Program Structures & Algorithms Fall 2021 Assignment No. 2

Tasks:

- Implemented the code to Benchmark any algorithm(code).
- o Insertion sort implementation using the helper methods.
- Wrote and executed the main program to run the benchmarks for Insertion sort with various types like Ordered elements, Reverse ordered elements, Partially ordered elements, Randomly ordered elements.

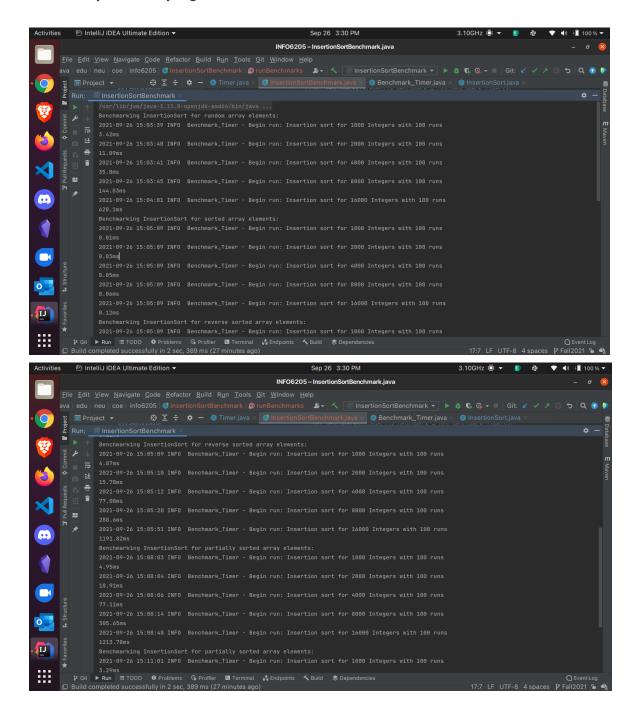
Relationship Conclusion:

- The relationship between the number of elements in the array and the running time of the Insertion sort algorithm is O(N^2) - Worst Case in the worst case i.e. for the reversed sorted array as well as a randomly ordered array and for an ordered array it is O(N) - Best case.
- This means that for the reverse ordered array and a randomly ordered array if we double the number of elements in the array, the running time increases four times (squared).
- And for the sorted array, if we double the number of elements in the array, the running time increases in N times.
- For the partially sorted array, this relationship is somewhere between the Worst-case - O(N^2) and the Best-case - O(N) but almost similar to the worst case which is O(N^2).

(To be continued...)

Evidence to support the conclusion:

1. The output of the program:

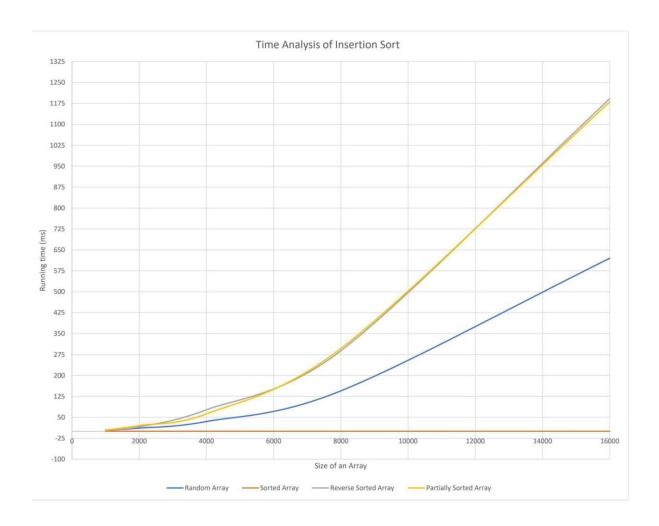


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2. Graphical Representation:

N	Random Array	Sorted Array	Reverse Sorted Array	Partially Sorted Array
1000 Raw Time	3.42ms	0.01ms	4.87ms	3.29ms
2000 Raw Time	11.09ms	0.03ms	15.75ms	20.65ms
4000 Raw Time	35.00ms	0.05ms	77.08ms	62.42ms
8000 Raw Time	144.83ms	0.06ms	288.6ms	296.56ms
16000 Raw Time	620.10ms	0.12ms	1191.82ms	1180.41ms

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• Unit Tests Results:

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