

# Annex 1: How-to-use

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## Requirements

In order to run the solution **Python 2.5** or greater is required. Additionally to that, the following Python libraries are required:

- **ScyPy** (sudo apt-get install python-numpy python-scipy python-matplotlib ipython ipython-notebook python-pandas python-sympy python-nose)
- **Numpy** (Included in the ScyPy installation)
- **ffnet** (sudo pip install ffnet)

## Executing the solution

The execution of the solution depends on the file `main.py`, present in the source code of the application. Running it is rather simple and it follows the following structure:

```
python -i <path to main.py> <path to data file> <structure of the network> <algorithm>
```

where:

`<path to data file>`: Is the path to the input data file, exported from the generator given for this project. The data files used for this project are included in the folder `dataFiles`.

`<structure of the network>`: This is the definition of the structure to use. It's format is: `[#L1, #L2, ..., #Ln]`, where `#L1` is the number of nodes in the first layer. In our case we will use the structure: `[4, 2, 1]`

`<algorithm>`: Here you can specify which one of the solutions you want to use to solve the problem: `bp` for the Backpropagation algorithm implementation or `tn` for the truncated Newton method.

## Examples:

Using the input file `TestData1024.dat` and the backpropagation algorithm the solution can be run in the following manner:

```
python -i main.py dataFiles/TestData1024.dat [4,2,1] bp
```

Which gives us the following output:

```
>> Input Information
Neural Network Configuration: [4, 2, 1]
Solving Algorithm Chosen:      Back Propagation Algorithm
Total number of records:      1024
Size of the training set:      819
Size of the testing set:      205

>>Weights of Neural Network:
W(00.10) = -0.11    W(01.10) = -0.49    W(02.10) = -0.93    W(03.10) = 0.59
W(00.11) = 0.30     W(01.11) = 0.15     W(02.11) = -0.48    W(03.11) = 0.84
W(10.20) = -0.80    W(11.20) = 0.66

>> Results of training set:
172.0 correct prediction(s) of 205 testing records
Accuracy:          83.90%
Standard Deviation: 0.026
Variance:          27.688

>> Total Duration:
3.942 seconds
```

Another example running the truncated Newton algorithm, with a different structure would be:

```
python -i main.py dataFiles/TestData1024.dat [4,3,2,1] tn
```

Which returns the following output:

```
>> Input Information
  Neural Network Configuration: [4, 3, 2, 1]
  Solving Algorithm Chosen:      Truncated Newton Algorithm
  Total number of records:      1024
  Size of the training set:      819
  Size of the testing set:      205

>>Weights of Neural Network:
  W(00.10) = 90.56    W(01.10) = -100.00    W(02.10) = -99.99    W(03.10) = 94.40
  W(00.11) = -29.41   W(01.11) = -100.00    W(02.11) = 49.83    W(03.11) = 50.62
  W(00.12) = 49.07    W(01.12) = 50.12    W(02.12) = -31.97    W(03.12) = 14.35
  W(10.20) = -2.16    W(11.20) = -7.65    W(12.20) = -13.97
  W(10.21) = 54.54    W(11.21) = -18.61    W(12.21) = -100.00
  W(20.30) = -2.16    W(21.30) = -7.65

>> Results of training set:
  205.0 correct prediction(s) of 205 testing records
  Accuracy:          100.00%
  Standard Deviation: 0.000
  Variance:          0.000

>> Total Duration:
  2.644 seconds
```