

VGLA: Sets and Notation Practice Questions

The following revision type questions relate to Appendix 1, Sets and Notation. Questions are ranked in difficulty from A (basic) to C (challenging).

(A) Question 1. Let $A = \{1, 2, \text{apple}\}$, $B = \{2, \text{apple}, 1, \text{apple}\}$, $C = \{2, 1\}$, $D = \{1, 2, \text{pear}\}$.

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|---------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) Is $1 \in A$? | (e) Is $C \subseteq A$? |
| (b) Is $10 \in A$? | (f) Is $C \subset A$? |
| (c) Is $A = B$? | (g) Is $A \subseteq C$? |
| (d) Is $A = C$? | (h) Is $D \subseteq B$? |

(A) Question 2. Write each of the following sets by listing its elements:

- (a) $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} : -1 \leq x < 6\}$,
- (b) $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} : x^2 < 25\}$,
- (c) $\{x \in \mathbb{N} : x^2 < 25\}$,
- (d) $\left\{ \frac{p}{q} : p \in \mathbb{N} \text{ and } q = 2p + 1 \right\}$,
- (e) $\{x : x \text{ is the name of a month containing the letter "R"}\}$,
- (f) $\{x : x \text{ is letter in "Mississippi"}\}$,
- (g) $\{x : x \text{ is a month with 33 days}\}$.

(A) Question 3. Let P be the set of prime natural numbers, E the set of even natural numbers and O the set of odd natural numbers. Describe the sets $E \cup O$, $E \cap O$, $E \cap P$ and $O \cap P$.

(A) Question 4. Determine $|A|$ when

- (a) $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$, (b) $A = \{\{1, 2, 3\}\}$, (c) $A = \{1, \{2, 3\}\}$.

(A) Question 5. Put the correct sign \Rightarrow , \Leftarrow or \Leftrightarrow between the following pairs of conditions on a real number x . Briefly explain your answers.

- (a) $x \in \mathbb{N}$; $1/x \in \mathbb{Q}$.
(b) $3x \in \mathbb{Q}$; $x \in \mathbb{Q}$.
(c) $3x \in \mathbb{Z}$; $x + 3 \in \mathbb{Z}$.
(d) $x \in \mathbb{Q}$; $1/(1-x) \in \mathbb{Q}$.

(A) Question 6. Considering the answers to the previous exercise, give the correct relationship between the following pairs of sets. Use only the symbols \subset , \subseteq or $=$. Explain your answers.

- (a) \mathbb{N} and $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : 1/x \in \mathbb{Q}\}$.
(b) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : 3x \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ and \mathbb{Q} .
(c) $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : 3x \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ and $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : x + 3 \in \mathbb{Z}\}$.
(d) \mathbb{Q} and $\{x \in \mathbb{R} : 1/(1-x) \in \mathbb{Q}\}$.

(A) Question 7. In this question, the universal set is

$$\mathcal{U} = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, \text{fish, fowl}\}.$$

Let $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$, $B = \{2, 3, \text{fish}\}$ and $C = \{2, \text{fowl}, 7, 8\}$. Work out each of the following sets using only the definition of union, intersection and complement.

- (a) $A \cap (B \cup C)$. (f) $(C')'$.
(b) $(A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$. (g) $(A \cap C)'$.
(c) $A \cup (B \cap C)$. (h) $A' \cup C'$.
(d) $(A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$. (i) $(A \cup B)'$.
(e) C' . (j) $A' \cap B'$.

(A) Question 8. Express each of the following sets as a single interval.

- (a) $(1, 3) \cup (2, 15)$. (b) $[1, 8] \cap [4, 16]$. (c) $[66, 76] - [72, 100]$
 (d) $[0, \infty) \cup (-10, 10)$ (e) $[27, 29] - (26, 28)$

(A) Question 9. If X, Y are sets containing m, n elements respectively, how many elements are there in the Cartesian product $X \times Y$?

- (B) Question 10.** (a) Find, if possible, infinite sets A and B such that $A \cap B = \{0\}$ and $A \cup B = \mathbb{Z}$.
 (b) Find, if possible, sets C and D such that $C \cup D = \{b, i, g\}$ and $C \cap D = \{s, m, a, l, l\}$.

(B) Question 11. Recall that, if S is a finite set we let

$$|S| = \text{the number of elements in } S.$$

$|S|$ is called the **cardinality** of S ; it is always a non-negative integer.

- (a) Find $|\{200, 2, \sqrt{2}\}|$, $|\{\text{fish}, \text{pear}\}|$ and $|\{200, 2, \sqrt{2}, 200\}|$.
 (b) Let A and B be finite disjoint sets. Express $|A \cup B|$ in terms of $|A|$ and $|B|$.
 (c) Let $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $B = \{2, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$. What is $|A \cup B|$? Compare it with $|A| + |B|$.
 (d) Let A and B be finite sets. Find a formula for $|A \cup B|$ in terms of $|A|$, $|B|$ and $|A \cap B|$. Explain why your formula works.

(B) Question 12. Let l and m be integers with $l < m$. Write down formulae for the cardinalities of the following sets in terms of l and m .

- (a) $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} : l \leq x \leq m\}$, (b) $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} : l < x \leq m\}$,
 (c) $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} : l \leq x \leq 2l\}$, (d) $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} : 2^l \leq x < 2^{l+1}\}$.

(B) Question 13. Let A and B be finite sets. Suppose that $A \subseteq B$ and that $|A| = |B|$. Explain why $A = B$.

- (B) Question 14.** (a) On a Venn diagram, indicate the set $A \cup (B \cap C)$.
 (b) On another Venn diagram, indicate the set $(A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$.

(c) Persuade yourself that

$$A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C).$$

[This is the another version of distributive law.]

(B) Question 15. (a) Let A, B, C and D be sets. Prove that

$$A \cap (B \cup C \cup D) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C) \cup (A \cap D).$$

(b) Let A, B, C and D be sets. State and prove a formula for

$$A \cup (B \cap C \cap D).$$

(B) Question 16. The **symmetric difference** of two sets A and B , written $A \Delta B$ is defined by

$$A \Delta B = (A \cup B) - (A \cap B).$$

(a) Illustrate this set using a Venn Diagram. On another Venn Diagram, illustrate the set $(A - B) \cup (B - A)$ and deduce that

$$A \Delta B = (A - B) \cup (B - A).$$

(b) Is Δ commutative?

(c) What is $A \Delta A$?

(d) What is $A \Delta \emptyset$?

(e) Suppose $A \subseteq B$, what is $A \Delta B$?

(C) Question 17. Let A, B and C be finite sets. Let $D = B \cup C$. By substituting for D in the formula

$$|A \cup D| = |A| + |D| - |A \cap D|$$

and making repeated use of the formula for $|X \cup Y|$, prove that

$$|A \cup B \cup C| = |A| + |B| + |C| - |A \cap B| - |B \cap C| - |C \cap A| + |A \cap B \cap C|.$$

(C) Question 18. Let U be a universal set and $A_i \subset U$ be sets for $i \in \mathbb{Z}$. Prove that

$$\left(\bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} A_i \right)' = \bigcap_{i \in \mathbb{Z}} A_i'.$$

Hint - Prove the result directly. Avoid mathematical induction.