Abstract

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Definitions
- 3 Predefined Functions
- 4 Fields and Properties

In this section, I define **fields** and **properties** on dynamic arrays and resize lists. These will be used later to implement operations on them in pseudocode.

5 Common Resize List Operations

In this section, I implement common operations for dynamic arrays, then resize lists, in pseudocode. Then, I analyze and compare the time complexities of the implementations. If the operation allocates memory, I also compare their space complexities.

5.1 Adding

Adding is the most common operation done on a dynamic array¹. Resize lists improve the performance of adding in two ways: by allocating less memory, and reducing the amount of copying.

Time complexity

$$W(n) = P(2n)$$

Space complexity

1

$$S(n) = P(2^{\lceil \log_2 n \rceil + 1}) = O(n)$$

Time complexity

$$W'(n) = P(n)$$

Space complexity

$$S'(n) = P(2^{\lceil \log_2 n \rceil}) = O(n)$$

Time complexity comparison

Space complexity comparison

$$r_S = \frac{P(2^{\lceil \log_2 n \rceil})}{P(2^{\lceil \log_2 n \rceil + 1})} = \frac{1}{2}$$

5.2 Indexing

Time complexity

$$T(n) = O(1)$$

Time complexity

$$T'(n) = O(1)$$

Time complexity comparison

5.3 Iterating

Time complexity

T(n) = O(n)

Time complexity

T'(n)=O(n)

Time complexity comparison

- 5.4 Copying to an array
- 6 Other Resize List Operations
- 6.1 Inserting
- 6.2 Deleting
- 6.3 Searching
- 6.4 In-place sorting
- 7 Implementations
- 8 Benchmarks
- 9 Closing Remarks