Wrangle Report

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May 2019

This short report describes the wrangling efforts involved in completing the "WeRateDogs" project as part of Udacity's DAND.

The Data Wrangling process consists of 4 parts:

- 1. Gathering Data
- 2. Assessing Data
- 3. Cleaning Data
- 4. Storing, Analyzing and Visualizing Data

1. Gathering Data

There are 3 sources for data gathering:

1. twitter_archive_enhanced.csv: Directly download CSV file

Use *pd.read csv* import into pandas data frame.

2. **image_predictions.tsv**: Programmatic download from Udacity's server

The tweet image predictions is present in each tweet according to a neural network. This file is hosted on Udacity's servers and downloaded programmatically using the *requests* library and the following URL:

https://d17h27t6h515a5.cloudfront.net/topher/2017/August/599fd2ad_image-predictions/image-predictions.tsv

3. tweets_df: Query from Twitter API

Using the tweet IDs in the WeRateDogs Twitter archive, query the Twitter API for each tweet's JSON data using Python's *tweepy* library and store each tweet's entire set of JSON data in a file named *tweet json.txt* file.

2. Assessing Data

The three saved data frames were first assessed programmatically in Jupyter Notebook with *pandas*, then visually in Excel/Google Sheets.

Several issues were detected and listed below:

Quality Issue (issues with content)

- 1. twitter_archive_df:
 - 1.1 Only want original ratings (Delete the 181 retweets and 78 replies)
 - 1.2 Don't need those columns: 'in_reply_to_status_id', 'in_reply_to_user_id', 'retweeted_status_id', 'retweeted_status_user_id', 'retweeted_status_timestamp', 'img_num', 'expanded_urls' and 'jpg_url'
 - 1.3 All rating denominator should be "10" and some rating numerators are extreme values
 - 1.4 Since all the denominator is 10 after last step, we can get rid of rating_denominator column and change rating_numerators to 'rating'
 - 1.5 Many dog names are meesed up, such as "such" "a" "quite"
 - 1.6 timestamp have extra "+0000"
 - 1.7 timestamp's datatype should be converted to "datatime"
- 2. img predictions df:
 - 2.1 Remove "_" and capitalize the image predictions.(p1, p2, p3 column names)

Tidiness Issue (issues with structure)

- 0. Join 3 DataFrames.
- twitter_archive_df:
 - 1.1 Dog stage's 4 variables: doggo, floofer, pupper, puppo should be in single column of categorical variable
 - 1.2 Dog stage have 'None' instead of np.nan
- img_predictions_df:
 - 2.1 Image prediction should be summarized to one column 'dog_breed'
- 3. tweets df:
 - 3.1 Renamed the column id to tweet_id for easy merging. (Already done when create tweets df)

3. Cleaning Data

Tidiness Issues:

- Issue 0: Inner join twitter_archive_df_clean, img_predictions_df_clean, and tweets_df_clean on tweet id
- Issue 1.1: Create 'dog_stage' variable which is made by extracting the dog stage variables from the text column
- Issue 1.2: Dog stage have 'None' and replace 'None' to np.nan
- Issue 2.1: Use the ture prediction to fill in dog_breed column. If no ture prediction, fill in use np.nan

Quality Issues:

- Issue 1.1: Select the rows from twitter_archive_df that retweeted_status_id and in_reply_to_user_id columns that is null
- Issue 1.2: Remove columns: 1.in_reply_to_status_id, 2.in_reply_to_user_id, 3.retweeted_status_id, 4.retweeted_status_user_id, 5.retweeted_status_timestamp, 6.img_num
- Issue 1.3: Drop rows where denominator of rating != 10 and where numerator rating >> 10
- Issue 1.4: Drop rating_denominator column
- Issue 1.5: We find all the incorrect names have lowercase first letters. We will change those names to None, then change all the None to np.nan
- Issue 1.6 &1.7: Use str.strip to remove "+0000" and use pd.to_datetime convert timestamp's datatype
- Issue 1.8: Use regular expression and Series.str.extract to find real source between tags > and <
- Issue 2.1: Use Series.str.replace to remove '_' and use Series.str.capitalize to convert 'p1' 'p2' 'p3'

4. Storing Data

Store the clean df in CSV file with name using .to_csv('twitter_archive_master.csv')