

Ideale Case Overview

The focus of this paper is a response to the case study centered on “Ideale Imprimerie”, a leading printing company in Casablanca, Morocco (who in 1991 was considering expansion into wallpaper production). The company identified wallpaper as a potential growth market aligned with their expertise. However, they lacked the crucial market data necessary for production and distribution decisions. To evaluate this opportunity, Ideale's management sought assistance from the national business school, the Institut Supérieur de Commerce et d'Administration des Entreprises (ISCAE) [1]. The case study reviews many relevant factors, such as the company, the product market, the market environment, and marketing research efforts. It also presents data sets which show relevant information relating to the case. Finally, the end of the case study has a section where the management of Ideale Imprimerie asks the ISCAE for a recommendation regarding their decision about market entry. This essay will assess the opportunities and problems facing the company, analyze and evaluate the data sets, and then provide a recommendation as to what the company should do (along with a review of the evidence supporting this recommendation). Yet before analyzing the data and situation of Ideale Imprimerie, I think it's important to discuss the case study details and context, which begins with background information about the company. Ideale Imprimerie was founded in 1975 and dominates the sector not only by its size (175 employees), but also its reputation in the business community [1]. The company's closest competitor is “Belles Impressions” and about fifteen other small printers compete in specific segments of the market [1]. The company's managing director is Maurice Pichot, and he is actively assisted by two working directors, Luigi Ghislanzoni and Mohamed Boukhari [1]. This small team has the advantage of familiarity with the French market (Maurice), the Italian market (Luigi), and the local market (Mohamed). They are constantly on the lookout for new ideas that will give their company a competitive edge, so the company maintains a leadership position [1]. Recent involvement in the war with Algeria over possession of the western Sahara has had repercussions on the nation's economy. Also, Current national problems focus on management of the heavy burden of foreign debt. Long-term development objectives include maintenance of a free-market economy directed by five-year plans; rapid modernization of the way of life (compatible with Islamic traditions); and the general emancipation of the people through education, health services, and equal employment opportunities [1]. However, unemployment, under-employment, and illiteracy are major problems among a population of approximately 20 million, 50 percent of whom are under the age of twenty [1].

The opportunity identified by the company's management was the potential for market entry into local production of wallpaper (which aligned with the company's expertise nicely). Also, the case explains that there was evidence to suggest that this would be an important market for growth in the future. However, the company lacked published data on consumer demand and purchasing patterns. Which would be necessary for making key business decisions, such as decisions concerning production plant capacity, production scheduling, product lines, and distribution. The managing director of the company was curious and wanted to know more about the feasibility of the idea. So, he began seeking recommendations and advice for evaluating this new market opportunity (i.e. from the ISCAE) [1]. In response to this and following my comprehensive investigation of the case study (and all the other data and evidence provided to ISCAE) – I provide a detailed analysis of the situation, and a recommendation for the company's management.

The Opportunities and Problems Facing Ideale

After the management team recognized this new market opportunity, it became apparent that several opportunities and challenges were facing the company, which had to be taken into consideration before making a final decision. This section of my paper will separate and discuss the elements of each, as well as the associated implications of these aspects for the company.

Opportunities:

The company has identified several opportunities that could make its venture into the wallpaper market a successful one. Firstly, wallpaper production represents a potential growth area for the company, allowing it to diversify its product offerings beyond traditional printing. This market expansion aligns with Ideale's expertise as a leading printer, potentially allowing for synergies in production processes and skills. As a local producer, Ideale could benefit from a first-mover advantage, capturing market share from the nine existing importers and benefiting from import substitution. The Moroccan government's support for "infant industries" could provide financial incentives in the form of grants, further strengthening Ideale's competitive position. Morocco's long-term development objectives, which include rapid modernization, could drive demand for modern home decor products like wallpaper. The increasing number of modern homes, characterized by the presence of electric water heaters and other contemporary features, represents a growing target market for wallpaper sales. As a local producer, Ideale could benefit from a first-mover advantage, capturing market share from the nine existing importers through import substitution. The Moroccan government's support for "infant industries" could provide financial incentives in the form of grants, further bolstering Ideale's competitive position. Despite the challenges posed by the lack of reliable market data and the cultural and economic factors at play, Ideale can leverage its experience and reputation in the printing industry to establish itself as a quality wallpaper producer in the local market. By capitalizing on these opportunities, Ideale can potentially overcome the obstacles and have success in the wallpaper market.

Problems and Challenges:

Ideale faces numerous challenges as it contemplates entering the Moroccan wallpaper market. The primary obstacle is the scarcity of reliable and comprehensive market data on consumer demand and purchasing patterns. Available sources, including import statistics, domestic water-heater industry studies, and research on locally produced wallpaper, are often deficient or incomplete. This data limitation hinders Ideale's ability to accurately gauge the target market size and potential product demand. Moreover, conducting primary research proves difficult due to widespread resistance to marketing research activities in Morocco, where both businesses and consumers view such efforts as intrusive. Additionally, economic constraints, such as high unemployment and underemployment rates, may restrict the market for luxury items like wallpaper. The Moroccan business culture's emphasis on preserving trade secrets further impedes Ideale's efforts to gather accurate market information. Even as a local producer, Ideale would face competition from the nine established importers and any potential new entrants (if the market proved attractive). Which is because the Moroccan business environment is characterized by rapid imitation of successful ideas [1], which could lead to increased competition. Another challenge is that interpreting the available proxy data and estimates requires careful consideration, as they may not provide a fully accurate picture of the market potential. Ideale must also

contend with evolving consumer preferences as Morocco undergoes modernization. Understanding these shifts is crucial for effectively targeting the right customer segments and offering products that align with customer demands. Lastly, Ideale will need to differentiate its offerings and capture market share from the nine established importers who currently dominate the local wallpaper supply. This competition presents a significant challenge for the company as it seeks to establish itself in the market. In conclusion, while Ideale has identified a potentially attractive opportunity for expansion, the company faces substantial challenges as well. Therefore, the company must carefully weigh these opportunities and challenges against each other before making a final decision about the wallpaper production market.

Evaluation of Data Sets

I'll evaluate the data tables presented in the case study to better understand the environment and market situation of wallpaper imports, so that I can make a recommendation to management which is based on data. That way the management team can be presented with at least one option which makes a recommendation supporting a data-driven decision. The company's management turned over all the data to the marketing department at ISCAE. Recognizing that use of "guesstimates" and proxy data would not produce statistically reliable results, Pichot requested only a go/no go decision regarding the advisability of entering the wallpaper market as a local producer. I think that advising Pichot as accurately as possible depends on a comprehensive understanding of the situation, and therefore multiple factors must be taken into consideration. I think that providing the most accurate recommendation must also consider the available data and be based on what that data implies about the situation. In this section, I have provided the results of my analyses and evaluations of the data sets presented in the case study, and have focused on the statistical validity, reliability, and strategic implications of the data.

Table 1: Summary of Calculation of Consumption of Wallpaper

The table presented attempts to estimate wallpaper consumption using population data and a series of assumptions. This approach, while providing a starting point for market analysis, has several noteworthy limitations. One of the most significant features of this estimation method is its top-down approach, beginning with the total population and narrowing down to potential customers. However, this methodology is prone to compounding errors, as each assumption builds upon the previous one, potentially magnifying inaccuracies throughout the calculation process. However, a critical weakness of this model lies in its reliance on multiple unvalidated assumptions. For instance, the table assumes that 20% of the population has sufficient purchasing power, 10% are responsible for major expenditures, and there's an average consumption of 30 rolls per household. These figures lack empirical validation and introduce significant potential for bias and undermine the data's quality and reliability. The use of linear growth projections for population and consumption is another limitation of this model. This approach fails to account for potential market dynamics, economic fluctuations, or demographic shifts that could significantly impact wallpaper consumption over time. Real-world markets are often subject to non-linear growth patterns influenced by various external factors, which this model does not consider. I think that business leaders should view these estimates as a rough upper bound rather than a reliable forecast. The top-down approach, while common in preliminary market assessments, heavily relies on assumptions that aren't empirically validated in this specific context. I think to improve the accuracy and

reliability of market estimates, additional market research and more sophisticated modeling techniques would be appropriate. While this table offers a broad perspective on potential market size for wallpaper consumption, it should be interpreted with caution. The heavy reliance on unverified assumptions and the lack of statistical rigor suggest that this estimation method should serve as a starting point for further analysis rather than a definitive guide for strategic decisions.

Table 2: Calculation of Consumption of Wallpaper Using Proxy Data

This table was very interesting and intriguing as it uses water heater installations as a proxy for modern households likely to use wallpaper. I think this approach offers several insights and potential improvements over the previous estimation method, but still has limitations. The most significant advantage of this method is its more targeted approach to identifying potential customers. By using water heater installations as an indicator of modern households, it attempts to narrow down the market to those more likely to use wallpaper. This creative use of proxy data potentially offers a more realistic estimate of the target market than the broader population-based approach in Table 1. However, the method still relies on significant assumptions that may impact its accuracy. The primary assumption is that households with water heaters are more likely to use wallpaper, which, while logical, may not perfectly correlate with actual wallpaper use. This introduces an unknown level of correlation error into the estimates [2]. The correlation between water heater installation and wallpaper use is assumed but not statistically validated (and is thus a source of potential issue). These issues stem from this data proxy, which introduces potential errors due to the unverified correlation between water heater ownership and wallpaper use. The method does provide a more comprehensive view of the potential market by accounting for both new installations and existing homes with water heaters [2]. I think this table was better than the preceding one, as this table's approach captures a broader segment of potential customers, including both new construction and modernized older homes; but still suffers from the fact that its accuracy still hinges on unverified assumptions. In conclusion, this water heater-based estimation method represents an improvement in targeting potential wallpaper consumers compared to the broader population-based approach (Table 1). However, it still relies on key assumptions that require validation. For strategic decision-making, these estimates should be considered a more refined starting point, but not definitive market sizing, as its estimates are more focused than those in Table 1 but are still subject to uncertainty.

Table 3: Calculation of Imports of Wallpaper

This table presents actual import data, which is crucial for understanding the current market size for wallpaper in Morocco. The data spans an 11-year period, providing valuable insights into market trends and growth patterns. The most significant aspect of this table is its reliability, as it is based on actual import figures rather than estimates or proxy data. This makes it the most concrete and trustworthy source of information among the three tables discussed. The data shows substantial growth in wallpaper imports over the 11-year period, indicating an expanding market for this product in Morocco. However, the table does have some limitations and areas of uncertainty. The conversion from weight to rolls introduces a degree of imprecision due to varying weights of different wallpaper types. Also, the inclusion of value in dirhams provides valuable insight into the market's monetary size, offering a clearer picture of the economic significance of the wallpaper market in Morocco. I think that this financial data complements the volume data, allowing for a more comprehensive understanding of

market dynamics. The implications of this data set are significant, as it provides the most concrete evidence of market growth and current market size. The consistent year-over-year growth in imports suggests a steadily expanding market for wallpaper in Morocco, which could be attractive for the potential market entry of Ideals. However, I think it's important that business leaders be cautious about extrapolating future growth solely based on historical data. While the growth trend is clear, it doesn't necessarily capture potential unmet demand or future market expansion opportunities. In conclusion, this import data table offers the most reliable and concrete information about the wallpaper market in Morocco among the three tables discussed so far. It clearly demonstrates market growth over the past decade and provides a solid foundation for understanding the current market size.

Table 4: Comparison of Estimated Values

This table compares the estimates from the previous three approaches, providing a comprehensive overview of the different data sets used to assess the Moroccan wallpaper market. The comparison reveals significant insights but also highlights the uncertainties of this type of market estimation. The most striking observation is the substantial discrepancies between the different estimation methods. Notably, the import data from Table 3 shows much lower numbers than the estimates derived from Tables 1 and 2. This variance underscores the high degree of uncertainty in determining the true market size and growth potential. From a statistical perspective, the high variance between different estimation methods emphasizes the uncertainty in the market size estimates [3]. The percentage changes show inconsistent growth patterns, which I think is likely indicative either of high market volatility or estimation errors. These wide discrepancies between methods highlight the high degree of uncertainty in these estimates and the importance of good data quality. The strategic implications of this comparative analysis are significant. While it provides a range of potential market sizes, the wide variability suggests that additional market research is necessary for confident strategic decision-making. The discrepancies between the estimates highlight the need for more comprehensive and reliable data before making major strategic decisions and underscores the need for market research.

I also think it is important to discuss my evaluation of the overall quality of the data and analysis presented across all four tables. My first note is that the data quality varies significantly, with the import data (Table 3) being the most reliable, while the other tables rely heavily on assumptions and proxy measures – and this introduces significant uncertainty into the analysis. The use of multiple estimation methods is commendable as it provides a range of scenarios. However, each method has significant limitations that need to be addressed. All methods indicate a growing market, which is a positive sign. While the data suggests a growing market opportunity, the high degree of uncertainty in the estimates makes it difficult to confidently determine the market's true size and growth potential. Finally, I think that it would be very beneficial for the company to prioritize gathering more data through market surveys, focus groups, and pilot studies to validate assumptions and refine estimates [2]. Lastly, due to the high uncertainty, I think a phased approach to market entry would allow for data collection and hypothesis testing in real-world conditions. In conclusion, while the data suggests a potentially attractive market opportunity, the significant uncertainties necessitate further research before making a definitive decision.

Recommendation and Review

Given the complex nature of the situation and based on the analysis of the available data and the opportunities and challenges facing Ideale Imprimerie – I recommend a cautious "go" decision to the managing director and his team. I would add one caveat to this recommendation, which is that I think the company should proceed with a phased entry into the wallpaper production market. This recommendation was developed based on four primary reasons. The first reason supporting my recommendation is related to the market potential - as even despite the data limitations, there are indications of a growing market for wallpaper among modernizing Moroccan households. Also, the analyses suggest it's promising growth opportunity that also aligns with Ideale's core competencies (in printing). The next reason is the major competitive advantage potential for Ideale – because as a local producer, they can benefit from “import substitution” and capture market share from the existing nine importers [1]. There are also synergistic aspects between printing and wallpaper, and the production of wallpaper would align with the company's core operations. The last primary reason the company should proceed is due to the government support the company will have for the endeavor (which in turn reduces the risk burden for Ideale). As the potential financial incentives for "infant industries" – such as Ideale making an entry into wallpaper production – could mitigate some financial risks and help reduce the dangers associated with entering a new product market. My recommendation – that Ideale's management proceed cautiously with a phased entry strategy into the Moroccan wallpaper market – is based on these reasons and a comprehensive analysis of the available data and relevant economic factors. Another reason for the phased approach is because of the uncertainties inherent in the market size estimates, and the lack of detailed data (major risk factors). A phased entry approach is optimal as it provides a critical hedge against risk factors like these. This approach will also ensure that Ideale can still capitalize on the potential first-mover advantage, while also lowering the risks associated with a full-scale immediate market entry. The recommended strategy consists of three phases: initial market testing, scaled entry, and full-scale operation. This gradual approach would facilitate a process where Ideale can validate market assumptions, refine its product offerings, and build a strong market position over time. This approach would also be advisable as it provides flexibility to the company, for example being able to scale up operations as market demand is confirmed, or to adjust the strategy if there are unforeseen challenges. In conclusion, I think that this recommendation is a balanced approach to an opportunity with both potential benefit and significant uncertainties. By taking a phased approach, Ideale can test the market while minimizing risk, gather more reliable data through direct market participation, and adjust the strategy based on the results and feedback from each phase. I think this approach frees Ideale to pursue this opportunity for expansion, as phased implementation would provide a hedge against risk.

Citation of Sources

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