P2 - Adding and Subtracting

3.1 Implementing Single Bit Adder

```
int main() {
                                         void halfAdder(bool a, bool b, bool &s, bool &c) {
    bool a, b, c, sum, carry;
                                            s = XOR(a, b);
                                             c = AND(a, b);
    cout << "First Bit: ";</pre>
    a = readBit();
                                         void fullAdder(bool a, bool b, bool Cin, bool &s, bool &c) {
    cout << "Second Bit: ";</pre>
    b = readBit();
                                            halfAdder(a, b, s1, c1);
                                            halfAdder(Cin, s1, s, c2);
    cout << "Carry Bit: ";</pre>
                                            c = OR(c1, c2);
    c = readBit();
    fullAdder(a, b, c, sum, carry);
    cout << "Sum: ";
    printBin(sum);
    cout << "Carry: ";</pre>
    printBin(carry);
    return 1;
D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\OneBitAdder>main.exe
First Bit: 0
Second Bit: 1
Carry Bit: 1
Sum: 0
Carry: 1
D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\OneBitAdder>main.exe
First Bit: 1
Second Bit: 1
Carry Bit: 1
Sum: 1
Carry: 1
D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\OneBitAdder>main.exe
First Bit: 1
Second Bit: 0
Carry Bit: 0
Sum: 1
Carry: 0
```

3.2 Implementing an 8-Bit Adder

```
D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\nBitAdder>main.exe
int main() {
                                                                             Input number 1: 15
Number 1: 00001111
     bool a[N];
                                                                             Input number 2: 1
     bool b[N];
                                                                             Number 2: 00000001
Input Carry: 0
Sum: 00010000
     bool c[N + 1] = \{false, \};
     bool sum[N];
                                                                             D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\nBitAdder>make main
     bool carry;
                                                                             D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\nBitAdder>main.exe
                                                                             Input number 1: 15
Number 1: 00001111
     cout << "Input number 1: ";</pre>
                                                                             Input number 2: 15
                                                                             Number 2: 00001111
Input Carry: 0
     readNum(a);
     cout << "Number 1: ";</pre>
     printByte(a);
                                                                             Sum: 00011110
     cout << endl;</pre>
                                                                             D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\nBitAdder>main.exe
                                                                             Input number 1: 255
Number 1: 11111111
     cout << "Input number 2: ";</pre>
                                                                             Input number 2: 255
Number 2: 11111111
Input Carry: 0
     readNum(b);
     cout << "Number 2: ";</pre>
     printByte(b);
     cout << endl;</pre>
                                                                             Sum: 11111110
Carry: 1
     cout << "Input Carry: ";</pre>
                                                                             D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\nBitAdder>main.exe
Input number 1: 128
Number 1: 10000000
     c[0] = readBit();
                                                                             Input number 2: 45
Number 2: 00101101
Input Carry: 0
     for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
           fullAdder(a[i], b[i], c[i], sum[i], c[i+1]);
Sum: 10101101
     cout << "\n\nSum: ";</pre>
     printByte(sum);
     cout << endl;</pre>
     cout << "Carry: ";</pre>
     printBin(c[N]);
     cout << endl;</pre>
```

3.3 Subtraction

```
void convertTwosComplement(bool *bin) {
//modified for 2s compliment
                                              bool cr[N+1];
void readNum(bool *bin) {
                                              bool n1[N] = \{1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\};
     int num;
                                              bool temp[N];
    cin >> num;
                                              for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
                                                  bin[i] = !bin[i];
     if (num < 0) {
         bin[N-1] = true;
                                              for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
         num = num * -1;
                                                  fullAdder(bin[i], n1[i], cr[i], temp[i], cr[i+1]);
                                                  bin[i] = temp[i];
         num--;
         for(int i=0; i<N-1; i++) {
                                          cout << "Input number 1: ";</pre>
              bin[i] = !(num % 2);
                                          readNum(a);
              num = num / 2;
                                          cout << "Number 1: ";</pre>
                                          printByte(a);
                                          cout << endl;</pre>
     else {
         bin[N-1] = false;
                                          cout << "Input number 2: ";</pre>
                                          readNum(b);
          for(int i=0; i<N-1; i++) { cout << "Number 2: ";
              bin[i] = num % 2;
                                          printByte(b);
                                          cout << endl;</pre>
              num = num / 2;
                                          cout << "Input Carry: ";</pre>
                                          c[0] = readBit();
                                          cout << "Input Sign: ";</pre>
                                           if(readSymbol()) {
                                               convertTwosComplement(b);
D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Prc }
Input number 1: 5
                                          cout << "Inverted B: ";</pre>
Number 1: 00000101
                                          printByte(b);
Input number 2: -3
Number 2: 11111101
Input Carry: 0
                                           for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
Input Sign: -
                                               fullAdder(a[i], b[i], c[i], sum[i], c[i+1]);
Inverted B: 00000011
                                          cout << "\n\nSum: ";</pre>
Sum: 00001000
                                          printByte(sum);
Carry: 0
                                          cout << endl;</pre>
                                          cout << "Carry: ";</pre>
                                          printBin(c[N]);
                                          cout << endl;</pre>
```

4 Additional Work

```
cout << "Input number 1: ";</pre>
readNum(a);
cout << "Number 1: ";</pre>
printByte(a);
cout << endl;</pre>
cout << "Input number 2: ";</pre>
readNum(b);
cout << "Number 2: ";</pre>
printByte(b);
cout << endl;</pre>
sum[0] = AND(b[0], a[0]);
for(int i=0; i<N-1; i++) {
    acc[i] = AND(a[i+1], b[0]);
acc[N-1] = false;
for(int i=1; i<N; i++) {
     for(int j=0; j<N; j++) {
         fullAdder(acc[j], AND(a[j], b[i]), false, acc[j], carry);
    sum[i] = acc[0];
    acc[0] = acc[1];
    acc[1] = acc[2];
    acc[2] = acc[3];
    acc[3] = carry;
```

This code only works for certain values, I was unable to debug it in time before the end of the lab.

```
D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\adderCascade>main.exe
                              Input number 1: 5
                              Number 1: 0101
sum[4] = acc[0];
                              Input number 2: 5
sum[5] = acc[1];
                              Number 2: 0101
sum[6] = acc[2];
                              Multiplication: 00010111
acc[7] = acc[3];
                              Carry: 0
                              D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\adderCascade>main.exe
cout << "Multiplication: ";</pre>
                              Input number 1: 3
for(int i=1; i<=8; i++) {
                              Number 1: 0011
    printBin(sum[N - i]);
                              Input number 2: 4
                              Number 2: 0100
cout << endl;</pre>
                              Multiplication: 11000111
cout << "Carry: ";</pre>
                              Carry: 0
                              D:\2020+21\ELEC1204 - Advanced Programming\P2\src\adderCascade>
printBin(carry);
```

Full 3.3 Code

```
#include <iostream>
#include <math.h>
using namespace std;
#define N 8
bool AND(bool a, bool b);
bool OR(bool a, bool b);
bool XOR(bool a, bool b);
void printState(bool n);
void printBin(bool n);
void printByte(bool *n);
bool readBit(void);
void readNum(bool *bin);
bool readSymbol(void);
void halfAdder(bool a, bool b, bool &s, bool &c);
void fullAdder(bool a, bool b, bool Cin, bool &s, bool &c);
void convertTwosComplement(bool *bin);
int main() {
    bool a[N];
    bool b[N];
    bool c[N + 1] = \{false, \};
    bool sum[N];
    bool carry;
    cout << "Input number 1: ";</pre>
    readNum(a);
    cout << "Number 1: ";</pre>
    printByte(a);
    cout << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Input number 2: ";</pre>
```

```
readNum(b);
    cout << "Number 2: ";</pre>
    printByte(b);
    cout << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Input Carry: ";</pre>
    c[0] = readBit();
    cout << "Input Sign: ";</pre>
    if(readSymbol()) {
         convertTwosComplement(b);
    cout << "Inverted B: ";</pre>
    printByte(b);
    for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
        fullAdder(a[i], b[i], c[i], sum[i], c[i+1]);
    cout << "\n\nSum: ";</pre>
    printByte(sum);
    cout << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Carry: ";</pre>
    printBin(c[N]);
    cout << endl;</pre>
    return 1;
void printState(bool n) {
    cout << ((n) ? "True" : "False") << endl;</pre>
void printBin(bool n) {
    cout << ((n) ? "1" : "0");
void printByte(bool *n) {
    for(int i=1; i<=N; i++) {</pre>
         printBin(n[N - i]);
bool readBit() {
```

```
char buf;
    cin >> buf;
    if(buf == '1') {
        return true;
        return false;
//modified for 2s complement
void readNum(bool *bin) {
    int num;
    cin >> num;
    if (num < 0) {
        bin[N-1] = true;
        num = num * -1;
        num--;
        for(int i=0; i<N-1; i++) {
            bin[i] = !(num % 2);
            num = num / 2;
    else {
        bin[N-1] = false;
        for(int i=0; i<N-1; i++) {</pre>
            bin[i] = num % 2;
            num = num / 2;
bool readSymbol() {
    char sym;
    cin >> sym;
    if(sym == '-') {
        return true;
       return false;
```

```
void convertTwosComplement(bool *bin) {
    bool cr[N+1];
    bool n1[N] = \{1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\};
    bool temp[N];
    for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
        bin[i] = !bin[i];
    //add 1 to complement
    for(int i=0; i<N; i++) {
        fullAdder(bin[i], n1[i], cr[i], temp[i], cr[i+1]);
        bin[i] = temp[i];
bool AND(bool a, bool b) {
    return a && b;
bool OR(bool a, bool b) {
    return a || b;
bool XOR(bool a, bool b) {
    return (a != b);
void halfAdder(bool a, bool b, bool &s, bool &c) {
    s = XOR(a, b);
    c = AND(a, b);
void fullAdder(bool a, bool b, bool Cin, bool &s, bool &c) {
    bool c1, c2, s1;
    halfAdder(a, b, s1, c1);
    halfAdder(Cin, s1, s, c2);
    c = OR(c1, c2);
```