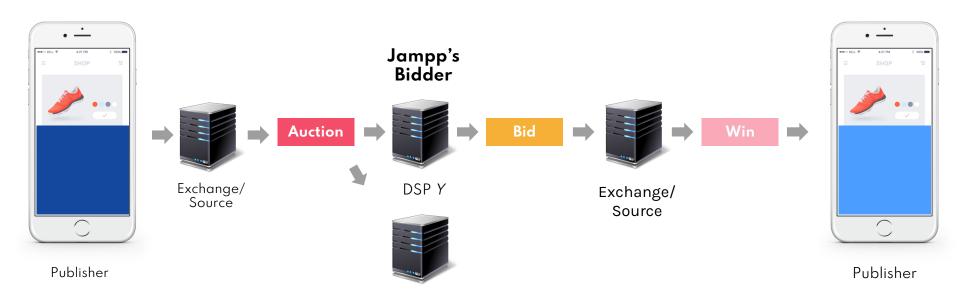
Jampp <> ECI Inferencia Causal

Jorge Brea

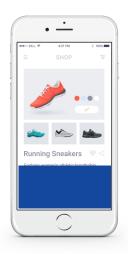
Data Scientist

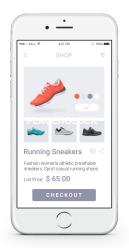
Real Time Bidding (RTB)











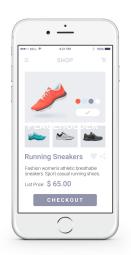
Banner

Interstitial

¿Cuál tipo de ad es más probable que resulte en un click?







Ad Type	E[ClicklAdType]
Interstitial (I)	12% 130/1100
Banner (B)	18% 550/3000

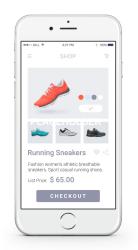
Banner

Interstitial

¿Cuál tipo de ad es más probable que resulte en un click?







Banner Interstitial

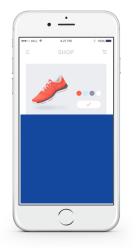
By source

Ad Type	E[Click AdType, Source 1]	E[Click AdType, Source 2]	E[ClicklAdType]
Interstitial (I)	10%	30%	12%
	10/1000	30/100	130/1100
Banner (B)	5%	25%	18%
	50/1000	500/2000	550/3000

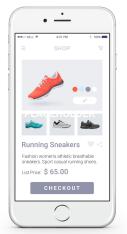
¿Cuál tipo de ad es más probable que resulte en un click?



By source



Banner



Interstitial

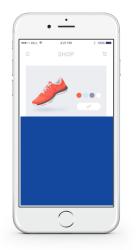
Ad Type	E[Click AdType, Source 1]	E[Click AdType, Source 2]	E[ClicklAdType]
Interstitial (I)	10%	30%	12%
	10/1000	30/100	130/1100
Banner (B)	5%	25%	18%
	50/1000	500/2000	550/3000



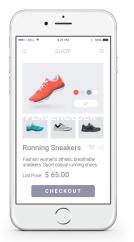
¿Deberíamos entonces usar Interstitial?



By source



Banner



Interstitial

Ad Type	E[Click AdType, Source 1]	E[Click AdType, Source 2]	E[ClicklAdType]
Interstitial (I)	10%	30%	12%
	10/1000	30/100	130/1100
Banner (B)	5%	25%	18%
	50/1000	500/2000	550/3000



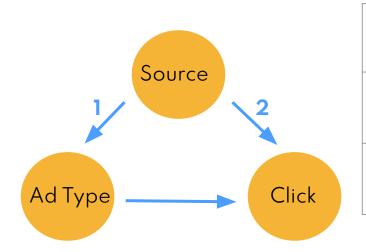
¿Deberíamos entonces usar Interstitial?



Escenario 1



Ad presentado depende del source.



Ad Type	E[ClicklAdType, Source 1]	E[ClicklAdType, Source 2]	E[ClicklAdType]
Interstitial (I)	10%	30% 30/100	12% 130/1100
Banner (B)	5% 50/1000	25% 500/2000	18% 550/3000

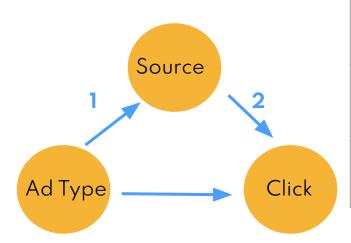
- 1. Source l tiene más interstitial que banner ads.
- Source I es menos confiable.

Deberíamos condicionar al source para evaluar el efecto del ad en la respuesta de le usuarie.

Escenario 2



Ad type elige el source.



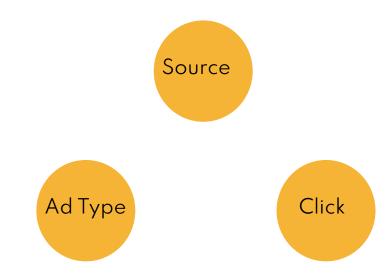
Ad Type	E[ClicklAdType, Source 1]	E[ClicklAdType, Source 2]	E[ClicklAdType]
Interstitial (I)	10%	30% 30/100	12% 130/1100
Banner (B)	5% 50/1000	25% 500/2000	18% 550/3000

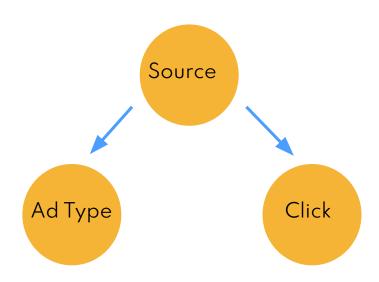
- 1. Source es El Ad Type elegido.
- 2. Source les menos confiable.

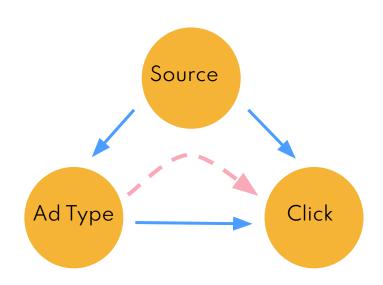
Deberíamos tomar E[ClicklAd Type]





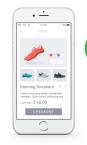






¿Qué implica causalidad?





$$Y_i |_{\lambda_0(AdType=I)} \cong Y_i$$
 (Interstitial)



$$Y_i |_{\lambda_0(AdType=B)} \cong Y_i$$
 (Banner)

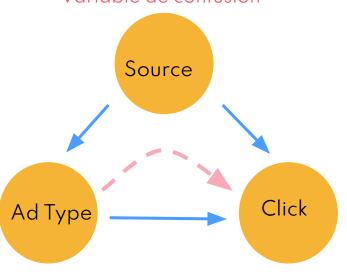
$$Y_i(I) - Y_i(B)$$

El efecto causal de mostrar un ad type....

Average treatment effect (ATE)







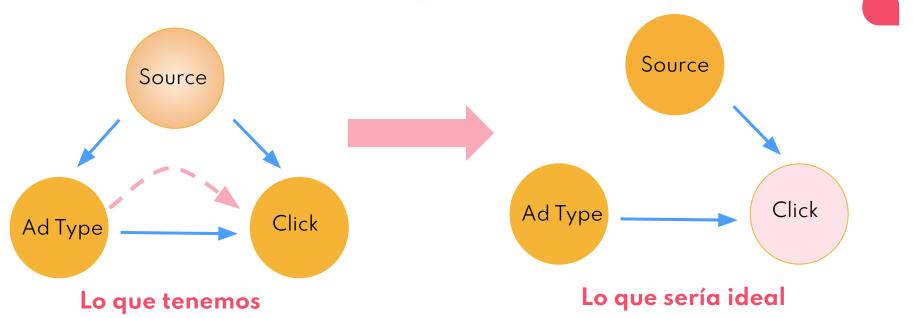
$$E[Y_{i}(I)-Y_{i}(B)]=E[Y_{i}(I)]-E[Y_{i}(B)]$$

$$\neq E[Y_{i}|I]-E[Y_{i}|B]$$

Randomized Control Trials Source Source Click Ad Type Click Ad Type

- 1. Se selecciona el ad type **independientemente** del source.
- 2. Se repite el 50% para el otro.

Observational Study



$$E[Click | do(Ad Type), Source] = E[Click | Ad Type, Source]$$

Volviendo al principio...



Ad Type	E[Click AdType, Source 1]	E[Click AdType, Source 2]	E[Click AdType]
Interstitial (I)	10%	30%	12%
	10/1000	30/1000	130/1100
Banner	5%	25%	18%
(B)	50/1000	500/2000	550/3000

$$E[Click | do(AdType)] = \sum_{Source} E[Click | do(AdType)]P(Source)$$

Volviendo al principio...



Ad Type	E[ClicklAdType, Source 1]	E[ClicklAdType, Source 2]	E[ClicklAdType]
Interstitial (I)	10%	30%	12%
	10/1000	30/1000	130/1100
Banner	5%	25%	18%
(B)	50/1000	500/2000	550/3000

$$E[Click | do(AdType)] = \sum_{Source} E[Click | do(AdType)]P(Source)$$

$$P(S_1) = \frac{20}{31}$$

$$P(S_2) = \frac{11}{31}$$

$$E[Click|_{do(I)}] = 0.17$$

$$E[Click | do(B)] = 0.12$$

Volviendo al principio...



Ad Type	E[Click AdType, Source 1]	E[Click AdType, Source 2]	E[ClicklAdType]	Causality
Interstitial (I)	10%	30% 30/1000	12% 130/1100	17%
Banner (B)	5% 50/1000	25% 500/2000	18% 550/3000	12%

$$E[Click | do(AdType)] = \sum_{Source} E[Click | do(AdType)]P(Source)$$

$$P(S_1) = \frac{20}{31}$$

$$E[Click|_{do(I)}] = 0.17$$

$$P(S_2) = \frac{11}{31}$$

$$E[Click | do(B)] = 0.12$$

¿Preguntas?



Data Analysts ML Engineers Performance Engineers Data Engineers Cloud Engineers Full Stack Engineers& more!

