gameBoard::successor).collect(Collectors.toCollection
      (ArrayList::new));
            for (Game game : children) {
71
               value = Math.min(value, minimaxAlphaBeta(game, depth - 1,
       true, alpha, beta));
               beta = Math.min(beta, value);
               if (alpha >= beta) {
74
                  break;
75
76
           }
           return value;
        }
79
     }
81
82
83
     private int evaluateGameBoard(Game gameBoard) {
        ArrayList < Draught > draughts = gameBoard.getDraughtArrayList();
85
        int aiDraughts = Math. toIntExact(draughts.stream().filter(
86
     draught -> draught.getColour() == getColour()).count());
        int opponentDraughts = Math.toIntExact(draughts.stream().filter
      (draught -> draught.getColour() != getColour()).count());
        return aiDraughts - opponentDraughts;
88
89
90 }
```

C. Game

C.1. Colour

```
package game;

public enum Colour {
   LIGHT, DARK
 }
```

C.2. Draught

```
1 package game;
2
3 import moves. Move;
{\tt 4} \  \, {\color{blue} import} \  \, sun. \, reflect \, . \, generics \, . \, reflective \, Objects \, . \, Not Implemented Exception \, \, \\
6 import java.util.ArrayList;
  public class Draught implements Cloneable {
9
      int xPosition;
      int yPosition;
10
      boolean crowned;
11
      Colour colour;
12
14
      public int getxPosition() {
15
          return xPosition;
16
17
18
      public void setxPosition(int xPosition) {
19
          this.xPosition = xPosition;
20
21
22
      public int getyPosition() {
23
         return yPosition;
24
25
26
      public void setyPosition(int yPosition) {
          this.yPosition = yPosition;
28
29
30
      public boolean isCrowned() {
31
          return crowned;
32
33
34
     public Colour getColour() {
```

```
return colour;
36
     }
37
38
39
     public Draught (Draught draught) {
40
         xPosition = draught.xPosition;
41
         yPosition = draught.yPosition;
42
         crowned = draught.crowned;
43
         colour = draught.colour;
44
45
46
     public Draught(int xPosition, int yPosition, Colour colour)
47
48
         this.xPosition = xPosition;
49
         this.yPosition = yPosition;
50
         crowned = false;
         this.colour = colour;
53
54
     public ArrayList<Move> listPossibleMoves() {
56
         ArrayList < Move> possibleMoves = new ArrayList <>();
         int yDirection;
58
59
         if (colour = Colour.LIGHT) {
60
            yDirection = -1;
61
         } else if (colour == Colour.DARK) {
62
            yDirection = 1;
63
         } else throw new NotImplementedException();
64
         if (crowned) {
66
            possible Moves.add (new Move (this, xPosition - 1, yPosition -
67
      yDirection));
            possible Moves.add (new Move (this, xPosition + 1, yPosition -
68
      yDirection));
         }
69
70
         possibleMoves.add(new Move(this, xPosition - 1, yPosition +
71
      yDirection));
         possible Moves.add (new Move (this, xPosition + 1, yPosition +
72
      yDirection));
73
         possibleMoves.removeIf(move -> !move.moveInBounds());
74
75
         return possible Moves;
76
77
78
     public void crownDraughtIfPossible() {
79
         if (!crowned) {
```

```
crowned = isDraughtOnKingsRow();
         }
82
      }
83
84
85
      public boolean isDraughtOnKingsRow() {
86
         return colour.equals(Colour.LIGHT)? yPosition == 0: yPosition
87
       == 7;
88
      @Override
90
      protected Draught clone(){
91
         Draught clone = null;
92
         try {
            clone = (Draught) super.clone();
94
            clone.colour = getColour();
95
            clone.crowned = crowned;
            clone.xPosition = xPosition;
            clone.yPosition = yPosition;
98
99
         } catch (CloneNotSupportedException e) {
100
            e.printStackTrace();
         return clone;
104
105
```

C.3. Game

```
1 package game;
3 import moves. Capturing Move;
4 import moves. Move;
6 import java.util.ArrayList;
7 import java.util.Collection;
  import java.util.Optional;
  import java.util.stream.Collectors;
  public class Game implements Cloneable {
11
     private ArrayList<Draught> draughtArrayList;
     private Colour currentTurn;
     private Draught selectedDraught;
14
     private boolean isCurrentMultiStepMove;
15
     private Colour gameWinner;
16
     private boolean isGameComplete;
18
     public ArrayList<Draught> getDraughtArrayList() {
19
        return draughtArrayList;
20
```

```
21
     public Colour getCurrentTurn() {
23
        return currentTurn;
24
25
26
     public Draught getSelectedDraught() {
27
        return selectedDraught;
28
29
30
     public void setSelectedDraught(Draught selectedDraught) {
31
         this.selectedDraught = selectedDraught;
32
33
34
     public Colour getGameWinner() {
35
        return gameWinner;
36
37
     public boolean isGameComplete() {
39
        return isGameComplete;
40
41
42
     public Game() {
43
44
45
     public Game(Game game) {
46
         draughtArrayList = new ArrayList <>();
47
         for (Draught draught : game.draughtArrayList) {
48
            draughtArrayList.add(new Draught(draught));
49
50
        currentTurn = game.currentTurn;
        selectedDraught = game.selectedDraught;
        isCurrentMultiStepMove = game.isCurrentMultiStepMove;
54
        isGameComplete = game.isGameComplete;
56
     public void setUpNewGame() {
58
        draughtArrayList = new ArrayList <>();
59
         for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
60
            if (i % 2 == 1) {
               draughtArrayList.add(new Draught(i, 0, Colour.DARK));
62
               draughtArrayList.add(new Draught(i, 2, Colour.DARK));
63
               draughtArrayList.add(new Draught(i, 6, Colour.LIGHT));
64
            } else {
               draughtArrayList.add(new Draught(i, 1, Colour.DARK));
66
               draughtArrayList.add(new Draught(i, 5, Colour.LIGHT));
67
               draughtArrayList.add(new Draught(i, 7, Colour.LIGHT));
68
69
```

```
currentTurn = Colour.DARK;
         isCurrentMultiStepMove = false;
72
         isGameComplete = false;
73
      }
74
75
      public ArrayList < Move> find AllPossible Moves() {
76
          if (isCurrentMultiStepMove) {
             return findPossibleMoves (selectedDraught)
79
                .stream()
80
                . filter (move -> move instance of Capturing Move)
81
                . collect (Collectors.toCollection(ArrayList::new));
82
         }
84
         ArrayList < Move> moveList = draughtArrayList
85
             .stream()
             . filter (draught -> draught.colour == currentTurn)
             .map(this::findPossibleMoves)
88
             . flatMap (Collection :: stream)
89
             . collect (Collectors . toCollection (ArrayList :: new));
90
         return removeNonCapturingMovesIfCapturingMoveExists(moveList);
92
93
94
      private ArrayList<Move>
96
      removeNonCapturingMovesIfCapturingMoveExists(ArrayList<Move>
      moveList) {
         ArrayList < Move> captureMoveList = moveList
             .stream()
98
             . filter (move -> move instance of Capturing Move)
99
             . collect (Collectors . toCollection (ArrayList :: new));
         return !captureMoveList.isEmpty() ? captureMoveList : moveList;
104
      public ArrayList < Move> findPossibleMoves(Draught draught) {
         ArrayList < Move> possibleMoves = new ArrayList <>();
106
107
          for (Move move : draught.listPossibleMoves()) {
             if (isMoveBlocked(move)) {
109
                Optional < Draught > captured Draught = draught Array List.
                   stream()
111
                    \cdot filter (draught1 \rightarrow draught1.xPosition = move.
112
      getNewXPosition()
                      && draught1.yPosition == move.getNewYPosition()
113
                      && draught.colour != draught1.colour)
114
                    . findFirst();
```

```
if (capturedDraught.isPresent()) {
                  Move captureMove = new CapturingMove(
117
                      move.getDraught(),
118
                      move.getNewXPosition() + move.xPositionMovement(),
119
                      move.getNewYPosition() + move.yPositionMovement(),
120
                      capturedDraught.get()
                  );
                      (!isMoveBlocked(captureMove) && captureMove.
                   i f
      moveInBounds()) {
                      possibleMoves.add(captureMove);
124
            } else { possible Moves.add (move); }
127
129
         return removeNonCapturingMovesIfCapturingMoveExists(
130
      possibleMoves);
      private boolean isMoveBlocked(Move move) {
         for (Draught draught : draughtArrayList) {
            if (draught.xPosition = move.getNewXPosition() && draught.
      yPosition = move.getNewYPosition()) {
                return true;
136
138
         return false;
139
140
141
      public ArrayList<Draught> draughtsWithPossibleMoves() {
142
         return findAllPossibleMoves()
143
            .stream()
144
            .map(Move::getDraught)
            . distinct()
146
            . collect (Collectors . toCollection (ArrayList :: new));
147
148
      public void selectMove(Move move){
         Draught moveDraught = getDraughtFromPosition(move.getDraught().
      xPosition, move.getDraught().yPosition);
         moveDraught.setxPosition(move.getNewXPosition());
         moveDraught.setyPosition(move.getNewYPosition());
         if (move instance of Capturing Move) {
156
157
            Draught capturedDraught = getDraughtFromPosition(((
158
      CapturingMove) move).getCapturedDraught().getxPosition(), ((
      CapturingMove) move).getCapturedDraught().getyPosition());
```

```
draughtArrayList.remove(capturedDraught);
160
            ArrayList < Move> moves = findPossibleMoves (moveDraught);
161
            if (moves.stream().anyMatch(move1 -> move1 instanceof
162
      CapturingMove)) {
               if (!moveDraught.isDraughtOnKingsRow() || moveDraught.
163
      isCrowned()) {
                   selectedDraught = moveDraught;
164
                   isCurrentMultiStepMove = true;
165
                   checkForWinner();
166
                   return;
                }
            }
169
171
         moveDraught.crownDraughtIfPossible();
         if (currentTurn == Colour.DARK){
            currentTurn = Colour.LIGHT;
         }else{
            currentTurn = Colour.DARK;
177
178
         selectedDraught = null;
179
         isCurrentMultiStepMove = false;
180
         checkForWinner();
181
182
183
      private Draught getDraughtFromPosition(int x, int y) {
184
         return draughtArrayList.stream().filter(draught -> draught.
185
      xPosition = x && draught.yPosition = y).findAny().get();
      }
186
187
      public Game successor(Move move) {
         Game rtnGame = this.clone();
189
190
         rtnGame.selectMove(move);
191
         return rtnGame;
192
193
194
      private boolean checkForWinner() {
195
         if (draughtArrayList.stream().noneMatch(draught -> draught.
197
      getColour() = Colour.LIGHT)) {
            isGameComplete = true;
198
            gameWinner = Colour.DARK;
199
200
            return true;
201
         if (draughtArrayList.stream().noneMatch(draught -> draught.
202
      getColour() = Colour.DARK)) {
```

```
isGameComplete = true;
203
            gameWinner = Colour.LIGHT;
204
            return true;
206
         if (findAllPossibleMoves().isEmpty()) {
207
            isGameComplete = true;
            if (currentTurn = Colour.LIGHT) {
209
                gameWinner = Colour.DARK;
            } else if (currentTurn = Colour.DARK) {
211
                gameWinner = Colour.LIGHT;
            return true;
214
215
         return isGameComplete;
216
      }
217
218
219
      public boolean isCurrentMultiStepMove() {
         return isCurrentMultiStepMove;
221
222
223
      @Override
      protected Game clone() {
225
         Game clone = null;
226
         try {
             clone = (Game) super.clone();
            clone.draughtArrayList = new ArrayList <>();
229
             for (Draught draught : draughtArrayList) {
230
                clone.draughtArrayList.add(draught.clone());
231
            clone.isGameComplete = isGameComplete;
233
            clone.gameWinner = gameWinner;
234
            clone.currentTurn = currentTurn;
            clone.isCurrentMultiStepMove = isCurrentMultiStepMove;
236
            clone.selectedDraught = selectedDraught == null ? null :
237
      selectedDraught.clone();
         } catch (CloneNotSupportedException ignored) {}
238
         return clone;
239
240
241
242
```

D. Move

D.1. Move

```
package moves;
```

```
3 import game. Draught;
  public class Move {
6
     Draught draught;
     int newXPosition;
     int newYPosition;
     public Draught getDraught() {
        return draught;
12
     public void setDraught(Draught draught) {
14
         this.draught = draught;
16
17
     public int getNewXPosition() {
18
        return newXPosition;
19
20
21
     public void setNewXPosition(int newXPosition) {
        this.newXPosition = newXPosition;
24
25
     public int getNewYPosition() {
26
        return newYPosition;
28
29
     public void setNewYPosition(int newYPosition) {
30
         this.newYPosition = newYPosition;
31
32
33
34
     public Move(Draught draught, int newXPosition, int newYPosition) {
36
         this.draught = draught;
37
         this.newXPosition = newXPosition;
38
         this . newYPosition = newYPosition;
39
40
41
     public boolean moveInBounds() {
42
        return 0 <= newXPosition && newXPosition < 8 && 0 <=
     newYPosition && newYPosition < 8;
44
45
     public int xPositionMovement(){return newXPosition - draught.
46
     getxPosition();}
     public int yPositionMovement(){return newYPosition - draught.
47
     getyPosition();}
48 }
```

D.2. Capturing Move

```
package moves;
3 import game. Draught;
  import java.util.ArrayList;
  public class CapturingMove extends Move {
     Draught capturedDraught;
9
     ArrayList < Move> possibleFollowingMoves;
10
     public Draught getCapturedDraught() {
        return capturedDraught;
13
15
     public void setCapturedDraught(Draught capturedDraught) {
16
        this.capturedDraught = capturedDraught;
17
18
19
     public ArrayList<Move> getPossibleFollowingMoves() {
20
        return possibleFollowingMoves;
22
23
     public void setPossibleFollowingMoves(ArrayList<Move>
24
     possibleFollowingMoves) {
         this.possibleFollowingMoves = possibleFollowingMoves;
25
26
27
     public CapturingMove(Draught draught, int newXPosition, int
     newYPosition, Draught capturedDraught) {
        super(draught, newXPosition, newYPosition);
29
         this.capturedDraught = capturedDraught;
30
31
32
33
34
```