Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: janane jaipratha

Email: 241501072@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 241501072 Phone: 7548851756

Branch: REC

Department: I AIML AD

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & ML



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_COD_Question 4

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

You are a software developer tasked with building a module for a scientific calculator application. The primary function of this module is to convert infix mathematical expressions, which are easier for users to read and write, into postfix notation (also known as Reverse Polish Notation). Postfix notation is more straightforward for the application to evaluate because it removes the need for parentheses and operator precedence rules.

The scientific calculator needs to handle various mathematical expressions with different operators and ensure the conversion is correct. Your task is to implement this infix-to-postfix conversion algorithm using a stack-based approach.

Example

Input: a+b Output: ab+ **Explanation: Input Format Output Format**

The postfix representation of (a+b) is ab+.

The input is a string, representing the infix expression.

The output displays the postfix representation of the given infix expression.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: a+(b*e)
    Output: abe*+
    Answer
   #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
    #include <string.h>
    struct Stack {
      int top;
      unsigned capacity;
      char* array;
    };
    struct Stack* createStack(unsigned capacity) {
      struct Stack* stack = (struct Stack*)malloc(sizeof(struct Stack));
if (!stack)
```

```
return NULL;
                                                                                  241501012
     stack->top = -1;
     stack->capacity = capacity;
     stack->array = (char*)malloc(stack->capacity * sizeof(char));
     return stack:
  }
  int isEmpty(struct Stack* stack) {
     return stack->top == -1;
  }
                                                                                  241501072
  char peek(struct Stack* stack) {
   return stack->array[stack->top];
  char pop(struct Stack* stack) {
     if (!isEmpty(stack))
       return stack->array[stack->top--];
     return '$';
  }
  void push(struct Stack* stack, char op) {
     stack->array[++stack->top] = op;
  int isOperand(char ch) {
  //type your code here
     return (ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z') ||
         (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z') ||
         (ch >= '0' && ch <= '9');
  }
  int Prec(char ch) {
    //type your code here
     if (ch == '^{\prime}) return 3;
     if (ch == '*' || ch == '/') return 2;
     if (ch == '+' || ch == '-') return 1;
                                                      24/50/012
     return 0;
```

```
241501012
                                                   24/50/072
void infixToPostfix(char* exp) {
  //type your code here
  int i, k = 0;
  struct Stack* stack = createStack(strlen(exp));
  char* result = (char*)malloc(strlen(exp) + 1);
  for (i = 0; exp[i]; i++) {
     char ch = exp[i];
    if (isOperand(ch)) {
       result[k++] = ch;
    } else if (ch == '(') {
     push(stack, ch);
    } else if (ch == ')') {
       while (!isEmpty(stack) && peek(stack) != '(')
         result[k++] = pop(stack);
       if (!isEmpty(stack) && peek(stack) == '(')
         pop(stack);
    } else {
       while (!isEmpty(stack) && peek(stack) != '(' &&
          (Prec(peek(stack)) > Prec(ch) ||
           (Prec(peek(stack)) == Prec(ch) && ch != '^')))
         result[k++] = pop(stack);
       push(stack, ch);
  while (!isEmpty(stack))
    result[k++] = pop(stack);
  result[k] = '\0';
  printf("%s\n", result);
  free(result);
}
int main() {
  char exp[100];
  scanf("%s", exp);
infixToPostfix(exp);
  return 0;
```

} Status : Correct

24/50/012

Marks : 10/10

24/50/072

24/50/072