```
Condition codes: new bits in hidden %eflags register.

Some instructions set those bits based on comparisons:

cmp, test

Other instructions change control flow (%eip) based on results:

jmp family
```

```
INSTRUCTION: cmpl B, A

computes A-B (but doesn't put result anywhere)

condition codes (incomplete):

zero flag : ZF=1 if (A-B) == 0 otherwise ZF=0

signed flag : SF=1 if (A-B) < 0 otherwise SF=0

a-b>o
```

INSTRUCTION:	jmp TARGET	always changes %eip to TARGET
INSTRUCTION:	je TARGET	%eip=TARGET if ZF==1
INSTRUCTION:	jne TARGET	%eip=TARGET if ZF==
INSTRUCTION:	jg TARGET	%eip=TARGET if ~(SF <sup>1</sup> 0F)
INSTRUCTION:	jge TARGET	%eip=TARGET if $\frac{\sim (SF^{\circ})}{\sim F}$
INSTRUCTION:	jl TARGET	%eip=TARGET if $\frac{(a-b) < 0 + no \text{ overflow }}{(a-b) > 0 + no \text{ overflow }} = SF^{0}F$
INSTRUCTION:	jle TARGET	%eip=TARGET if SP10F   2F

```
Problem #7
 Assume value of a is in %eax, and value of b is in %ebx
 Write x86 assembly code for:
   if (a > b) {
                      compl %ebx, %eax 1/ a-b?
       a++;
   } else {
                      jle DonT.
      b = a;
                   00:
                              $1, %eax
                      addl
                      jmp
                   DONT:
                             % eax, %oebx
                      MON
                  END:
```

```
Problem #8

Assume value of a is in %eax, and value of b is in %ebx
Write x86 assembly code for:

while (b > 0) {
    a++;
    b--;
    }

incl    %ebx

decl    %ebx

for:

Mor:
```