CS566HW1-2024

September 4, 2024

0.1 Homework 1. Introduction to algorithms

This is first Homework for CS 566.

0.2 Task 1. Solve the problem "Valid Parenthesis" from https://leetcode.com/problems/valid-parentheses/ using Python3

Use the box below, to paste the working code. The format of the code should be identical to LeetCode platform. (4 points)

```
[43]: class Solution:
          def isValid(self, s: str) -> bool:
               # if the length of string is not even, then we automatically know it's _{\mbox{\scriptsize L}}
       ⇔not balanced and return false early
               if len(s) \%2 != 0:
                   return False
               # try with stack, approach is to push each opening parentheses (,\{,[ to_\sqcup
       ⇔stack and when we encounter closing
              stack = []
              for char in s:
                   # check for opening parentheses
                   if char in ['{', '(', '[']:
                       stack.append(char)
                   else:
                       # if char is closing parentheses with empty stack, false
                       if stack is None:
                           return False
                       # take top element
                       stack_top = stack.pop()
                       # check end of stack to compare open and close, if not matching
       ⇔then false
                       if stack top == '(' and char != ')':
                           return False
                       if stack_top == '{' and char != '}':
                           return False
```

0.2.1 Do not modify the testing code below. If you get message "Mistake in test case #", it means that you algorithm is incorrect.

```
[44]: #test_case_1
    expected, s = True, "()"
    actual = Solution().isValid(s)
    assert expected==actual, "Mistake in test case 1"

#test_case_2
    expected, s = True, "()[]{}"
    actual = Solution().isValid(s)
    assert expected==actual, "Mistake in test case 2"

#test_case_3
    expected, s = False, "(]"
    actual = Solution().isValid(s)
    assert expected==actual, "Mistake in test case 3"
    print('All tests pass!')
```

All tests pass!

0.2.2 Write analysis of the Memory Complexity and Time Complexity using Aymptotic Notation O. (1 point)

Memory Analysis: O(n) - Pushing char to stack worst case is n

Time Analysis: O(n) - For loop to process each char in s

0.3 Task 2. Solve the problem "Nim Game" from https://leetcode.com/problems/nim-game/description/ using Python3

Use the box below, to paste the working code. The format of the code should be identical to LeetCode platform. (4 points)

```
[45]: class Solution:
    def canWinNim(self, n: int) → bool:
        # if n is divisible by 4, it will always go down to the last 4 stones
        → since both play optimally and opponent will always win
```

```
# otherwise I should be able to win # eg. n = 8, Whatever I take he takes something and next round it willwhave 4 stones and I will lose return n\%4!=0
```

```
[46]: #test_case_1
    expected, n = False, 4
    actual = Solution().canWinNim(n)
    assert expected==actual, "Mistake in test case 1"

# #test_case_2
    expected, n = True, 2
    actual = Solution().canWinNim(n)
    assert expected==actual, "Mistake in test case 2"

# #test_case_3
    expected, n = True, 1
    actual = Solution().canWinNim(n)
    assert expected==actual, "Mistake in test case 3"
    print('All tests pass!')
```

All tests pass!

0.3.1 Write analysis of the Memory Complexity and Time Complexity using Aymptotic Notation O. (1 point)

Memory Analysis: O(1)

Time Analysis: O(1)

0.4 Task 3. Theoretical problem.

There are 8 algorithms with complexities: $-\log(n) - \sqrt{n} - n^3 - n - n\log(n) - n^2 - 2^n - n!$

Order them in the order from fastest to slowest (5 points)

Answer:

- log(n)
- \sqrt{n}
- n
- nlog(n)
- n^2
- n^3
- 2^n
- n!

```
[51]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np from scipy.special import factorial
```

```
n = np.linspace(1,700,200)
functions = [np.log(n), np.sqrt(n), n, n*np.log(n), n**2, np.square(n), np.
 \rightarrowpower(n,3), 2**n]
functions = {
    'log(n)': np.log(n),
    'sqrt(n)': np.sqrt(n),
    'n': n,
    'n*log(n)': n*np.log(n),
    'n^2': np.square(n),
    'n^3': np.power(n,3),
    '2^n': 2**n,
    'n!': factorial(n)
}
for label, func in functions.items():
 plt.plot(n,func, label=label)
plt.ylim(0, 1000)
plt.xlim(1, 20)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

