## TP4 Image Segmentation

The objective of this practical work is to study image segmentation through the K-means method.

## 1 The method

K-means consists in finding regions in the image that minimize the following energy:

$$F(regions, pixels) = \sum_{i \in regions} \sum_{j \in region \ i} (x_j - c_i)^t (x_j - c_i),$$

where  $x_j$  is the value taken into account at pixel j and  $c_i$  is the value of the center of region i. Starting from an initial solution, the principle is to iterate 2 steps:

- 1. Assuming known region centers, associate each pixel to its closest region (i.e. with the minimum distance to the region centre).
- Assuming known associations between pixel and regions, determine new region centers as the mean of pixel values in each region.

## 2 Implementation

- 1. Implement K-means with x values being the intensity values in the image.
- 2. What is the influence of the initial values for region centers?
- 3. What is the influence of the number of regions K?
- 4. Consider now for x values both intensity and location in the image:
  - (a) How does it change the results?
  - (b) How can we balance the influence of colors and locations in the image?