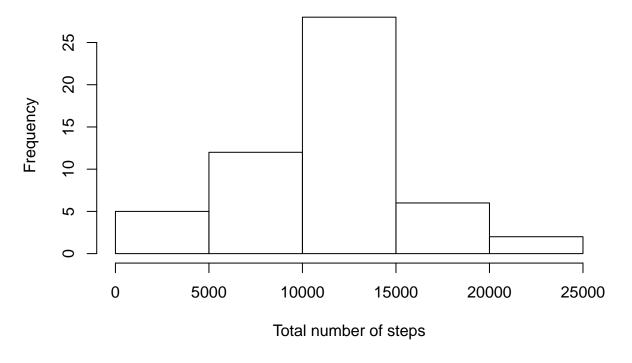
# Reproducible Research: Peer Assessment 1

All plots for this submission are in folder figure

### Loading and preprocessing the data

#### What is mean total number of steps taken per day?

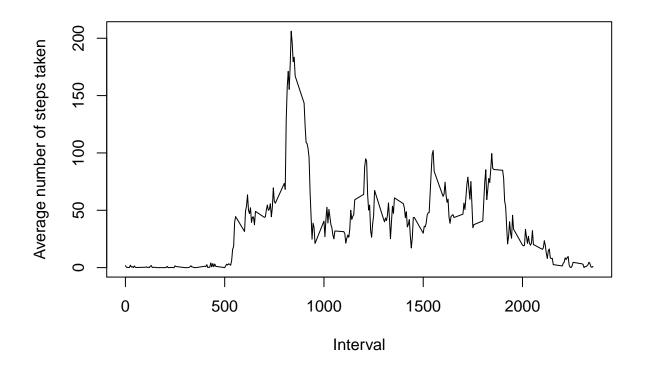
# Histogram of number of total steps taken each day



Median is equal to 17065 Mean is equal to 17066.19

### What is the average daily activity pattern?

```
mean.steps<-lapply(split(df1$steps,df1$interval),mean)
#Plot of mean number of steps per specific interval
plot(names(mean.steps), mean.steps, type="l"
    , xlab = "Interval", ylab = "Average number of steps taken")</pre>
```



```
#Calculated maximum value and interval for which it occur
max(as.numeric(mean.steps))

## [1] 206.1698

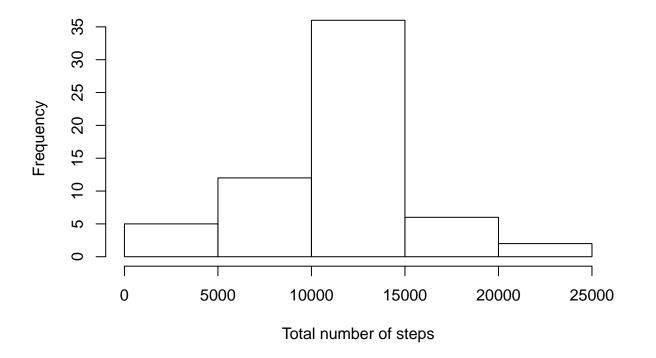
max.steps.index <- which(mean.steps == max(as.numeric(mean.steps)))</pre>
```

Maximal value is equal to 206.1798 and is obtained for 835 interval.

### Imputing missing values

```
#Filling missing values
new.df$steps<- mapply(insert.mean, df$steps,df$date)</pre>
day.steps.new <- list(mean = lapply(split(new.df$steps, new.df$date), mean)</pre>
                   , median = lapply(split(new.df$steps, new.df$date), median)
                   , total = lapply(split(new.df$steps, new.df$date), sum))
number.of.steps.new <- data.frame(date = as.Date(names(day.steps.new$total))</pre>
                              , total = as.numeric(day.steps.new$total)
                              , mean = as.numeric(day.steps.new$mean)
                              , median = as.numeric(day.steps.new$median))
#Calculated median mean and plot of histogram
median(number.of.steps.new$total)
## [1] 10766.19
mean(number.of.steps.new$total)
## [1] 10766.19
hist(number.of.steps.new$total
     , xlab = "Total number of steps"
     , main = "Histogram of number of total steps taken each day for filled data")
```

## Histogram of number of total steps taken each day for filled data



This time mean and median is equal to each other 10766.19

Are there differences in activity patterns between weekdays and weekends?

```
#Preparation data set to construct the plot of
#Number of steps taken for particular hour for weekdays and weekends
new.df$day_type <- ifelse(weekdays(number.of.steps.new$date) %in%</pre>
                              c("Saturday", "Sunday"), "weekend", "weekday")
new.df$day_type <- as.factor(new.df$day_type)</pre>
new.df$day_type <- factor(new.df$day_type, labels = c("weekend", "weekday"))</pre>
df.weekends <- new.df[which(new.df$day_type == "weekend"), ]</pre>
df.weekdays <- new.df[which(new.df$day_type == "weekday"), ]</pre>
#Final data frame
data.paterns <- data.frame(means = c(as.numeric(lapply(split(df.weekends$steps</pre>
                                                           ,df.weekends$interval),mean))
                                  , as.numeric(lapply(split(df.weekdays$steps
                                                             ,df.weekdays$interval),mean)))
                       , interval = c(names(lapply(split(df.weekends$steps
                                                          ,df.weekends$interval),mean))
                                  , names(lapply(split(df.weekdays$steps
                                                        ,df.weekdays$interval),mean)))
                       , day_type = c(rep("weekend",288),rep("weekday",288)))
#Construction variable responsible for hour
data.paterns$time <- floor(as.numeric(as.character(data.paterns$interval))/100) +</pre>
                      ((as.numeric(as.character(data.paterns$interval))/100)%1)/0.6
library(lattice)
#Plot of the Average number of steps taken for weekdays and weekends
xyplot(means ~ time | day_type, type = "l", data = data.paterns, layout = c(1, 2)
       , xlab = "Hour", ylab = "Average number of steps taken")
```

