SQL Exercise 1

1. Create the table SEMP with the following structure:-

EMPNO CHAR(4)
EMPNAME CHAR(20)
BASIC FLOAT
DEPTNO CHAR(2)
DEPTHEAD CHAR(4)

2. Create the table SDEPT with the following structure:-

DEPTNO CHAR(2) DEPTNAME CHAR(15)

3. Insert into the SDEPT table the following values:-

10, Development

20, Training

4. Insert into the SEMP table the following values:-

0001, SUNIL, 6000, 10 0002, HIREN, 8000, 20 0003, ALI, 4000, 10, 0001

0004, GEORGE, 6000, 0002

Create S, P, J, SPJ tables as specified below and insert a few rows in each table:-

SUPPLIER - S
(S#, Sname, Status, City)
PARTS - P
(P#, Pname, Color, Weight, City)
PROJECTS - J
(J#, Jname, City)
SUPPLIER-PARTS-PROJECT - SPJ
(S#, P#, J#, Qty)

Sample data for S# column:- 'S1', 'S2', 'S3', etc. Sample data for P# column:- 'P1', 'P2', 'P3', etc. Sample data for J# column:- 'J1', 'J2', 'J3', etc. Sample data for Status column:- 10, 20, 30, etc.

Write the SELECT queries to do the following:-

- 5. Display all the data from the S table.
- 6. Display only the S# and SNAME fields from the S table.
- 7. Display the PNAME and COLOR from the P table for the CITY="London".
- 8. Display all the Suppliers from London.
- 9. Display all the Suppliers from Paris or Athens.
- 10. Display all the Projects in Athens.
- 11. Display all the Partnames with the weight between 12 and 14 (inclusive of both).
- 12. Display all the Suppliers with a Status greater than or equal to 20.
- 13. Display all the Suppliers except the Suppliers from London.
- 14. Display only the Cities from where the Suppliers come from.
- 15. Assuming that the Part Weight is in GRAMS, display the same in MILLIGRAMS and KILOGRAMS.