

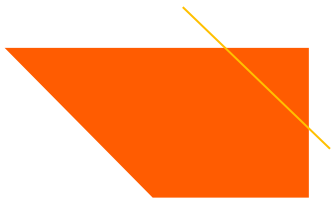
Web Application Development

COSI 152A



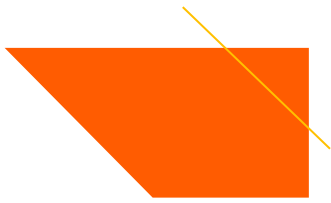
Main Point Preview

- In this lesson, you will learn to:
 - apply a more object-oriented approach to your data.
 - install the Mongoose package
 - convert the application data to fit a model structure.
 - build the first model and schema



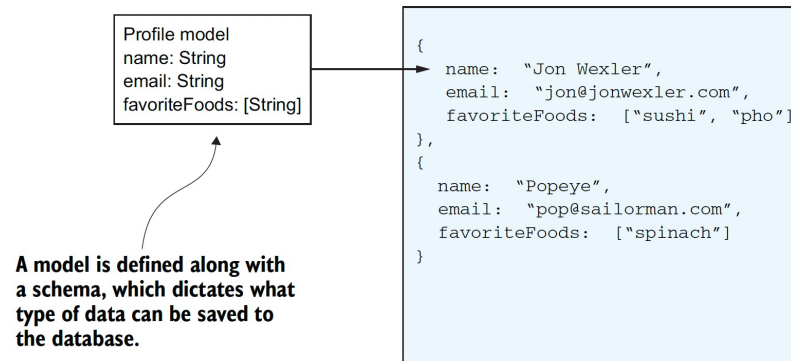
Setting Up Mongoose

- Mongoose package assists with the communication between a Node.js application and its database.
- Mongoose is an object-document mapper (ODM) that allows you to run MongoDB commands in a way that preserves the object-oriented structure of your application.
 - MongoDB may not keep one saved document consistent with the next.
 - Mongoose offers tools to build models with schemas deciding what type of data can be saved.



Model

- In MVC architecture, controllers communicate with both views and models to ensure that the correct data flows through the application.
- A model is like a class for a JavaScript object that Mongoose uses to organize your database queries.
- Install Mongoose and see what a model looks like in your application





Installing Mongoose

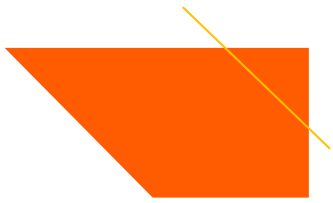
- To install Mongoose, run: `npm i mongoose -S`
- You no longer need to require mongodb or use any of the MongoDB code from the previous lesson.
- Require mongoose into the application file.
- Set up the application's connection to your MongoDB database.

```
const mongoose = require("mongoose");  
mongoose.connect(  
  "mongodb://localhost:27017/recipe_db",  
  {useNewUrlParser: true}  
);  
const db = mongoose.connection;
```

← Require mongoose.

← Set up the connection to your database.

← Assign the database to the db variable.



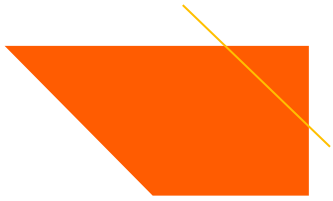
Testing Mongoose

- You can log a message as soon as the database is connected:

```
db.once("open", () => {  
  console.log("Successfully connected to MongoDB using Mongoose!");  
});
```

Log a message when the application connects to the database.

The database connection runs the code in the callback function only upon receiving an "open" event from the database.



Creating a Schema

- A schema is like a class definition in some languages
 - Or a blueprint for how data are organized for specific objects in application.
- Create schemas to avoid inconsistent data
 - E.g., create a schema stating that all contact objects need to have an email field
 - E.g., create a schema for the subscriber to add a newsletter subscription form to your application,



Creating a Schema for Subscribers

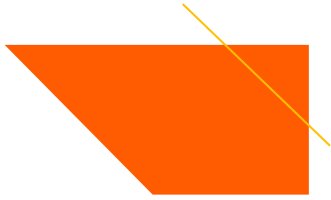
- mongoose.Schema offers a constructor that allows you to build a schema object with the given parameters.

```
const subscriberSchema = mongoose.Schema({  
  name: String,  
  email: String,  
  zipCode: Number  
});
```

← Create a new schema with mongoose.Schema.

← Add schema properties.

- According to this schema someone's name can't be a number.



Thank You!