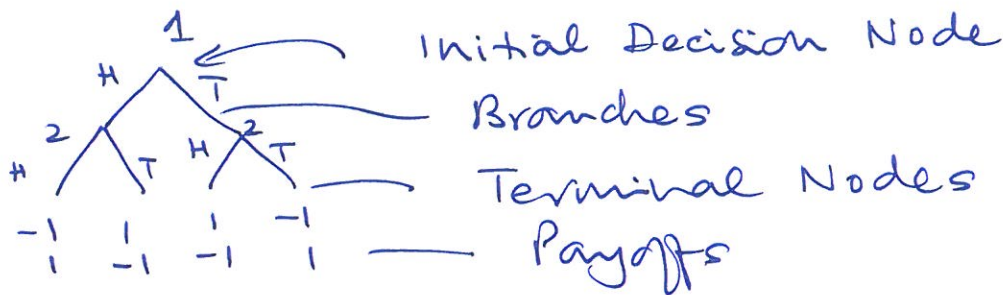
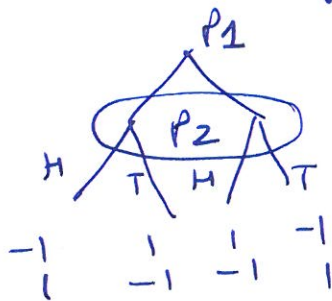


Extensive Form: Matching Pennies (B)



This is a sequential move game, with perfect information.

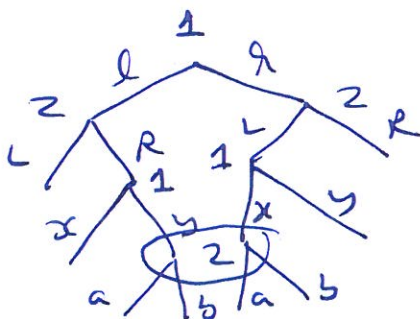
Matching Pennies (C)



Game with imperfect information

At every node, number of actions must be same.

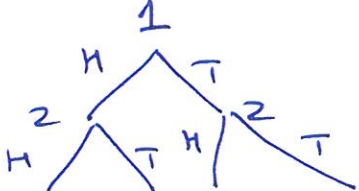
Perfect Recall: Players do not forget what they once knew.



⇐ Violates Perfect Recall.

Common Knowledge: Players know structure of game, know rivals know, know rivals know they know, etc.....

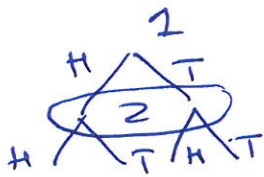
Strategy: complete, contingent plan

eg.  Set of strategies for

P1: $S_1 =$

P2: $S_2 =$

MP(B)



$S_{1,2}$

$S_2 =$

MP(C)

If there are I players, ~~set~~ ^{vector} of strategies is $s = (s_1, s_2, \dots, s_I) = (s_i, s_{-i})$

Normal Form (Reduced Form)

MP(B)

		P2			
		s_1	s_2	s_3	s_4
P1	H				
	T				

Normal form notation $\Gamma_N = [I, \{s_i\}, \{u_i(\cdot)\}]$

mp(B) payoff functions

$$u_1(s_1, s_2) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} +1 \text{ if } (s_1, s_2) = (H, \text{strategies 3 or 4}) \\ \quad \text{or } (T, \text{strategies 1 or 3}) \\ -1 \text{ if } (s_1, s_2) = (H, \text{strategies 1 or 2}) \\ \quad \text{or } (T, \text{strategies 2 or 4}) \end{array} \right\}$$

$$u_2(s_1, s_2) = -u_1(s_1, s_2)$$

Extensive Form \Rightarrow Unique Normal Form
 \nLeftarrow

Mixed strategies: $\sigma_i \in [0, 1]$ s.t

$$\sigma_i(s_i) \geq 0 \text{ \& } \sum_{s_i \in S_i} \sigma_i(s_i) = 1$$

if player i has M pure strategies

$$S_i = (s_{i1}, \dots, s_{iM})$$

then $\Delta(S_i) = \{ (\sigma_{i1}, \dots, \sigma_{iM}) \in \mathbb{R}^M :$

$$\sigma_{mi} \geq 0, \sum_{m=1}^M \sigma_{mi} = 1 \}$$

$m = 1, \dots, M.$