

Reproducible Research: Peer Assessment 1

Loading and preprocessing the data

```
file.name <- "activity.csv"
df <- read.csv(file.name, stringsAsFactor = F)
df$date <- as.Date(df$date)
#Preparation of set without missing values
index <- which(is.na(df$steps))
df1 <- df[-index,]
#Data preparation for plotting
day.steps <- list(mean = lapply(split(df1$steps, df1$date), mean)
                  , median = lapply(split(df1$steps, df1$date), median)
                  , total = lapply(split(df1$steps, df1$date), sum))
number.of.steps <- data.frame(date = as.Date(names(day.steps$total))
                              , total = as.numeric(day.steps$total)
                              , mean = as.numeric(day.steps$mean)
                              , median = as.numeric(day.steps$median))
```

What is mean total number of steps taken per day?

```
#Calculation mean and median
median(number.of.steps$total)
```

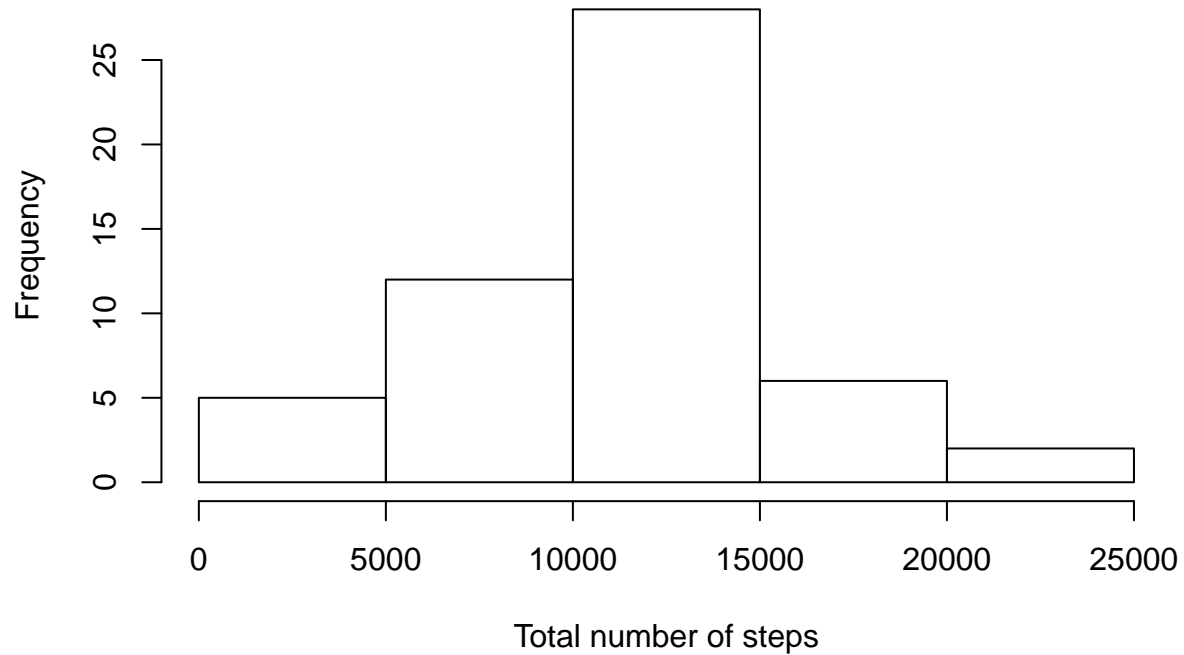
```
## [1] 10765
```

```
mean(number.of.steps$total)
```

```
## [1] 10766.19
```

```
#Plot of appropriate histogram
hist(number.of.steps$total
      , xlab = "Total number of steps"
      , main = "Histogram of number of total steps taken each day")
```

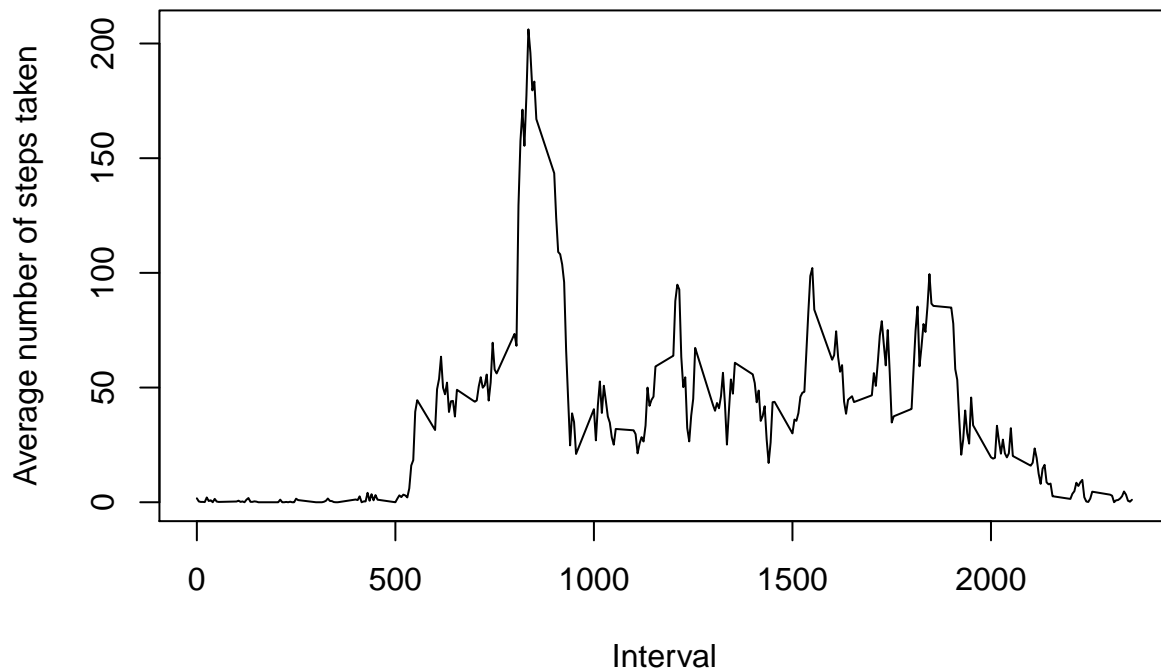
Histogram of number of total steps taken each day



Median is equal to 17065 Mean is equal to 17066.19

What is the average daily activity pattern?

```
mean.steps<-lapply(split(df1$steps,df1$interval),mean)
#Plot of mean number of steps per specific interval
plot(names(mean.steps), mean.steps, type="l"
      , xlab = "Interval", ylab = "Average number of steps taken")
```



```
#Calculated maximum value and interval for which it occur
max(as.numeric(mean.steps))
```

```
## [1] 206.1698
```

```
max.steps.index <- which(mean.steps == max(as.numeric(mean.steps)))
```

Maximal value is equal to 206.1798 and is obtained for 835 interval.

Imputing missing values

```
#Function to feel in missing values with appropriate input
#It would put: mean value for whole day if there was any data
# mean value of whole data set if there is no value for particular day
insert.mean <- function(x, y, response = number.of.steps){
  if(is.na(x)){
    if(!y %in% response$date)
      return(mean(response$mean))
    return(response$mean[which(y == response$date)])
  }
  return(x)
}
new.df <- df
```

```

#Filling missing values
new.df$steps<- mapply(insert.mean, df$steps,df$date)
day.steps.new <- list(mean = lapply(split(new.df$steps, new.df$date), mean)
                      , median = lapply(split(new.df$steps, new.df$date), median)
                      , total = lapply(split(new.df$steps, new.df$date), sum))

number.of.steps.new <- data.frame(date = as.Date(names(day.steps.new$total))
                                , total = as.numeric(day.steps.new$total)
                                , mean = as.numeric(day.steps.new$mean)
                                , median = as.numeric(day.steps.new$median))

#Calculated median mean and plot of histogram
median(number.of.steps.new$total)

## [1] 10766.19

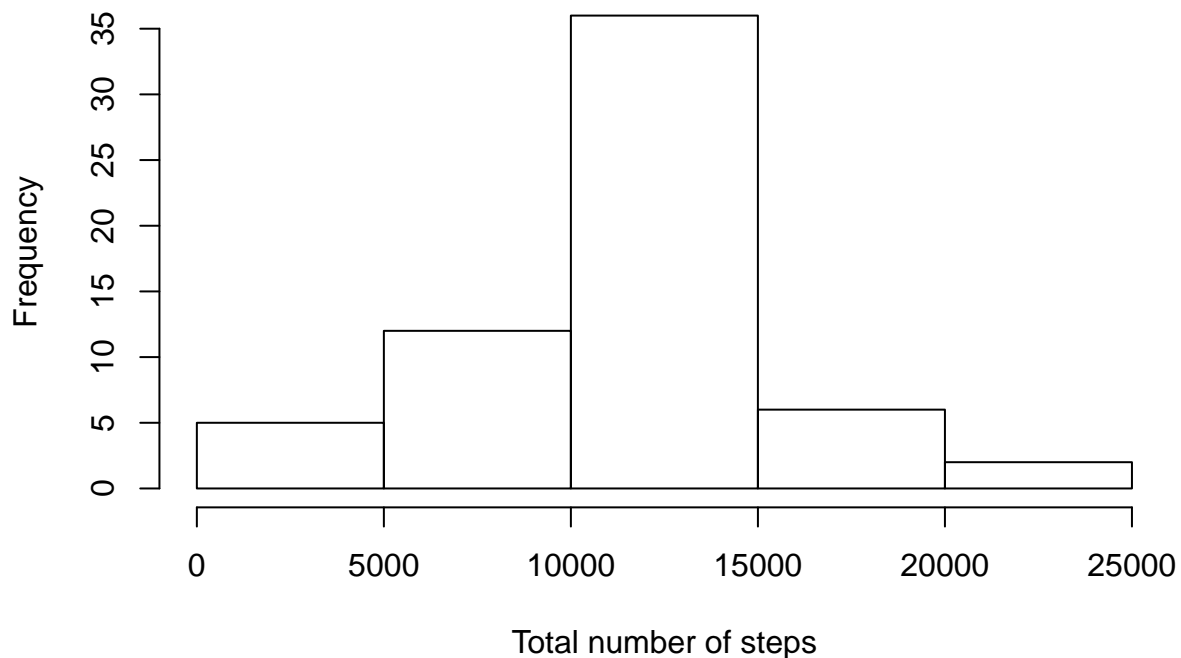
mean(number.of.steps.new$total)

## [1] 10766.19

hist(number.of.steps.new$total
     , xlab = "Total number of steps"
     , main = "Histogram of number of total steps taken each day for filled data")

```

Histogram of number of total steps taken each day for filled data



This time mean and median is equal to each other 10766.19

Are there differences in activity patterns between weekdays and weekends?

```
#Preparation data set to construct the plot of
#Number of steps taken for particular hour for weekdays and weekends
new.df$day_type <- ifelse(weekdays(number.of.steps.new$date) %in%
                          c("Saturday","Sunday"), "weekend", "weekday")
new.df$day_type <- as.factor(new.df$day_type)
new.df$day_type <- factor(new.df$day_type, labels = c("weekend", "weekday"))
df.weekends <- new.df[which(new.df$day_type == "weekend"), ]
df.weekdays <- new.df[which(new.df$day_type == "weekday"), ]

#Final data frame
data.patterns <- data.frame(means = c(as.numeric(lapply(split(df.weekends$steps
                                                             ,df.weekends$interval),mean))
                                     , as.numeric(lapply(split(df.weekdays$steps
                                                             ,df.weekdays$interval),mean)))
                           , interval = c(names(lapply(split(df.weekends$steps
                                                             ,df.weekends$interval),mean))
                                           , names(lapply(split(df.weekdays$steps
                                                             ,df.weekdays$interval),mean)))
                           , day_type = c(rep("weekend",288),rep("weekday",288)))

#Construction variable responsible for hour
data.patterns$time <- floor(as.numeric(as.character(data.patterns$interval))/100) +
  ((as.numeric(as.character(data.patterns$interval))/100)%1)/0.6

library(lattice)
#Plot of the Average number of steps taken for weekdays and weekends
xyplot(means ~ time | day_type, type = "l", data = data.patterns, layout = c(1, 2)
       , xlab = "Hour", ylab = "Average number of steps taken")
```

