**Summary**

**I preprocessed the given US airport information from 1987 to 2008 and generated “flight\_US.json” which include top 20 busiest airports in the given years, then this json file is used as an input for this visualization project. The visualization follows martini glass theory. Note that in the given data if there is no information (“NaN”) for ArrDelay or DepDelay then that record is not included in this analysis.**

**Design**

**The base of the martini glass shows the busiest airports (which has the most flights) each year. Notice that in the given year from 1987 to 2008 the busiest airports are either Chicago Ohare Intl or Hartsfield Jackson Atlanta Int, so in this base map only these two circles show up. This is followed with the animation which shows top 20 busiest airports starting from 1987 and ended to 2008; once at that point the year buttons are listed at the left of page to allow readers to select their desired year to check the detail. Also at this stage readers can hover mouse over each circles (representing the airports) which triggered a pop-up box showing detailed information such as airport name, total flight#, arrival delay information and departure delay information.**

**Feedback**

**From the first feedback of matthew\_240343, I changed the title and added the narrative to make the story clearer to readers. This is showed in commit “Update Title and add description”.**

**From the second feedback of my friend, I added legend to show the relationship of the circle size and the corresponding flight number – a larger circle represents busier airport with more flights. Note that here I use circle area (not circle radius) to correctly show the difference of airport traffic proportionally. This update is showed in commit “Version3: add legend for size of flight number”**

**In Commit “Final version 4”, I applied diverse color coding to each airport (circle) based on the delay index defined in following formula:**

**Corresponding legends are added as well. The airport with minimum delay is colored with “lime” and then gradually changed to “red” which represents the worst delay airport. Using diverse color coding can make the transition from light to heavy delay more smoothly and intuitively.**

**Resources**

[GEOJSON AND KML DATA FOR THE UNITED STATES](http://eric.clst.org/Stuff/USGeoJSON)

[Airport, airline and route data](http://openflights.org/data.html)

[Selection.data([values[, key]])](https://github.com/mbostock/d3/wiki/Selections#data)

[SVG Color specification](http://www.w3.org/TR/SVG/types.html#DataTypeColor)

[Diverse color coding by using d3.scale.linear()](https://github.com/mbostock/d3/wiki/Quantitative-Scales)