# Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology



# **Penetration Testing Report**

**IE3022 - Applied Information Assurance** 

**B.Sc.** (Hons) in Information Technology Specializing Cyber Security

# **Student Details**

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## **Executive Summary**

The target system was examined and analyzed using a variety of standardized tools and utilities. Overall, we agree that the implementations under review have reached an acceptable level of security, while we believe that corrective action is necessary due to medium and low risk concerns. The investigation's findings revealed traits that are well-protected against a number of well-known vulnerabilities.

I discovered high, medium, and low-level vulnerabilities and flaws on alibaba.com, including Session Cookie Not Marked as Secure, Weak Ciphers Enabled.

Following tools that I used to do this penetration testing report.

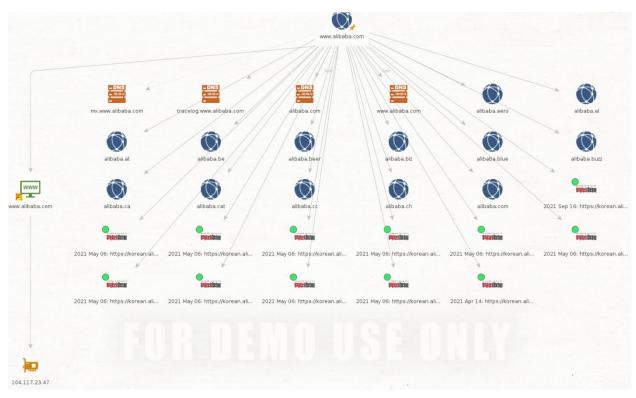
- 1. Nmap
- 2. Maltego
- 3. Nslookup
- 4. recon-ng
- 5. sublist3r
- 6. theHarvester
- 7. angry ip
- 8. (Zenmap)nmap
- 9. legion tool
- 10. netsparker
- 11. nikto

## 1. Foot printing and Reconnaissance

Foot printing is a type of reconnaissance that involves gathering information about a target computer system or network. Both passive and aggressive foot printing are possible. Examining a company's website is an example of passive information gathering but using social engineering to get access to classified material is an example of active information gathering.

## • Maltego

Using Maltego, we may determine the ties to which persons are related, such as their social profile, common acquaintances, companies based on the information gathered, and websites.



## • Recon-ng

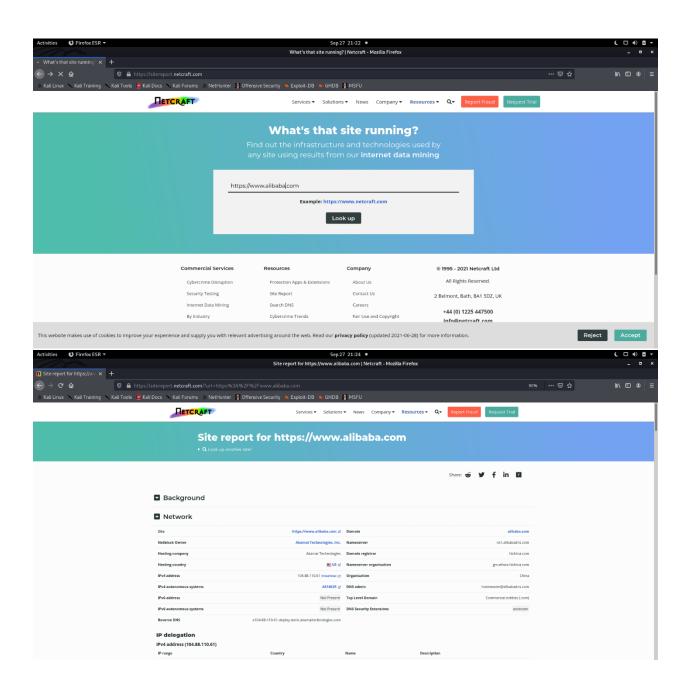
Recon-ng is a Python Web Reconnaissance framework with a lot of features. Recon-ng provides a powerful environment for conducting open-source web-based reconnaissance quickly and completely, with distinct modules, database interface, built-in convenience functions, interactive help, and command completion.

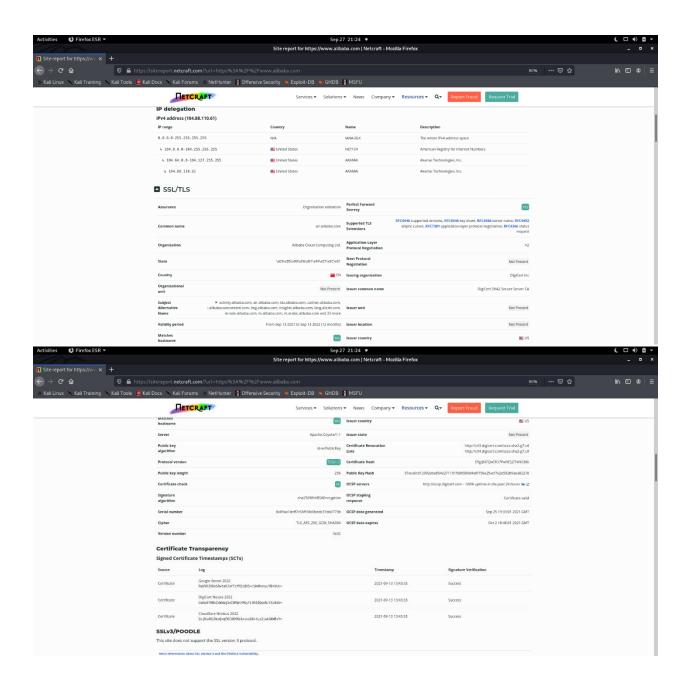
```
[recon-ng][alibaba] > modules load netcraft
[recon-ng][alibaba][netcraft] > info
      Name: Netcraft Hostname Enumerator
    Author: thrapt (thrapt@gmail.com)
   Version: 1.1
Description:
 Harvests hosts from Netcraft.com. Updates the 'hosts' table with the results.
Options:
  Name
         Current Value Required Description
  SOURCE alibaba.com
                                  source of input (see 'info' for details)
                        ves
Source Options:
                SELECT DISTINCT domain FROM domains WHERE domain IS NOT NULL
 default
                string representing a single input
 <string>
                path to a file containing a list of inputs
 <path>
                database query returning one column of inputs
 query <sql>
[recon-ng][alibaba][netcraft] > run
```

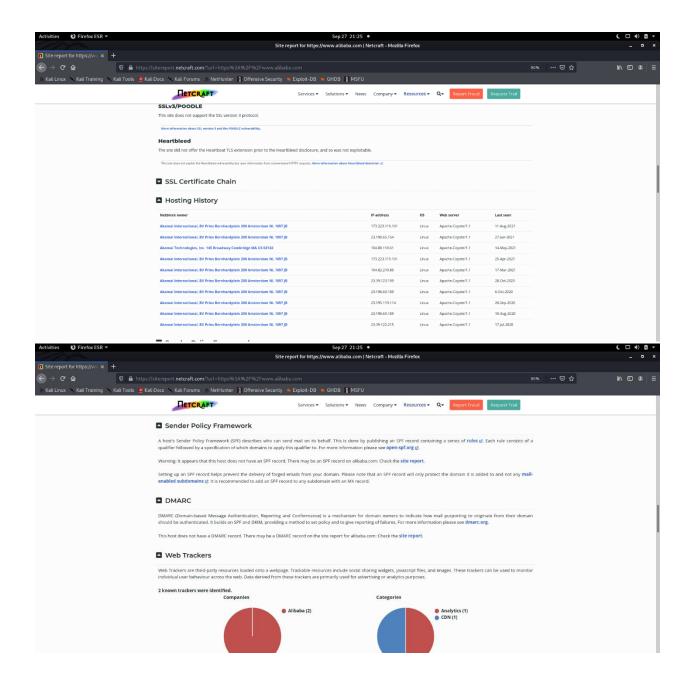
```
[recon-ng][alibaba][netcraft] > options set SOURCE alibaba.com
SOURCE => alibaba.com
[recon-ng][alibaba][netcraft] > run
ALIBABA.COM
[*] URL: http://searchdns.netcraft.com/?restriction=site%2Bends%2Bwith&host=alibaba.com
[*] Country: None
[*] Host: russian.alibaba.com
[*] Ip_Address: None
[*] Latitude: None
[*] Longitude: None
[*] Notes: None
[*] Region: None
[*] Country: None
[*] Host: biz.alibaba.com
[*] Ip_Address: None
[*] Latitude: None
[*] Longitude: None
[*] Notes: None
[*] Region: None
[*] -----
[*] Country: None
[*] Host: french.alibaba.com
[*] Ip_Address: None
[*] Latitude: None
[*] Longitude: None
[*] Notes: None
[*] Region: None
[*] -----
[*] Country: None
[*] Host: cashier.alibaba.com
[*] Ip_Address: None
[*] Latitude: None
[*] Longitude: None
[*] Notes: None
[*] Region: None
[*] Country: None
[*] Host: portuguese.alibaba.com
[*] Ip_Address: None
[*] Latitude: None
[*] Longitude: None
[*] Notes: None
[*] Region: None
[*] Country: None
```

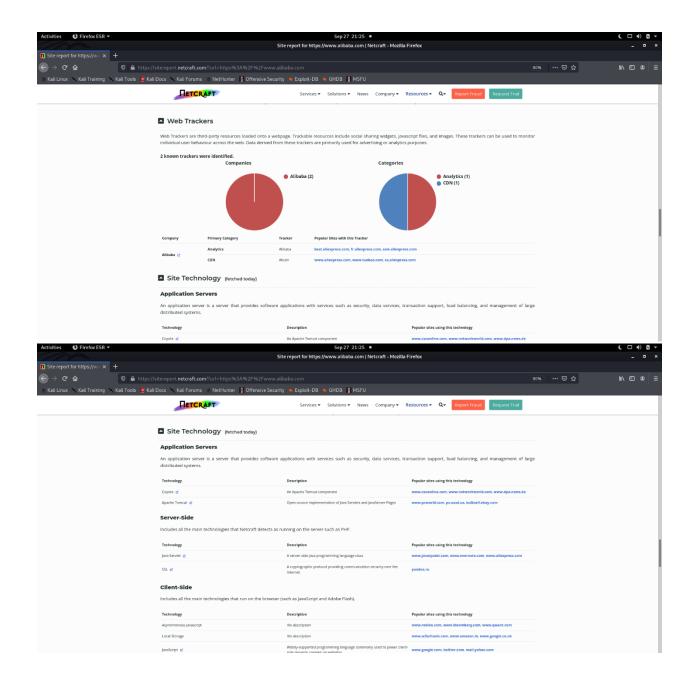
## • Netcraft.com

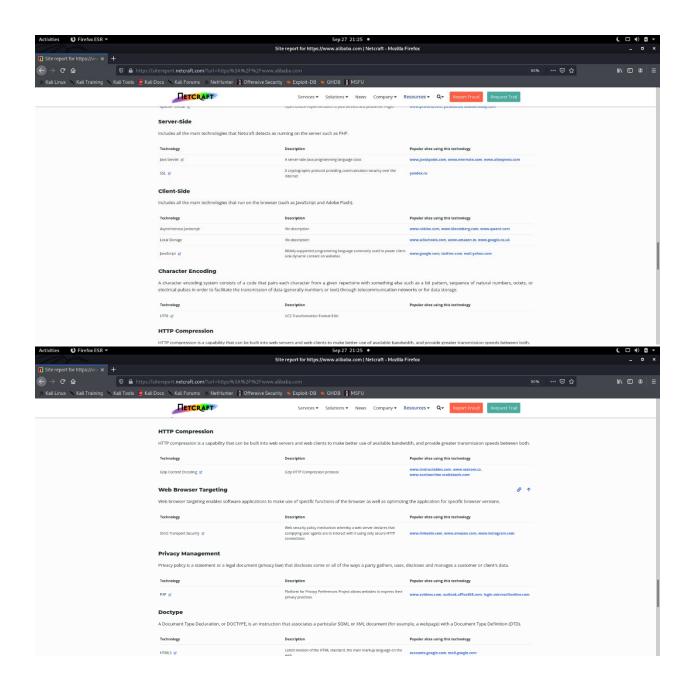
Netcraft provides cybercrime disruption and anti-phishing services, as well as application security testing, code reviews, automated penetration testing, research data, and research on a wide range of internet issues.











## Nslookup

nslookup is a network administration command-line tool that looks up the mapping between a domain name and an IP address, as well as other DNS records, in the Domain Name System.

```
jmax@kali:~$ nslookup alibaba.com
Server: 192.168.0.1
Address: 192.168.0.1#53

Non-authoritative answer:
Name: alibaba.com
Address: 47.246.136.125
Name: alibaba.com
Address: 47.246.137.166
```

## • Sublist3r

Sublist3r is a Python application that enumerates website subdomains using OSINT. It helps penetration testers and bug hunters collect and aggregate subdomains for the specified site. Sublist3r uses a number of search engines to count subdomains.

```
<mark>jmax@kali:~</mark>$ sublist3r -d alibaba.com
                # Coded By Ahmed Aboul-Ela - @aboul3la
   Enumerating subdomains now for alibaba.com
   Searching now in Baidu..
   Searching now in Yahoo..
   Searching now in Google..
   Searching now in Bing..
   Searching now in Ask..
   Searching now in Netcraft..
   Searching now in DNSdumpster..
   Searching now in Virustotal..
   Searching now in ThreatCrowd..
   Searching now in SSL Certificates..
   Searching now in PassiveDNS..
 -] Total Unique Subdomains Found: 5625
 ww.alibaba.com
102.alibaba.com
107.alibaba.com
110.alibaba.com
1818.alibaba.com
a3.alibaba.com
a60mx1.alibaba.com
a60mx3.alibaba.com
a60mx4.alibaba.com
a60mx5.alibaba.com
acookie.alibaba.com
activityservice.alibaba.com
adcmsservice.alibaba.com
mx.admintool1.alibaba.com
mx.admintool2.alibaba.com
mx.admintool3.alibaba.com
mx.admintool4.alibaba.com
cn.ae.alibaba.com
us.ae.alibaba.com
aeadossservice.alibaba.com
agi.alibaba.com
agla.alibaba.com
```

### • theHarvester

The goal of the programmes is to collect email, host names, employee names, subdomains, open ports, and banners from public resources such as search engines, PGP key servers, and computer databases such as Shodan.

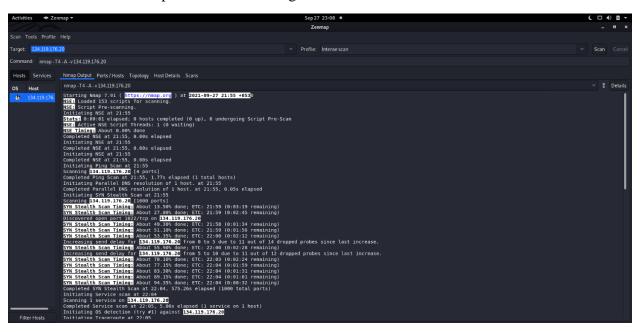
```
max@kali:~$ theHarvester -d www.alibaba.com -l 500 -b google
 theHarvester 4.0.0
 Coded by Christian Martorella
 Edge-Security Research
 cmartorella@edge-security.com
*] Target: www.alibaba.com
       Searching 0 results.
       Searching 100 results.
       Searching 200 results.
       Searching 300 results.
       Searching 400 results.
       Searching 500 results.
*] Searching Google.
*] No IPs found.
*] No emails found.
*] No hosts found.
```

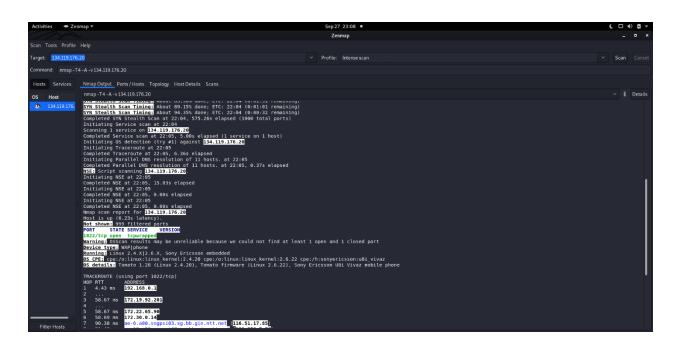
## 2. Scanning

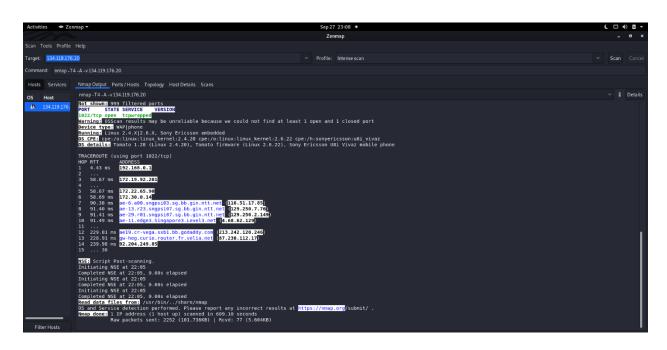
## • Zenmap

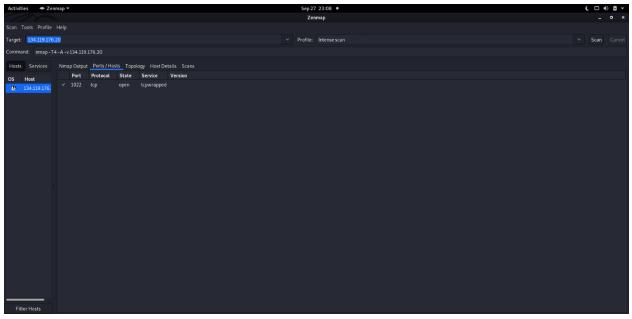
Zenmap is the official graphical user interface (GUI) for the Nmap Security Scanner. It is a multi-platform, free and open-source application designed to make Nmap easy for beginners to use while providing advanced features for experienced Nmap user.

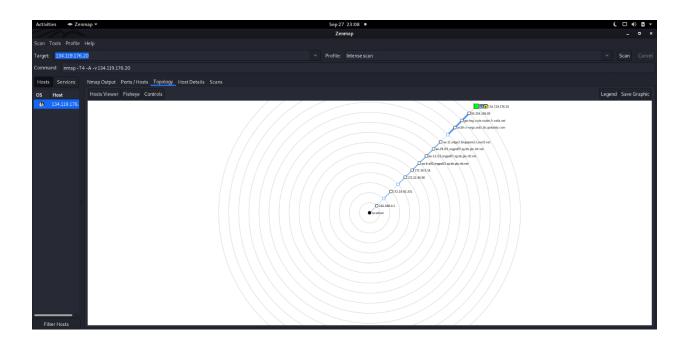
Below results captured after scanning the domain IP.

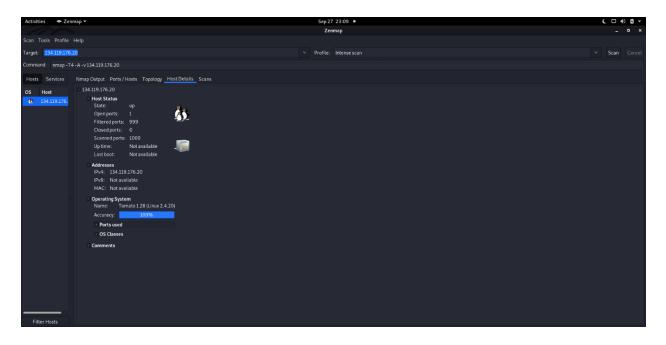








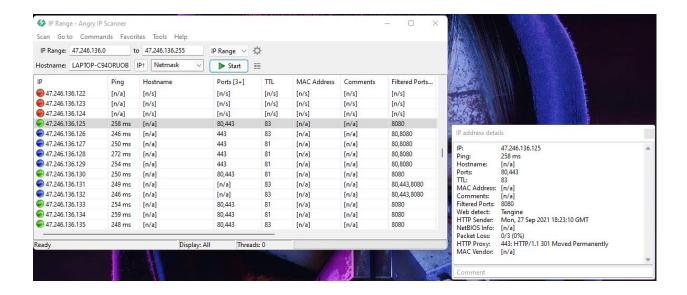




## Angry ip

Angry IP Scanner is a cross-platform, open-source network scanner that is quick and easy to use. It checks IP addresses and ports and has a slew of additional capabilities. It is extensively used by network administrators and ordinary users all over the world, including major and small businesses, banks, and government organizations. It operates on Linux, Windows, and Mac OS X, and it may support additional platforms in the future.

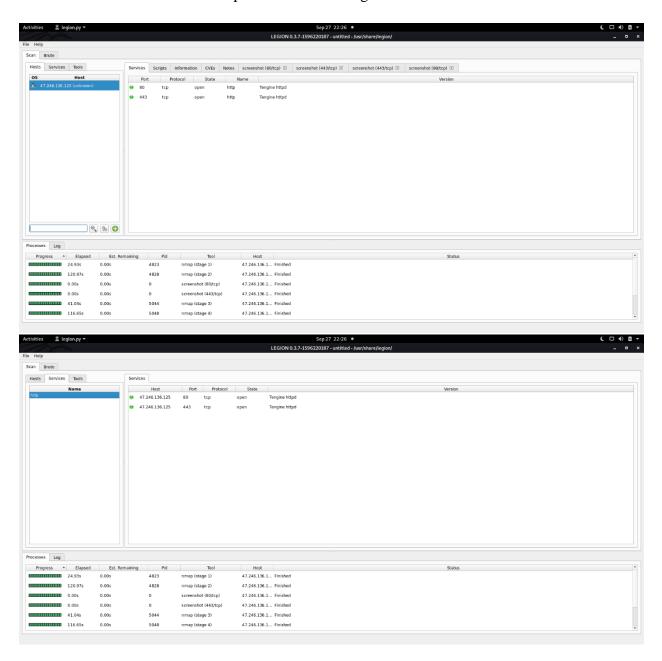
Below results captured after scanning the domain IP.

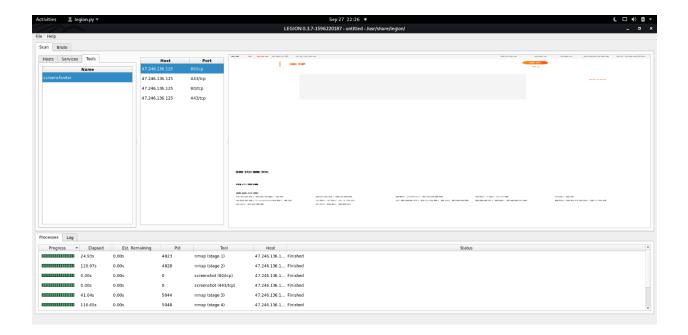


## 3. Enumeration

## • Legion Tool

Legion is a penetration testing platform with a moderate level of difficulty. Legion is a really simple game to play. Legion Tool is a graphical user interface (GUI) with panels and a variety of options that enable pentesters to quickly identify and exploit attack pathways on hosts. Below results captured after scanning the domain IP.





### Host command

The host command is used to do DNS (Domain Name System) lookups on a Linux system. In layman's words, the host command is used to locate the domain name of a particular IP address or to discover the IP address of a specific domain name. Below results captured after scanning the domain.

## public ip and mail servers

```
jmax@kali:~$ host alibaba.com
alibaba.com has address 47.246.137.166
alibaba.com has address 47.246.136.125
alibaba.com mail is handled by 10 mx01.mail.alibaba.com.
alibaba.com mail is handled by 20 mx02.mail.alibaba.com.
jmax@kali:~$
```

#### Name servers

```
jmax@kali:~$ host -t ns alibaba.com
alibaba.com name server ns2.alibabadns.com.
alibaba.com name server ns1.alibabadns.com.
jmax@kali:~$ [
```

### • Mail servers

```
jmax@kali:~$ host -t mx alibaba.com
alibaba.com mail is handled by 10 mx01.mail.alibaba.com.
alibaba.com mail is handled by 20 mx02.mail.alibaba.com.
jmax@kali:~$ [
```

```
jmax@kali:~$ host -mx alibaba.com
alibaba.com has address 47.246.137.166
alibaba.com has address 47.246.136.125
alibaba.com mail is handled by 20 mx02.mail.alibaba.com.
alibaba.com mail is handled by 10 mx01.mail.alibaba.com.
     13:
                   1 gets,
                                      0 rem
     22:
                   1 gets,
                                      0 rem
     23:
                   2 gets,
                                      0 rem
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 128 ff)
     32:
                   22 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 73 ff)
     56:
                   1 gets.
                                      0 rem (0 bl, 7 ff)
     64:
                   10 gets,
     72:
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 56 ff)
                   1 gets,
     80:
                 389 gets,
                                      0 rem (3 bl, 153 ff)
     96:
                   13 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 43 ff)
    104:
                   1 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 39 ff)
                                      0 rem (4 bl, 136 ff)
    120:
                 384 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 29 ff)
    144:
                   1 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 26 ff)
    152:
                   4 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 25 ff)
    160:
                   1 gets,
    168:
                   1 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 24 ff)
    216:
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 18 ff)
                   1 gets.
    288:
                   1 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 14 ff)
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 12 ff)
    336:
                   7 gets,
                   3 gets,
                                      0 rem (0 bl, 1 ff)
    344:
    360:
                   3 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 11 ff)
    496:
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 8 ff)
                   6 gets.
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 8 ff)
    512:
                   6 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 7 ff)
    536:
                   3 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 7 ff)
                   3 gets,
    576:
    664:
                   3 gets,
                                      0 rem (1 bl, 6 ff)
>= 1100:
                  23 gets,
                                      0 rem
jmax@kali:~$
```

## Dig command

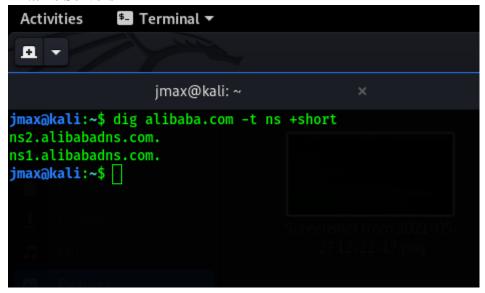
dig is a command-line application for network administration that searches the Domain Name System. Dig is useful for both troubleshooting and teaching. It may run in batch mode by reading requests from a file on the operating system, or it can execute based on command line options and flag arguments.

```
max@kali:~$ dig alibaba.com
 <>>> DiG 9.16.4-Debian <<>> alibaba.com
; global options: +cmd
; Got answer:
; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 20388
; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 2, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; QUESTION SECTION:
alibaba.com.
                           IN
; ANSWER SECTION:
libaba.com.
                           IN
                                          47.246.137.166
alibaba.com.
                           IN
                                          47.246.136.125
; Query time: 40 msec
; SERVER: 192.168.0.1#53(192.168.0.1)
  WHEN: Mon Sep 27 21:56:43 +0530 2021
; MSG SIZE rcvd: 100
 ax@kali:~$
```

### Mail Servers

```
jmax@kali: ~
                                                                          jmax@kali: ~
                                                    jmax@kali: ~
jmax@kali:~$ dig mx.alibaba.com
; <<>> DiG 9.16.4-Debian <<>> mx.alibaba.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 27926
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 212
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
 EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 4096
 COOKIE: 9c953baac464ef97d2270d526151f4d2be4b6b195993a786 (good)
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;mx.alibaba.com.
;; ANSWER SECTION:
mx.alibaba.com.
                        600
                                                205.204.114.65
;; Query time: 192 msec
;; SERVER: 192.168.0.1#53(192.168.0.1)
;; WHEN: Mon Sep 27 21:57:31 +0530 2021
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 87
jmax@kali:~$
```

### Name Servers



## 4. Analyzing Vulnerabilities

## Nikto scan

Nikto is a free command-line vulnerability scanner that searches webservers for dangerous files/CGIs, outdated server software, and other problems.

## Netsparker

Netsparker is an online application security scanner that is fully customizable and enables you to scan and identify security problems in websites, web apps, and web services. Regardless of platform or programming language, Netsparker can scan a wide range of web applications.



## Explanation

This report is generated based on OWASP Top Ten 2017 classification.

There are 6 more vulnerabilities that are not shown below. Please take a look at the detailed scan report to see them.



# **Vulnerabilities Found**

CONFIRM	VULNERABILITY	METHOD	URL	SEVERITY
A3 - SENSITIVE DATA EXPOSURE				
1	Session Cookie Not Marked as Secure	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/detail/ajax/querylpAjax.do?_=16327610 89406&idmtrack_pageid=67f6250a210167a06151f14a17c282502 7c204362e&jsonp=jsonpFooterCallback¬_set_global_site_loca le=y	HIGH
1	Weak Ciphers Enabled	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/	MEDIUM
±	Cookie Not Marked as Secure	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/detail/ajax/querylpAjax.do?_=16327610 89406&/dmtrack_pageid=67f6250a210167a06151f14a17c282502 7c204362e&jsonp=jsonpFooterCallback¬_set_global_site_loca le=y	LOW
1	Insecure Transportation Security Protocol Supported (TLS 1.0)	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/	LOW
1	Passive Mixed Content over HTTPS	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/consumer-electronics/battery-grip/p44 _p100010901	LOW
1	Insecure Transportation Security Protocol Supported (TLS 1.1)	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/	BEST PRACTICE
1	Referrer-Policy Not Implemented	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/consumer-electronics/action-sports-camera/p44_p201340102	BEST PRACTICE
A6 - SECURITY MISCONFIGURATION				
1	HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/	MEDIUM
±	Cookie Not Marked as HttpQnly.	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/detail/ajax/querylpAjax.do?_=16327610 89406&/dmtrack_pageid=67f6250a210167a06151f14a17c282502 7c204362e&jsonp=jsonpFooterCallback¬_set_global_site_loca le=y	LOW
1	Insecure Frame (External)	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/consumer-electronics/action-sports-camera/p44_p201340102	LOW
1	[Possible] Phishing by. Navigating Browser Tabs	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/	LOW
1	Misconfigured Access- Control-Allow-Origin Header	GET	https://www.alibaba.com/weeklydeals	LOW

## 1. Out-of-date Version (Underscore.js)



Netsparker identified that the target web site is using Underscore is and detected that it is out of date.

#### Impact

Since this is an old version of the software, it may be vulnerable to attacks.

#### Underscore.js Improper Control of Generation of Code ('Code Injection') Vulnerability

The package underscore from 1.13.0-0 and before 1.13.0-2, from 1.3.2 and before 1.12.1 are vulnerable to Arbitrary Code Injection via the template function, particularly when a variable property is passed as an argument as it is not sanitized.

#### Affected Versions

1 3 2 to 1 12 0

#### **External References**

CVE-2021-23358

#### Vulnerabilities

1.1. https://www.alibaba.com/

#### **Identified Version**

1.8.3

#### Latest Version

1.13.1 (in this branch)

#### Vulnerability Database

Result is based on 09/21/2021 20:30:00 vulnerability database content.

#### Certainty

### 2. Session Cookie Not Marked as Secure



Netsparker identified a session cookie not marked as secure, and transmitted over HTTPS.

This means the cookie could potentially be stolen by an attacker who can successfully intercept the traffic, following a successful manin-the-middle attack.

It is important to note that Netsparker inferred from the its name that the cookie in question is session related.

#### Impact

This cookie will be transmitted over a HTTP connection, therefore an attacker might intercept it and hijack a victim's session. If the attacker can carry out a man-in-the-middle attack, he/she can force the victim to make an HTTP request to your website in order to steal the rookie.

#### Vulnerabilities

 $2.1. https://www.alibaba.com/detail/ajax/querylpAjax.do?\_=1632761089406\&dmtrack\_pageid=67f6250a210167a06151f14a17c2825027c204362e\&jsonp=jsonpFooterCallback\&not\_set\_global\_site\_locale=y$ 

#### CONFIRMED



#### Identified Cookie(s)

JSESSIONID

#### Cookie Source

HTTP Heade

# 3. Weak Ciphers Enabled

MEDIUM 🕙 1

CONFIRMED 💄 1

Netsparker detected that weak ciphers are enabled during secure communication (SSL).

You should allow only strong ciphers on your web server to protect secure communication with your visitors.

#### Impact

Attackers might decrypt SSL traffic between your server and your visitors.

#### Vulnerabilities

3.1. https://www.alibaba.com/

#### CONFIRMED

#### List of Supported Weak Ciphers

- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (0x0035)
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA (0x002F)
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA (0xC014)
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA (0xC013)
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA256 (0x003D)
- TLS\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 (0x003C)
- TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA384 (0xC024)
- TLS\_ECDHE\_ECDSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 (0xC023)
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_256\_CBC\_SHA384 (0xC028)
- TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_CBC\_SHA256 (0xC027)

#### Request

[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

#### Response

Response Time (ms): 1 Total Bytes Received: 27 Body Length: 0 Is Compressed: No

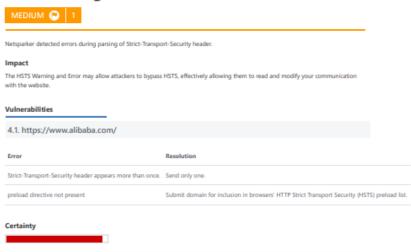
[NETSPARKER] SSL Connection

#### Actions to Take

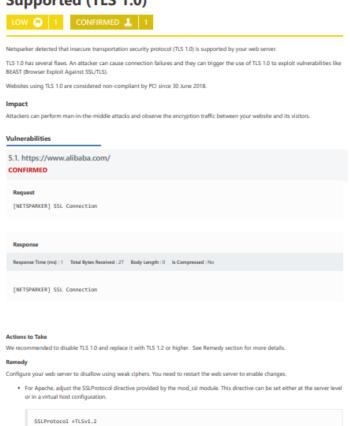
1. For Apache, you should modify the SSLCipherSuite directive in the httpd.conf.

SSLCipherSuite HIGH:MEDIUM: IMD5:1RC4

# 4. HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Errors and Warnings



# 5. Insecure Transportation Security Protocol Supported (TLS 1.0)



## 6. [Possible] Phishing by Navigating Browser Tabs



Netsparker identified possible phishing by navigating browser tabs but was unable to confirm the vulnerability.

Open windows with normal hrefs with the tag target="\_blank"can modify window.opener.locationand replace the parent webpage with something else, even on a different origin.

#### Impact

While this vulnerability doesn't allow script execution, it does allow phishing attacks that silently replace the parent tab. If the links lack rel="noopener noneferner" attribute, a third party site can change the URL of the source tab using

window.opener.location.assignand trick the users into thinking that they're still in a trusted page and lead them to enter their sensitive data on the malicious website.

#### Vulnerabilities

#### 6.1. https://www.alibaba.com/

#### **External Links**

- https://www.surveymonkey.com/s/Alibaba\_test\_participants?tracelog=footer\_feedback
- //www.alibabagroup.com/en/global/home?tracelog=footer\_alibabagroup
- //www.facebook.com/Alibaba.comGlobal
- //twitter.com/AlibabaB2B
- //www.youtube.com/user/TeamAlibaba
- //www.linkedin.com/company/alibaba-com
- http://www.alibabagroup.com/en/global/home
- http://www.taobao.com
- http://www.tmall.com/
- http://ju.taobao.com/
- http://www.aliexpress.com/
- http://www.1688.com
- · http://www.alimama.com/index.htm
- https://www.fliggy.com/
- https://g-sellercenter.taobao.com/mail
- https://www.alibabacloud.com/
- http://www.alios.cn/
- http://www.aliqin.cn/
- http://www.autonavi.com/
- http://www.ucweb.com/
- http://www.umeng.com/
- http://www.xiami.com/
- http://www.dingtalk.com/en
   https://global.alipay.com/
- http://taobao.lazada.sg/
- http://idinfo.zjamr.zj.gov.cn//bscx.do?method=lzxx&id=3301083301080000022169
- http://www.beian.gov.cn/portal/registerSystemInfo?recordcode=33010002000092
- http://beian.miit.gov.cn

#### Certainty

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# **Conclusion**

Following the assessment, it was found that, with the exception of a few loose ends, the application's basic security was not adequately planned and implemented. Overall, due to the employment of security methods and protocols, the web application's dependability and trustworthiness are well-structured.