First Side Out Analysis

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Outline

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- Analysis 2
- Results 2
- Conclusion

Questions of interest

First Side Out (FSO)

- The team that receives the serve returns the serve in such a way that the serving team is unable to continue the rally

Same Passer and Hitter (SPH)

- The player that receives the serve also hits

Questions of interest

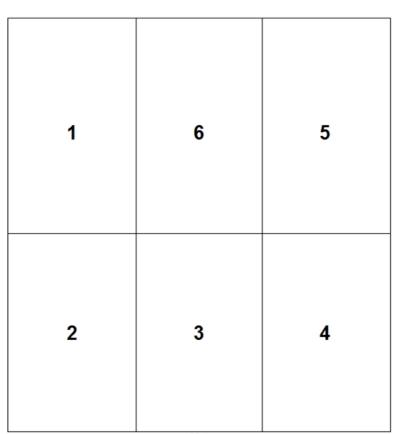
1 - Does FSO differ by area the serve lands in?

2 - Does FSO differ with SPH and not SPH?

- Collected by VolleyMetrics
- Men's 2015 season
- Information about each touch
- Duration of each rally
- Result of each rally
- 375,017 observations with 79 variables
- 68,221 serves

Divide Court into 6 areas

Example Court



Net

Original Data

wonlost	sk	х3	у3	Play_In_Rally	Prg_Rally_Data_ID	pos
1	1	4.6	15.45	1	1	3
0	2	0.29	10.36	2	1	4
0	3	0.27	11.18	2	1	5
0	4	0.51	8.87	2	1	1
1	5	0.76	10.27	3	1	3

Final Data

First Side Out	SPH	Area ₁	Area ₂	Area ₃	Area ₄	Area ₅	Area ₆
1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Null Hypothesis:

- Probability of FSO is the same for all areas on the court

Alternative Hypothesis:

- Probability of FSO differs by area

Dependent variable

- First Side Out

Independent variable

- Location the serve landed in

Model Formation - FSO by area

Likelihood

$$y_j \sim Bern(\Theta_i)$$

, j = 1, ..., 68, 221, i = 1, 2, ..., 6

Prior

$$\Theta_i = \gamma_{area_i}$$

 $\gamma_{area_i} \sim Beta(1, 1)$

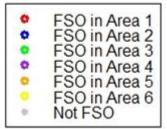
$$, i = 1, 2, ..., 6$$

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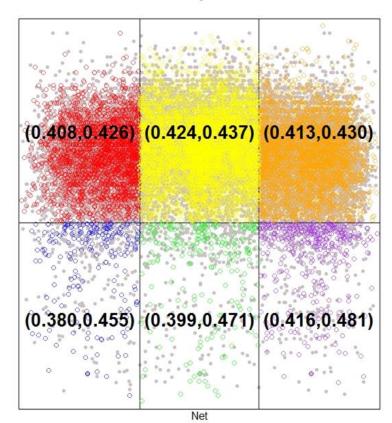
Alternative Hypothesis:

Probability of FSO in Area_i > Probability of FSO in Area_i, i ≠ j

- Pr(Prob FSO Area₆ > Prob FSO Area₁) = 0.993
- Pr(Prob FSO Area₆ > Prob FSO Area₅) = 0.95



FSO By Area



Null Hypothesis:

- Probability of FSO with not SPH is the same as probability of FSO with SPH

Alternative Hypothesis:

- Probability of FSO with not SPH differs from probability of FSO with SPH

Dependent variable

- First Side Out

Independent variable

- Location the serve landed in
- If there was SPH

Model Formation Logistic - FSO by same hitter

Likelihood

$$\begin{aligned} y_j \sim Bern(\Theta_i) &, j = 1, \dots, 68, 221 \;, \; i = 1, 2, \dots, 6 \\ \text{Prior} & logit(\Theta_i) = \beta_{0_{area_i}} + \beta_1 \times I_{SPH} &, \; i = 1, 2, \dots, 6 \\ \beta_{0_i} \sim Norm(0, 1) &, \; i = 1, 2, \dots, 6 \\ \beta_1 \sim Norm(0, 1) &, \; i = 1, 2, \dots, 6 \end{aligned}$$

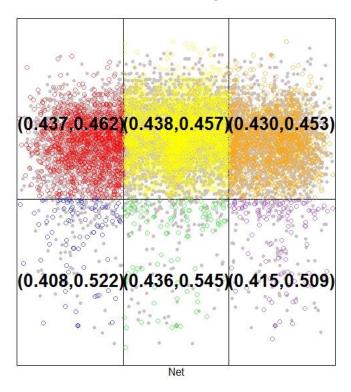
Alternative Hypothesis:

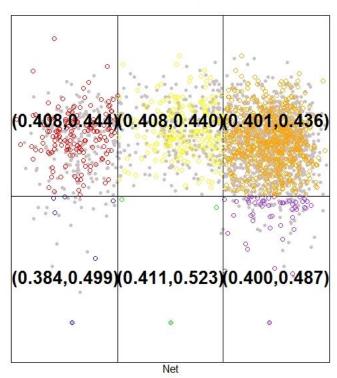
Probability of FSO in $\rm Area_i$ not SPH is greater than probability of FSO in $\rm Area_i$ with SPH

- Pr(Prob FSO Area, Not SPH > Prob FSO Area, SPH) = 0.984
- Pr(Prob FSO Area₅ Not SPH > Prob FSO Area₅ SPH) = 0.985
- Pr(Prob FSO Area₆ Not SPH > Prob FSO Area₆ SPH) = 0.994

FSO with no SPH by Area







Conclusion

1 - Probability of FSO is greater in Area₆ than in Area₁ and Area₅

2 - Probability of FSO is higher when it is not SPH in Area $_{\mathbf{1}}$, Area $_{\mathbf{5}}$, and Area $_{\mathbf{6}}$

Conclusion

Application

- Serve it to the back sides
- Serve it to the best hitter