$$1a) n=9, \sigma=0.6, \bar{x}=8$$

$$P_{-}(-C < \frac{x - \mu}{5} < C) = 0.95 \text{ Where } C = \overline{D}^{-1}(0.975)$$

$$\frac{1b}{2}$$
 width $=$ $\frac{0}{5n}$

$$\frac{0.2}{2} = 1.96 \frac{0.6}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$n = \frac{(1.96 \times 0.6)^2}{(0.1)^2} = 138.298 \approx 139$$
 samples required

 $Pr\left(-c < \frac{X-M}{s} < c\right) = 0.95 \frac{\overline{X-M}}{s} \sim t_{n-1}$ Pr (X-C= < M < X+C=)=0.95 C = 2.306 $S^2 = 0.425$ S = 0.652A 95%. CI For u is (8-2,306 0.652 8+2,3063) =(7.4998.501)This confidence interval is slightly wider than the confidence interval from part (a) due to the sample standard deviation being higher than the assumed o.

Question 2 $n = \frac{2}{p} \left(1 - p \right)$ assume p = 0.

assume $\hat{p}=0.8$ as the lowest sample proportion we expect and use it as our estimate to cover the case with maximum uncertainty

 $\Rightarrow n = \frac{1.96^2 \times 0.8 \times 0.2}{0.05^2} \approx 246 \text{ samples required}$

26) n= 1.962 × 0.8 × 0.2 × 1537 samples required

Question 4 n=8 m=12x=8.21 = 7.36 S,=1.610 Sy=0.956 Let enriched our plant growth = X
normal our plant growth = Y $W = \frac{\bar{X} - \bar{Y} - (\mu_{X} - \mu_{Y})}{\sqrt{\frac{S_{X}^{2}}{n} + \frac{S_{Y}^{2}}{m}}} \approx \frac{E(\frac{S_{X}^{2}}{n} + \frac{S_{Y}^{2}}{m})^{2}}{\sqrt{\frac{S_{X}^{2}}{n} + \frac{S_{Y}^{2}}{m}}}$ $\frac{S_{x}^{4}}{n^{2}(n+1)} + \frac{S_{y}^{4}}{m^{2}(m-1)}$ $Pr(-C(\frac{x-y}{-(\mu_x-\mu_y)})< C)=0.95$ Pr(X-Y-C) 5x+5x < 1/2 - 1/4 < X-Y+C) 5x+5x =0.95 95% CI for mx-my is (8.21 - 7.36 - 2.219) $\frac{1.61^2 + 0.956^2}{8.21 - 7.36 + 2.219}$ $\frac{1.61^2 + 0.956^2}{8}$ = (0.501, 1.199) Therefore there is strong evidence that a Co-emiched atmosphere increases plant growth.