



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
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APPLIED PHYSICS (BS1204)					

Course Objectives:

Physics curriculum which is re-oriented to the needs of Circuital branches of graduate engineering courses offered by Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Kakinada that serves as a transit to understand the branch specific advanced topics. The course is designed to:

- Impart Knowledge of Physical Optics phenomena like Interference and Diffraction required to design instruments with higher resolution.
- Understand the physics of Semiconductors and their working mechanism for their utility in sensors.
- To impart the knowledge of materials with characteristic utility in appliances.

UNIT-I

(10hrs)

WAVE OPTICS: Principle of Superposition - Interference of light - Conditions for sustained Interference - Interference in thin films (reflected geometry) - Newton's Rings (reflected geometry).

Diffraction - Fraunhofer Diffraction - Diffraction due to Single slit (quantitative), Double slit, N -slits and circular aperture (qualitative) – Intensity distribution curves - Diffraction Grating – Grating spectrum – missing order – resolving power – Rayleigh's criterion – Resolving powers of Microscope, Telescope and grating (qualitative).

Unit Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- **explain** the need of coherent sources and the conditions for sustained interference.
- **analyze** the differences between interference and diffraction with applications.
- **illustrate** the resolving power of various optical instruments.

UNIT-II

(9hrs)

QUANTUM MECHANICS: Introduction – Matter waves – de Broglie's hypothesis – Davisson-Germer experiment – G. P. Thomson experiment – Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle – interpretation of wave function – Schrödinger Time Independent and Time Dependent wave equations – Particle in a potential box.

Unit Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- **explain** the fundamental concepts of quantum mechanics.
- **analyze** the physical significance of wave function.
- **apply** Schrödinger's wave equation for energy values of a free particle.



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UNIT-III

(10hrs)

FREE ELECTRON THEORY & BAND THEORY OF SOLIDS : Introduction – Classical free electron theory (merits and demerits only) - Quantum Free electron theory – electrical conductivity based on quantum free electron theory – Fermi Dirac distribution function – Temperature dependence of Fermi-Dirac distribution function - expression for Fermi energy -

Density of states .

Bloch's theorem (qualitative) – Kronig-Penney model(qualitative) – energy bands in crystalline solids – E Vs K diagram – classification of crystalline solids – effective mass of electron – m^* Vs K diagram - concept of hole.

Unit Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- **explain** the various electron theories.
- **calculate** the Fermi energy.
- **analyze** the physical significance of wave function .
- **interpret** the effects of temperature on Fermi Dirac distribution function.
- **summarise** various types of solids based on band theory.

UNIT-IV

(9hrs)

SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS: Introduction – Intrinsic semi conductors - density of charge carriers - Electrical conductivity – Fermi level – extrinsic semiconductors - p-type & n-type - Density of charge carriers - Dependence of Fermi energy on carrier concentration and temperature – Hall effect- Hall coefficient - Applications of Hall effect - Drift and Diffusion currents – Einstein's equation.

Learning Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- **classify** the energy bands of semiconductors.
- **outline** the properties of n-type and p-type semiconductors.
- **identify** the type of semiconductor using Hall effect.

UNIT-V

(10 hrs)

MAGNETISM & DIELECTRICS: Introduction – Magnetic dipole moment – Magnetization – Magnetic susceptibility and permeability – Origin of permanent magnetic moment – Bohr magneton – Classification of magnetic materials: Dia, para & Ferro – Domain concept of Ferromagnetism - Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – applications of Ferromagnetic material.

Introduction - Dielectric polarization – Dielectric Polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant- types of polarizations: Electronic and Ionic (Quantitative), Orientational polarizations (qualitative) – Lorentz Internal field – Claussius-Mossoti equation - Frequency dependence of polarization – Applications of dielectrics.



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Unit Outcomes:

The students will be able to

- **explain** the concept of polarization in dielectric materials.
- **summarize** various types of polarization of dielectrics .
- **interpret** Lorentz field and Claussius- Mosotti relation in dielectrics.
- **classify** the magnetic materials based on susceptibility and their temperature dependence.
- **explain** the applications of dielectric and magnetic materials .
- **Apply** the concept of magnetism to magnetic devices.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. “A Text book of Engineering Physics” by M.N. Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar - S.Chand Publications, 2017.
2. “Engineering Physics” by D.K.Bhattacharya and Poonam Tandon, Oxford press (2015).
3. “Engineering Physics” by R.K Gaur. and S.L Gupta., - Dhanpat Rai publishers, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. “Engineering Physics” by M. R. Srinivasan, New Age international publishers (2009).
2. “Optics” by Ajoy Ghatak, 6th Edition McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
3. “Solid State Physics” by A. J. Dekker, Mc Millan Publishers (2011).