

Example sheet 7 – formative

1. Consider the dynamical system

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= \mu x - y + x^2, \\ \dot{y} &= x - \sigma y + y^2,\end{aligned}$$

where $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ and μ, σ are constants.

- (a) Determine the nature of the equilibrium point $(0, 0)$ for each $\mu, \sigma \geq 0$.
 (b) Sketch the (σ, μ) -plane and indicate what the equilibrium is in each defined area.

2. Consider the 2-dimensional dynamical system

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= (1 - x - y)x, \\ \dot{y} &= (4 - 7x - 3y)y,\end{aligned}\tag{1}$$

where $x, y \geq 0$.

- (a) Find the equilibrium points of (1).
 (b) Determine the horizontal and vertical isoclines for dynamical system (1). and find the direction of the flow on them.
 (c) Consider the region $D = \{(x, y) : 0 < x < 1, 0 < y < \frac{3}{2}\}$ with boundary $C = C_1 \cup C_2 \cup C_3 \cup C_4$, where:

$$\begin{aligned}C_1 &= \{(x, y) : y = 0, x \in [0, 1]\} \\ C_2 &= \left\{ (x, y) : x = 1, y \in \left[0, \frac{3}{2}\right] \right\} \\ C_3 &= \left\{ (x, y) : y = \frac{3}{2}, x \in [0, 1] \right\} \\ C_4 &= \left\{ (x, y) : x = 0, y \in \left[0, \frac{3}{2}\right] \right\}\end{aligned}$$

and establish that $D \cup C$ is a positively invariant set for dynamical system (1).

- (d) Using parts b and c locate any positively invariant sets for (1) within $D \cup C$.

3. Show that the nonlinear system

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= -y + x \left(1 - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}\right), \\ \dot{y} &= x + y \left(1 - \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}\right),\end{aligned}$$

has a limit cycle given by $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

4. Use the Poincaré-Bendixson theorem to establish that the dynamical system

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= x + y - x^3 + xy^2 - x(x^2 + y^2)^2, \\ \dot{y} &= y - x - x^2y + y^3 - y(x^2 + y^2)^2,\end{aligned}$$

where $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ has at least one periodic orbit surrounding the origin. Note that $(0, 0)$ is the only equilibrium point.