

QSTEP SQL Masterclass

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James Tripp

- Background in Psychology (BSc, PhD), then as a Senior Academic Technologist in the Centre for Interdisciplinary Methodologies (CIM, Warwick)
- Just started as a Senior Research Software Engineer at IDG Technology for Research (<u>Research software engineers in Warwick's Information and Digital Group</u>)
- SQL?
 - Large datasets
 - Analysis
 - System Administration



- Structure Query Language. A domain specific language designed for a specific purpose
- Relational databases
- Give the database the query. The database then gets the data in an optimal way.

See:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL

https://www.w3schools.com/sql/sql_intro.asp



Our Data

Table name:

world_indicators

Row

country	country code	electricity	area
United Kingdom	GBR	100	241930

Column

world_borders

iso3	population	geography
GBR	60244834	01060000
•••	•••	

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E.g.,

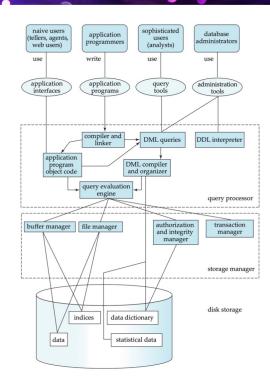
SELECT column FROM table;

SELECT country FROM world_indicators;

SELECT population FROM world_borders;

Why use a database?

- Data storage
- Efficient data querying via SQL
- A little complicated...



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Figure 1.5 System structure.

From Database Systems Concepts (6th Edition)



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- Efficient data querying via SQL
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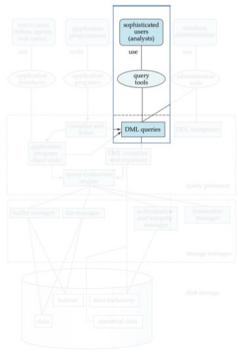




Figure 1.5 System structure

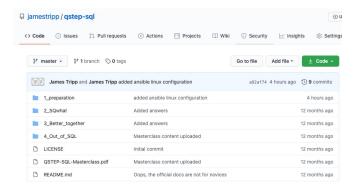


- We are data analysts/data scientists
- Question: What is the relationship between two world indicators across countries?
- Our data is in a table called world_indicators in the qstep database
- An additional table called world_borders contains the geospatial borders of countries. This may help with visualization work



Materials

- Located in Github
- https://github.com/jamestripp/qstep-sql





Today

- Introduction (this presentation)
- Local installation of database and data (optional)
- SQWhat?
 - Basic SQL introduction
- Better together
 - Aggregate function for data and joining tables
- Out of SQL
 - Taking data from the database
 - Using R for data analysis and visualisation