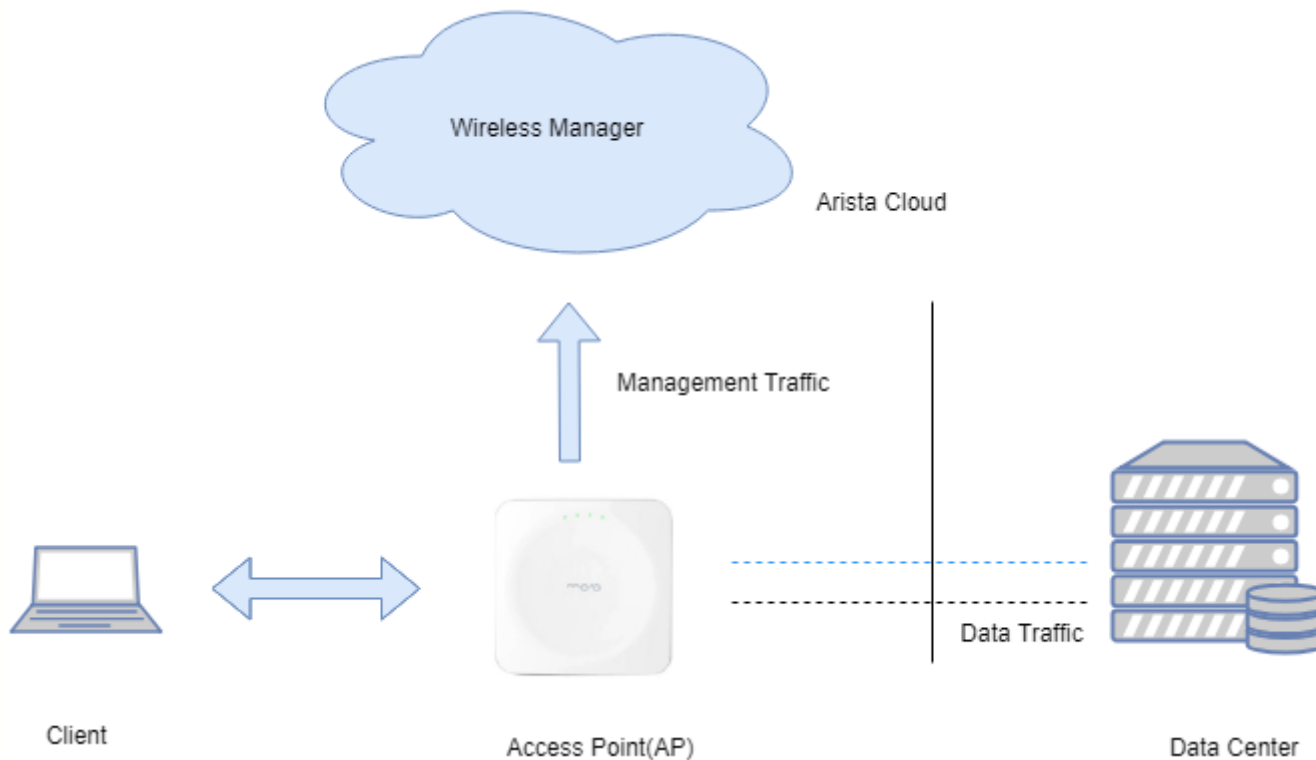




Introduction to Arista WiFi API

Arista Cloud Architecture



Introduction to Wireless Manager

- Wireless Manager (WM) is one of the key components of Arista's cloud-based Wi-Fi solution
 - Manages all the configurations of Access Points (AP).
 - Enables monitoring of APs with a customizable dashboard which provides hierarchical view of the network.

Introduction to Wireless Manager

The screenshot displays the ARISTA Wireless Manager interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Dashboard, Monitoring, Events, Locations, Reports, Forensics, and Configuration. The user is logged in as Akash Singh on Apr 22, 2019, at 11:55:26 AM. The 'Monitoring' tab is active, and the 'Managed Devices' sub-tab is selected. On the left, a 'Locations' sidebar shows a hierarchy of locations, including 'Unknown (Reserved)', 'IIT NY PoC', 'IISc Bangalore', 'IIT Bombay', 'IIT Hyderabad', 'IIT Jammu', 'IIT Kanpur PoC', 'Ishan_BBNL_PoC', 'KIIT', 'Prof. Jalote's Apartm', and 'Project'. A blue oval highlights this sidebar, with an arrow pointing to the text 'Location Hierarchy'. The main area displays a table of managed devices with the following columns: Name, MAC Address, IP Address, Model, Device Template, Capability, Location, and Connected/Disconnected Since. The table lists various devices, including 'Mojo CF:4A:3F', 'Mojo 85:45:1F', 'Mojo A0:F0:2F', 'Mojo 80:7E:FE', 'Mojo 63:26:9F', 'Mojo 59:5B:FE...', 'Mojo A0:AF:4F', 'Mojo 80:3D:7F', 'Mojo 00:00:EF', 'Mojo 5A:DB:5...', 'Mojo 63:09:BF', 'Mojo 87:10:5F', 'Mojo 5A:D9:BF', 'Mojo 00:01:1F', and 'Mojo R1:15:1F'. Each device entry includes its MAC address, IP address, model, device template, capability, location, and the time it was last connected or disconnected.

Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Model	Device Template	Capability	Location	Connected/Disconnected Since
Mojo CF:4A:3F	00:11:74:CF:4A:3F	10.10.63.232	C-75	IIT_DH	802.11n/ac, AP	//Locations/Unknown (Reserved)	↓ Mar 13, 2018 12:22:12 PM
Mojo 85:45:1F	88:B1:E1:85:45:1F	172.24.195.240	C-100	iitk	802.11n/ac, AP	*//Locations/IIT Kanpur PoC	↓ Apr 10, 2019 12:51:13 PM
Mojo A0:F0:2F	88:B1:E1:A0:F0:2F	10.100.116.127	C-110	IIT-B	802.11n/ac, AP	*//Locations/IIT Bombay	↓ Nov 19, 2018 05:43:44 PM
Mojo 80:7E:FE	00:11:74:80:7E:FE	10.18.0.30	W-68	iiscwlan2	802.11n/ac, AP	*//Locations/IISc Bangalore	↓ Nov 06, 2018 11:54:08 AM
Mojo 63:26:9F	88:B1:E1:63:26:9F	172.16.93.240	C-75	IIT	802.11n/ac, AP	*//Locations/IIT NY PoC	↓ Jan 10, 2019 11:33:56 AM
Mojo 59:5B:FE...	88:B1:E1:59:5B:FE	192.168.112.171	C-75	System Template	802.11n/ac, AP	*//Locations/Prof. Jalote's Apartment	↑ Apr 21, 2019 10:52:11 PM
Mojo A0:AF:4F	88:B1:E1:A0:AF:4F	10.100.116.126	C-110	IITB-CH	802.11n/ac, AP	*//Locations/IIT Bombay	↓ Nov 19, 2018 05:45:19 PM
Mojo 80:3D:7F	00:11:74:80:3D:7F	10.18.0.30	W-68	IISc	802.11n/ac, AP	*Project/IISc Bangalore	↑ Apr 21, 2019 10:52:14 PM
Mojo 00:00:EF	88:B1:E1:00:00:EF	192.168.50.83	W-118	IIT_DH	802.11n/ac, AP	//Locations/Unknown (Reserved)	↓ Apr 06, 2019 05:42:44 PM
Mojo 5A:DB:5...	88:B1:E1:5A:DB:5F	192.168.112.170	C-75	System Template	802.11n/ac, AP	*//Locations/Prof. Jalote's Apartment	↑ Apr 21, 2019 10:52:11 PM
Mojo 63:09:BF	88:B1:E1:63:09:BF	10.10.60.3	C-75	IIT Jammu PoC	802.11n/ac, AP	*//Locations/IIT Jammu	↓ Aug 10, 2018 03:10:46 PM
Mojo 87:10:5F	88:B1:E1:87:10:5F		Unknown	IIT_DH	--	*//Locations/Unknown (Reserved)	↓ Apr 04, 2019 09:56:31 AM
Mojo 5A:D9:BF	88:B1:E1:5A:D9:BF		Unknown	IIT_DH	--	*//Locations/Unknown (Reserved)	↓ Apr 09, 2019 02:57:29 PM
Mojo 00:01:1F	88:B1:E1:00:01:1F		Unknown	IIT_DH	--	*//Locations/Unknown (Reserved)	↓ Feb 25, 2019 12:22:07 PM
Mojo R1:15:1F	88:B1:E1:R1:15:1F		Unknown	IIT_DH	--	*//Locations/Unknown (Reserved)	↓ Nov 16, 2018 03:15:26 PM

Wireless Configuration

- All configurations on WM are based on location hierarchy.
 - Child node can inherit the configuration from Parent node.
 - Inheritance can be broken at any node/location to define configuration for that location
- All configurations on WM are object based.
- Two objects need to be defined to configure a device.
 - SSID Profile: SSID-specific parameters
 - Device Template: Radio configuration which are SSID-agnostic

Configuration: SSID Profile

- SSID Profile includes parameters which are specific to each SSID, for e.g authentication mechanism

The screenshot shows the Arista configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Dashboard', 'Monitoring', 'Events', 'Locations', 'Reports', 'Forensics', and 'Configuration'. The user is logged in as 'Akash Singh' on 'Apr 30 2019, 12:08:44 PM'. The left sidebar shows a tree view of 'Locations' and 'Project' with various entries like 'IIT-D', 'IISc Bangalore', etc. The main content area is titled 'Add Wi-Fi Profile' and has two tabs: 'WLAN' and 'Hotspot 2.0'. The 'WLAN' tab is active. It contains several input fields and checkboxes: 'Profile Name' (text box), 'SSID' (text box), 'Broadcast SSID' (checked), 'Guest SSID' (unchecked), 'Application Visibility' (unchecked), and 'Association Analytics' (unchecked). Below these are expandable sections for 'Security', 'Network', 'Role Based Control', 'Captive Portal', 'Bonjour Gateway', 'HTTP Content Analytics', 'Firewall', 'SSID Scheduling', 'Traffic Shaping & QoS', and 'RF Optimizations'. Each section shows its current status, such as 'Open', 'VLAN - 0 ; Bridged', 'Role Based Control - Disabled', etc.

Configuration: Device Template

- Device Template contains all the parameters that are SSID-agnostic
- Any no of device templates can be created but each location can have only active (default) device template.

The screenshot shows the Arista Configuration interface. The top navigation bar includes Dashboard, Devices, Events, Locations, Reports, Forensics, and Configuration. The user is Sean Blanton, and the date is Apr 8 2016, 07:20:55 PM. The left sidebar shows a tree view of locations: Global Enterprise (Unknown, APAC, EMEA, North America), United States (New York City, San Francisco (HQ), Floor 1, Floor 2, Floor 3, Floor 4), and Seattle. The main content area is titled 'Device Templates' and includes a description: 'Device Templates specify settings for the managed devices such as mode, operating region, channels, password, antennas, offline parameters, etc. Create Device Templates here and then for a selected location, choose a template that will be the default template for the managed devices at that location (inherited automatically by child locations). For any managed device, the default template can be later replaced by attaching a different template to that device in the Devices listing.'

Below the description is a table of device templates:

Template Name	Description	Location
<input type="checkbox"/> System Template	Pre-defined System template that is used to set up the Sensors initially.	//Global Enterprise
<input type="checkbox"/> Global Template		//Global Enterprise
<input type="checkbox"/> North America template		//Global Enterprise/North Ame

A confirmation dialog is open in the center of the screen. It has a question mark icon and the following text:

Confirm

All new Managed Devices which connect to this location will now use this applied template.

In addition, if you want the existing Managed Devices at this location to also use this freshly applied template, answer "Yes".

If you would like the existing Managed Devices at this location to continue using the older default device template, answer "No"

Buttons: Yes, No, Cancel

Management of APs

- Command Line Interface (CLI)
 - SSH is required to fetch the information
 - CLI access is device (AP) specific.
 - Only limited set of commands.
 - User needs special privileges for executing advanced commands.
- Graphical User Interface (GUI)
 - Provides visual access to network configurations and monitoring dashboard.
 - User needs to navigate through the UI which sometimes makes it slow and time consuming.
 - User cannot interact with GUI programmatically.

Management of APs

- Application Programming Interface (API)
 - Enables the use of GET/SET methods to fetch information from WM and send instructions to change AP configuration/state.
 - API Response is in the JSON format, making it easier to fetch/modify the required information from WM.
 - APIs can be easily integrated with other application using any programming language that supports HTTP-based calls.
 - More than one API can be called a at time making the whole process very fast and reliable.

Arista WiFi APIs

- Web-based API that allow developers to programmatically interact with Wireless Manager(MW).
- Arista WIFI API call flow is divided into two parts:
 - Accessing Service (Authentication Required): Login into Wireless Manger
 - Fetching information of Wireless Manger Using HTTP methods: GET,POST,PUT DELETE (No additional authentication required).

What Action Does the API Perform?



Management

- User Management
- Location and Layouts
- Device Management
- Event Management
- Reports Management
- Local Policies



Troubleshooting

- Troubleshooting



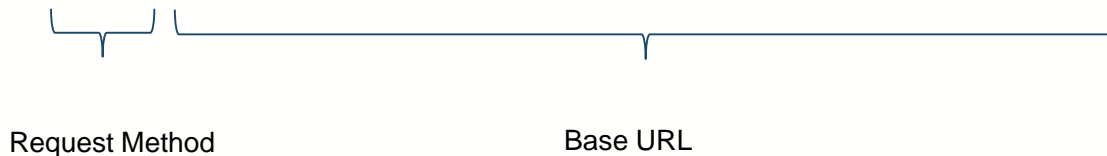
Analytics

- Association and Visibility Analytics
- Application Visibility
- User Action Log

Arista API Syntax

API Syntax : <HTTP_request_method> <Base_URL>/<API_signature>

- HTTP request types: GET, PUT, POST, or DELETE.
- Base Url: https://<Mojo_Server_IP>/new/webservice/{version}
- Sample Call: **POST** https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/v2

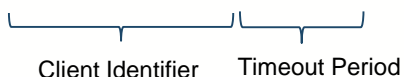


Login into Wireless Manager

- Wireless Manager provides support for a Key Validation Service (KVS).
- Launchpad generates key-value pairs and assigns appropriate service privileges on this key-value pair.
- Key-value pair is used to authenticate Wireless Manager through REST APIs.



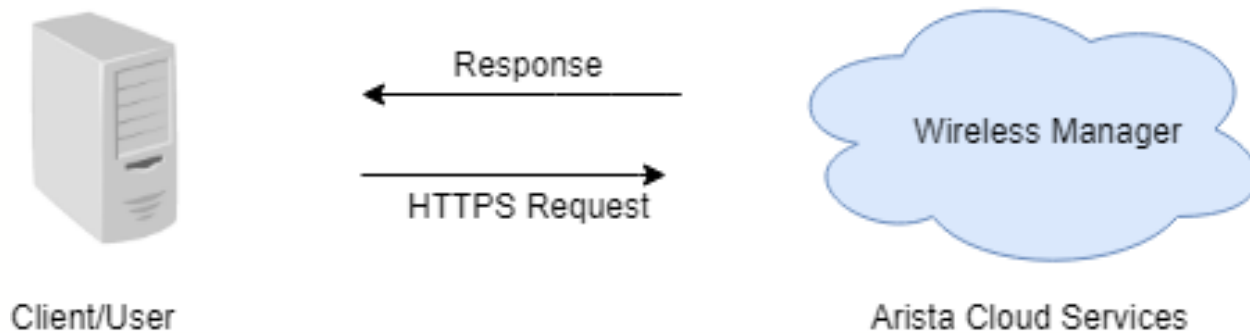
API Call For Accessing Wireless Manager

- API is used to log in to the Arista Server in the Arista Cloud.
- **URL:** <https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/login/modScanWifi/86400>

- **Method:** POST
- **Status Code :** 200
- **Request Body:**

```
{  
    "type": "apikeycredentials",  
    "keyId": "KEY-ATN*****",  
    "keyValue": "*****"  
}
```
- **Response Body:**
 - >> (Check Response on REST Client)

Fetching Information Using API Call

- No additional authentication is required for API call.



Making an API Call (1/2)

- **API Request:**

- **Path Parameters**

- » API Syntax: POST <Base_URL>/login/{clientidentifier}/{timeout}

- » Sample URL: <https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/login/modScanWifi/3600>

Client Identifier Timeout Period

- **URL Parameters:** are name-value pairs that are appended to the request URL

- » API Syntax:

- GET<Base_URL>/ual/{starttime}/{endtime}/{filtertype}/{encoding}?sortfilter=<value>&location=<value>

- » Sample URL: GET

- [https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/ual/1000000/2000000/1/UTF-8?sortfilter=DATE_TIME&location={\"type\":\"locallocationid\",\"id\":\"1\"}](https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/ual/1000000/2000000/1/UTF-8?sortfilter=DATE_TIME&location={\)

Name Value Pair

- **Body Parameters:** are provided in the application/JSON format

```
{
  "type": "apikeycredentials",
  "keyId": "KEY-ATN*****",
  "keyValue": "*****"
}
```


Making an API Call (2/2)

- **API Response:**

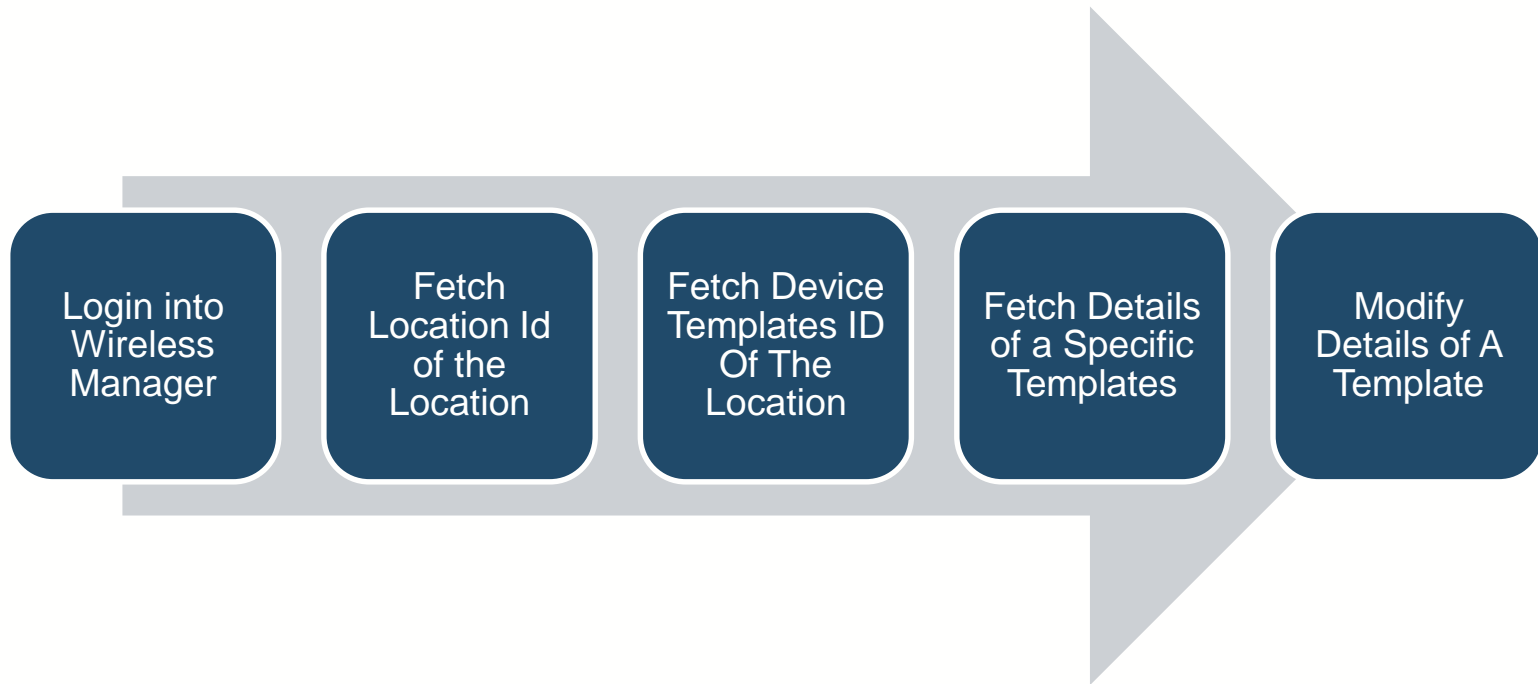
- The success/failure of the API response is determined by the status code.
- API response body may or may not contain any information:

>> Sample Response: provided in the application/JSON format

```
{  
  "version": "6.8",  
  "build": "6.8.10",  
}
```

Examples 1

- Modifying Transmission Power in Device Template



Example 1/5

- Login into Wireless Manager
 - >> API is used to log in to the Arista Server in the Arista Cloud.
 - >> **URL:** <https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/login/modScanWifi/86400>
 - >> **Method:** POST
 - >> **Status Code :** 200
 - >> **Request Body:**

```
{  
    "type": "apikeycredentials",  
    "keyId": "KEY-ATN*****",  
    "keyValue": "*****"  
}
```
 - >> **Response Body:**
(Check Response on REST Client)


Examples (2/5)

- Get Location Id
 - API call is used to fetch location Id of all the locations in location tree.
 - **URL:** <https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/v2/locations/tree>
 - **Method:** Get
 - **Status Code:** 200
 - **Request Body-** NIL
 - **Response Body:**
 - >> (Check Response on REST Client)

Note:

- Please note down the LocationID for location specific response.
- Location Id is a system generated Unique Identifier of each location in the location hierarchy.
- Location in the Location Hierarchy is of three type: Root Location, Parent Location, Child Location
- Every Location has unique LocationId

Examples (3/5)

- Get Template ID of Device Templates at Specific Location
 - API is used to fetch list of Templates configured on specific location.
 - **URL:**
https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/v3/templates/26/DEVICE_TEMPLATE?locationid=30
Template Id
 - Method: GET
 - Request Body: N/A
 - Response Code: 200
 - Response Body:
 - >> (Check Response on REST Client)

Note:

- Please note down the TemplateID for template specific response
- TemplateID is a system generated Unique Identifier for the templates
- Templates are used to push the configuration on APs

Examples (4/5)

- **Get Details of Device Templates at Specific Location**
 - API is used to fetch list of Templates configured on specific location.
 - **URL:**
https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com//new/webservice/v3/templates/21/DEVICE_TEMPLATE?locationid=24
 - Method: GET
 - Request Body: N/A
 - Response Code: 200
 - Response Body:
 - >> (Check Response on REST Client)

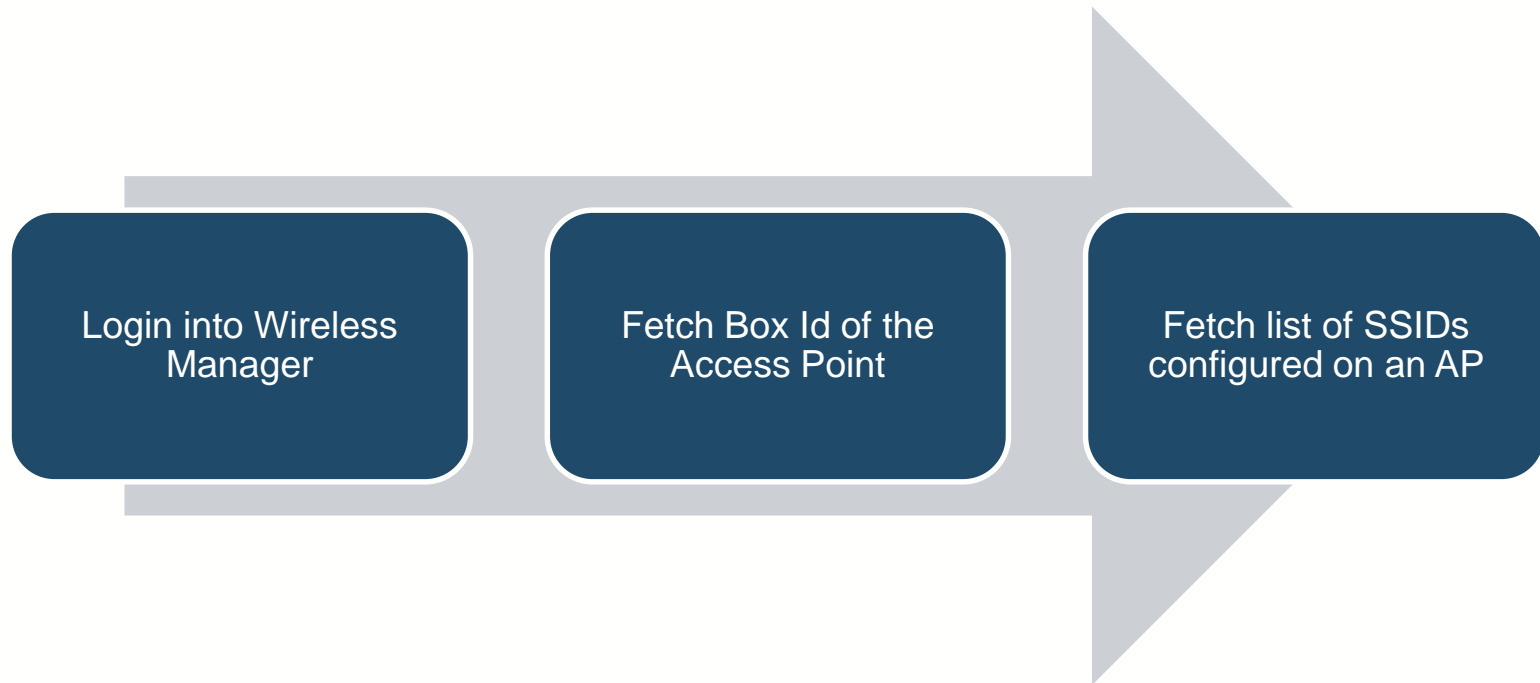
Examples (5/5)

Modifying Transmission Power of 2.4GHz Band

- Get Signal Strength of AP or client radio that is acting as a transmitter
- **URL:** <https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/v3/templates>
- **Method :** POST
- **Request Body :**
- **Response Code :** 200
- **Response Body:**
 - >> (Please check Response in REST Client)
 - >> Changed parameters can be verified by checking the required parameter in the JSON response

Examples 2

- Fetching SSIDs Radiating on a Specific AP



Example 2: 1/3

- Login into Wireless Manager
 - >> API is used to log in to the Arista Server in the Arista Cloud.
 - >> **URL:** <https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/login/modScanWifi/86400>
 - >> **Method:** POST
 - >> **Status Code :** 200
 - >> **Request Body:**

```
{  
    "type": "apikeycredentials",  
    "keyId": "KEY-ATN*****",  
    "keyValue": "*****"  
}
```
 - >> **Response Body:**
(Check Response on REST Client)

Example 2: 2/3

- Get Managed Devices

- >> This API is used to retrieve a paged list against the MAC address of the device.

- >> **URL:**

- [https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/v3/devices/manageddevices?sortby="name"&filter={"property":"macaddress","value":\["00:11:74:80:3D:7F"\],"operator": "contains"}](https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/v3/devices/manageddevices?sortby=)

- >> **Method:** GET

- >> **Status Code :** 200

- >> **Request Body:** N/A

- >> **Response Body:**

- (Check Response on REST Client)

Note:

- Please note down the boxId for the device for subsequent API calls.
- BoxId is a unique system generated identifier of the AP

Example 2: 3/3

- Get Managed Devices

- >> This API is used to retrieve a list of SSIDs configured on the Access Point .

- >> **URL:**

- <https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/V4/devices/ssids?manageddeviceboxid=18>

- >> **Method:** GET

- >> **Status Code :** 200

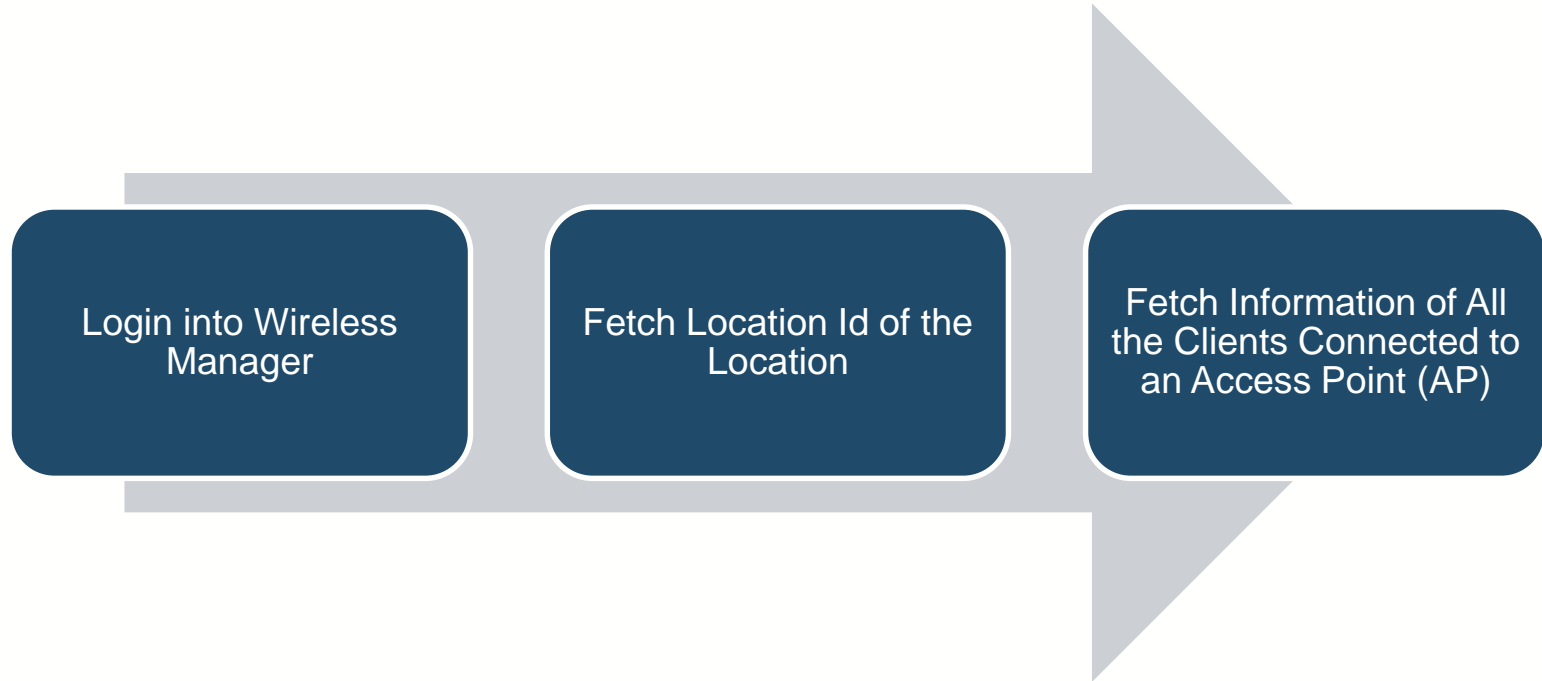
- >> **Request Body:** N/A

- >> **Response Body:**

- [
 "test_2.4",
 "iisc_test_5",
 "IISC_test_2.4"
]

Examples 3

- Fetching List of Clients Connected on a Specific Access Point



Example 3: 1/3

- Login into Wireless Manager
 - >> API is used to log in to the Arista Server in the Arista Cloud.
 - >> **URL:** <https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/login/modScanWifi/86400>
 - >> **Method:** POST
 - >> **Status Code :** 200
 - >> **Request Body:**

```
{  
    "type": "apikeycredentials",  
    "keyId": "KEY-ATN*****",  
    "keyValue": "*****"  
}
```
 - >> **Response Body:**
(Check Response on REST Client)

Example 3: (2/3)

- Get Location Id
 - API call is used to fetch location specific details of all the locations in location hierarchy.
 - **URL:** <https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/v2/locations/tree>
 - **Method:** Get
 - **Status Code:** 200
 - **Request Body-** NIL
 - **Response Body:**
 - » (Check Response on REST Client)

Note:

- Please note down the LocationID for location specific response
- Location Id is a system generated Unique Identifier of each location in the location hierarchy.
- Location in the Location Hierarchy is of three type: Root Location, Parent Location, Child Location
- Every Location has a unique LocationId

Examples 3: (3/3)

- Fetch Clients Details
 - API call is used to fetch the details of all clients connected the specific location.
 - **URL:**
<https://awm17001.srv.wifi.arista.com/new/webservice/v2/devices/clients/0/25?capability=2&locationid=30&sortcolumn=devicename&sortascending=false>
 - **Method:** Get
 - **Status Code:** 200
 - **Request Body-** NIL
 - **Response Body:**
 - >> (Check Response on REST Client)



Thank You

www.arista.com