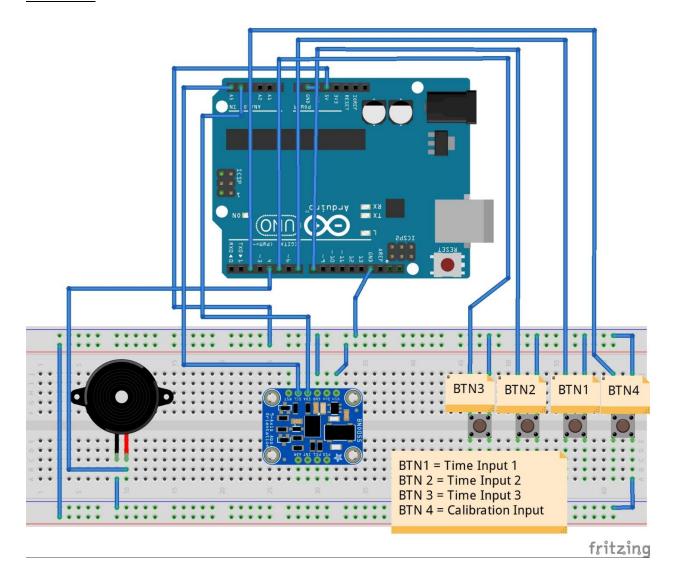
Schematic:



Code:

```
#include <Wire.h>
#include <Adafruit_Sensor.h>
#include <Adafruit_BNO055.h>
#include <utility/imumaths.h>
#include <Bounce2.h>
/**********
   pre-defined configurations
*************
#define buzzer 4
#define b1 2 // button for calibration
#define b2 7 // button to set the mode
#define b3 8 // button to set the mode
#define b4 5 // button to set the mode
#define BTN_DEBOUNCE_INTERVAL (25)
/* Set the delay between fresh samples */
#define BNO055_SAMPLERATE_DELAY_MS (100)
/**********
  global variables. These variables will
  occupy some RAM constantly.
*************
int timeButtonState = 1; // initial state set to 1
float temporaryAngle = 50.0;
float T = 0.0;
bool flag = false;
/**********
  button debouncers. input will be read
  through these objects
*************
Bounce calBtn; // calibration button debouncer
Bounce timBtn1, timBtn2, timBtn3; // time state input button bouncers
// get a new sensor event
sensors_event_t event;
// BNO055 instance
Adafruit_BNO055 bno = Adafruit_BNO055(55);
```

```
Function
          : CheckTimeButton
 Description: Check if Button 1 is pressed and released. This eleminates
            accidental inputs.
 Parameters : none
 Returns
        : true if button was pressed
bool IsTimBtn1Pressed() {
 timBtn1.update(); // clear any previous state
 if (timBtn1.fell()) { // button is pressed
   do {
    timBtn1.update();
   } while (!timBtn1.rose()); // wait for button release
   return true;
 }
 return false;
/**********************************
 Function
         : CheckTimeButton
 Description: Check if Button 2 is pressed and released. This eleminates
            accidental inputs.
 Parameters : none
 Returns
        : true if button was pressed
bool IsTimBtn2Pressed() {
 timBtn2.update(); // clear any previous state
 if (timBtn2.fell()) { // button is pressed
   do {
    timBtn2.update();
   } while (!timBtn2.rose()); // wait for button release
   return true;
 return false;
/************************
 Function
         : CheckTimeButton
 Description: Check if Button 3 is pressed and released. This eleminates
            accidental inputs.
 Parameters : none
         : true if button was pressed
 Returns
bool IsTimBtn3Pressed() {
 timBtn3.update(); // clear any previous state
 if (timBtn3.fell()) { // button is pressed
   do {
    timBtn3.update();
   } while (!timBtn3.rose()); // wait for button release
   return true;
 return false;
```

```
/************************
 Function
          : CheckTimeButton
 Description: It checks the status of the three time buttons to determine the time
            button state
 Parameters : none
 Returns
        : void
void CheckTimeButton() {
 if (IsTimBtn1Pressed()) {
   timeButtonState = 1;
 } else if (IsTimBtn2Pressed()) {
   timeButtonState = 2;
 } else if (IsTimBtn3Pressed()) {
   timeButtonState = 3;
 }
 // print button state to serial console
 Serial.println(timeButtonState);
/************************
         : UpdateAngle
 Description : It updates values of variable with latest z-axis angle and displays
            angle on serial monitor.
 parameters : none
 Returns
          : void
void UpdateAngle() {
 bno.getEvent(&event);
 T = event.orientation.z;
 Serial.print("\tZ: ");
 Serial.print(event.orientation.z, 4);
 // new line for the next sample
 Serial.println("");
 // wait the specified delay before requesting next data
 delay(BNO055_SAMPLERATE_DELAY_MS);
```

```
/************************
             : CheckButton1 renamed to CheckCalibrationButton()
  Function
 Description: It checks the button 1 state (calibration button) if button is pressed
               then the function calibrates the value of the temporaryAngle variable.
 Method
             : Once the calibration button is held down until the serial monitor
               shows 20, the calibrated angle will keep displaying onto the screen
               after you let go of the button. Then, once you click it down again,
               the temp value will be updated with whatever the last value was
               immediately before the button was clicked.
 Parameters : none
            : void
 Returns
void CheckCalibrationButton()
 calBtn.update(); // clear previous state
 if (calBtn.fell()) { // cal btn pressed
   int count = 0;
   do {
     Serial.print(++count);
     Serial.print(" "); // a space between 2 digits
     calBtn.update(); // must clean previous state to get new state
   } while (count < 20 && !calBtn.rose());</pre>
// either count reaches 20 or button is released
   if (count < 20) { // calibration button was released earlier
     return;
   Serial.println("");
   Serial.print("\tCount has exceeded 20");
   Serial.println("");
   // calibrate temporary angle and print it to serial monitor
     bno.getEvent(&event);
     temporaryAngle = event.orientation.z;
     Serial.print("\tCalibrated Z Angle: ");
     Serial.print(temporaryAngle);
     Serial.println("");
     delay(BNO055_SAMPLERATE_DELAY_MS); // delay before next event data
     calBtn.update(); // clean previous state to get new state
   } while (!calBtn.fell());
   // wait for button release
   do {
     calBtn.update():
   } while (!calBtn.rose());
 }
}
```

```
: PlayTone()
  Function
 Description : It plays the buzzer for about 100+ milliseconds
            : Plays the buzzer at a specific tone and duration of buzzer sound can
              be changed
 Parameters : none
 Returns
            : void
void PlayTone() {
 tone(buzzer, 262, 1000 / 8);
 for (int i = 0; i \le 200; i++)
   delay(1);
 }
}
bool ConditionAppliesFor(unsigned long dur) {
 unsigned long startTime = millis();
 unsigned long endTime = startTime;
 do {
   UpdateAngle();
   endTime = millis();
 } while ((endTime - startTime) < dur && T < temporaryAngle);</pre>
 return (endTime - startTime) >= dur;
}
void setup() {
 // setup button debouncers first
 calBtn.attach(b1, INPUT_PULLUP);
 timBtn1.attach(b2, INPUT_PULLUP);
 timBtn2.attach(b3, INPUT_PULLUP);
 timBtn3.attach(b4, INPUT_PULLUP);
 // setup debouncers' interval
 calBtn.interval(BTN DEBOUNCE INTERVAL);
 timBtn1.interval(BTN DEBOUNCE INTERVAL);
 timBtn2.interval(BTN_DEBOUNCE_INTERVAL);
 timBtn3.interval(BTN_DEBOUNCE_INTERVAL);
 // setup the buzzer
 pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
 // setup the serial console output
 Serial.begin(9600);
 Serial.println("Orientation Sensor Test");
 Serial.println("");
 // initialize the sensor
 if (!bno.begin()) {
   // there was a problem detecting the BNO055 ... check your connections
   Serial.print("Ooops, no BNO055 detected ... Check your wiring or I2C ADDR!");
   while (1);
  }
```

```
delay(1000);
 bno.setExtCrystalUse(true);
}
void loop() {
 // see if user pressed the calibration button to calibrate temporary angle
 CheckCalibrationButton();
 // see if user pressed any timer state button
 CheckTimeButton();
 // update gyro state
 UpdateAngle();
 // check if T is greater than the calibrated value and flag state is false, start
the main task
 if (T <= temporaryAngle && !flag) {
   flag = true;
   // perform beeping according to the state
   if (timeButtonState == 1) { // if state == 1, immediate beeping is enabled
      PlayTone();
    } else if (timeButtonState == 2) { // if state == 2, wait 2 seconds before beeping
      // watch 2 seconds for condition
      if(ConditionAppliesFor(2000)) {
        PlayTone();
    } else if (timeButtonState == 3) { // if state == 3, wait 4 seconds before beeping
      if(ConditionAppliesFor(4000)) {
        PlayTone();
    }
 } else if (T > temporaryAngle) {
   flag = false;
}
```