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## Aufgabe 1

a)

$$\nabla(\mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{k}) = \hat{\mathbf{e}}_{x} \partial_{x} x k_{x} + \hat{\mathbf{e}}_{y} \partial_{y} y k_{y} + \hat{\mathbf{e}}_{z} \partial_{z} z k_{z}$$

$$= \hat{\mathbf{e}}_{x} k_{x} + \hat{\mathbf{e}}_{y} k_{y} + \hat{\mathbf{e}}_{z} k_{z}$$

$$= \mathbf{k}$$

b)

$$\nabla \left(\frac{1}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{k}|}\right) = \nabla \left[ (x - k_{\mathbf{x}})^2 + (y - k_{\mathbf{y}})^2 + (z - k_{\mathbf{z}})^2 \right]^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \left[ 2(x - k_{\mathbf{x}})\hat{\mathbf{e}}_{\mathbf{x}} + 2(y - k_{\mathbf{y}})\hat{\mathbf{e}}_{\mathbf{y}} + 2(z - k_{\mathbf{z}})\hat{\mathbf{e}}_{\mathbf{z}} \right]$$

$$\cdot \frac{-1}{2} \left[ (x - k_{\mathbf{x}})^2 + (y - k_{\mathbf{y}})^2 + (z - k_{\mathbf{z}})^2 \right]^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$= -\frac{\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{k}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{k}|^3}$$