The goal of the assignment was given a txt file with numbers, one per line, to output those numbers and ultimately output the sum of the numbers.

My initial approach entailed reading the txt file by assigning a file descriptor and a buffer to different registers. This allowed me to output each number.

This would be done in a loop, as long as the line read in was not empty. Therefore, I would allocate a read loop, and output each number in that same loop.

In the end, I would have to also close the file.

My initial approach to summing the numbers was to assign a new register to hold a summation value. In the read loop, I would take the new number and add it to the register of the summation value, and right before closing the file I'd call printf on the sum.

However, when I got it to output, it was outputting garbage values. By debugging, I realized that the register I was using to output each individual number was holding an ASCII value not an int. This would let me output it but not sum it.

Therefore everytime I read a number from the file, I'd have to use a different loop to convert it from ASCII to int and then add that int to a summation register which holds int.

This parsing loop would identify one digit at a time, making sure it's a valid ASCII int, and add it to the temporary register. It thenwill check if the next character is another int, (double/triple digit), in that case it'll multiply by ten and push back to build the second digit. When there is no next number detected it breaks the loop for that value and adds it to the sum, where it will be outputted when the last line is reached.

Code (print5.asm)

```
section .data
         pathname: db "file2.txt", 0
         buffer: times 2048 db 0
         newline db 10, 0
         format_string: db "%s", 0
         sum_format: db "Sum: %ld", 10, 0
     section .bss
         fd resb 4
10
         sum resq 1 ; Store total sum
11
12
     section .text
13
         global main
14
         extern printf
15
16
     main:
17
18
         ;xor rdi,rdi
19
20
         mov eax, 5
21
         mov ebx, pathname
22
         mov ecx, 0
23
         int 0x80
24
         mov [fd], eax
25
26
         xor rdi, rdi ; Clear sum register
27
         mov [sum], rdi
28
29
     read_loop:
30
31
         mov eax, 3
32
         mov ebx, [fd]
33
         mov ecx, buffer
34
         mov edx, 2048
35
         int 0x80
36
37
         cmp eax, 0
38
         jle close_file
39
40
         mov byte [buffer+eax], 0
41
42
         ; print each individual number using format string and print
43
         mov rdi, format_string
44
         mov rsi, buffer
45
         xor rax, rax
46
         call printf
```

```
; we need to add the number to sum. this will parse ASCII to int
   mov rsi, buffer
   call sum_numbers
   jmp read_loop
; initialise registers for where we're going to convert ascii to int
sum numbers:
   xor rax, rax ; initialise rax , the temp register we're going to put the
    xor rdx, rdx ; where we're going to put the digits
;; ascii to int is done separately from printing, we will print this sum at the end.
parse_loop:
   movzx rcx, byte [rsi] ; get byte from buffer
    test rcx, rcx
   jz sum done
   cmp rcx, '0'
   jl skip_char
                          ; if the ascii is less than 0, skip this line
   cmp rcx, '9'
                         ; if the ascii is greater than 9, skip this line
   jg skip_char
   sub rcx, '0'
                          ; Convert ASCII to integer
   imul rax, rax, 10
                         ; Multiply current number by 10 for the second digit
   add rax, rcx
                          ; Add new digit
   jmp next_char
skip_char:
   test rax, rax
   jz next_char
    add [sum], rax
                          ; Add current number to sum
    xor rax, rax
next_char:
    inc rsi ;increment counter
    jmp parse_loop ;reloop
sum_done:
   test rax, rax
    jz end_sum_numbers
    add [sum], rax
end_sum_numbers:
 ret
```

Output with given randomInt file (renamed as file.txt)

Sum: 4679

All the numbers are outputted, just too big to include here

```
91
26
47
54
76
23
42
24
38
57
34
2
12
15
67
45
79
85
70
20
19
24
11
96
70
45
3
83
17
14
58
17
50Sum: 4679
```

## Using a custom input (file2.txt)

The sum of this by calculator is 2643.

## Output:

```
50Sum: 4679

[m376@linux5 2025-03-14]$ nasm -f elf64 print5.asm -o print5.o

[m376@linux5 2025-03-14]$ gcc print5.o -o print5

[m376@linux5 2025-03-14]$ print5

449

3

30

2025

4

67

9

11

45Sum: 2643

[m376@linux5 2025-03-14]$ |
```