# React Hooks

Make stateless function components stateful

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## React Hooks - What is it

- React Hooks make it possible to take a functional component and add a state to it, or hook into lifecycle methods like componentDidMount and componentDidUpdate.
- React Hooks can be used since v16.8.
- With React Hooks you can use functional components for more use cases and prevent to write bloated classes.

# React Hooks - Which hooks comes out of the box

- Basic Hooks
  - useState
  - useEffect
  - useContext
- Additional Hooks
  - useReducer
  - useRef
  - useCallback
  - useMemo
  - . . . .

#### More information

Returns a stateful value, and a function to update it. During the initial render, the returned state (state) is the same as the value passed as the first argument (initialState). The setState function is used to update the state. It accepts a new state value and enqueues a re-render of the component.

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```
const [{state}, set{State}] = useState(initialState);
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setCounter(counter + 1);
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const [{state}, set{State}] = useState(initialState);
setCounter(counter + 1);
const [state, setState] = useState(() => {
   const initialState = someExpensiveComputation(props);
   return initialState;
});
```

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- useEffect let you control how often it should be called
- When you return a cleanup function then it will be called when the component will be unmounted

```
useEffect(() => {
  document.title = 'The will happen after the first' +
    'render cycle was finished';

return function cleanup() {
    // Here you can unsubscribe any eventhandlers
  };
}, []);
```

Demo

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- When the provider updates, this Hook will trigger a rerender with the latest context value.

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Demo

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- The names of hooks must start with "use". Like useState or useEffect.

# Write your own hooks

 Custom hooks are using mostly the original React hooks like useState and useEffect together to prevent duplicated code.

# **External hooks**

mobx-react-lite