## Extra practice on Stoichiometry

How many moles of NH₃ form given 65.3 grams of N₂H₄?

$$3N_2H_4 \rightarrow 4NH_3 + N_2$$

Iron (III) oxide reacts with carbon monoxide. If a reaction mixture contains 22.55 grams of Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and 14.78 grams of CO. Once the reaction is complete, how much excess reactant remains?

What is the minimum amount of  $6.0 \text{ M H}_2\text{SO}_4$  necessary to produce a  $25.0 \text{ gram sample of H}_2$  according to the balanced reaction?

$$2AI_{(s)} + 3H_2SO_{4(aq)} \rightarrow AI_2(SO_4)_{3(aq)} + 3H_{2(g)}$$

What volume of 0.150 M Li₅S solution is required to completely react with 125 mL of 0.150 M Co(NO₃)₂

$$Li_2S_{(aq)} + Co(NO_3)_{2(aq)} --. 2LiNO_{3(aq)} + CoS_{(s)}$$

A 25 mL sample of 1.20 M potassium chloride solution is mixed with 14.0 mL of 0.900 M lead (II) nitrate solution and this precipitation reaction occurs:

$$2KCl_{(aq)} + Pb(NO_3)_{2(aq)} \rightarrow PbCl_{2(s)} + 2KNO_{3(aq)}$$

Determine the theoretical and percent yield if 2.45 grams of precipitate is collected.

A 55 mL sample of 0.102 M potassium sulfate solution is mixed with 35.0 mL of 0.114 M lead (II) acetate solution. The solid is collected, dried, and found to have a mass of 1.01 g. Determine the limiting reactant, theoretical yield, and the percent yield.