

# DATABASE SYSTEM OF PUBLIC LIBRARY



APRIL 26, 2017 CS 6360.002

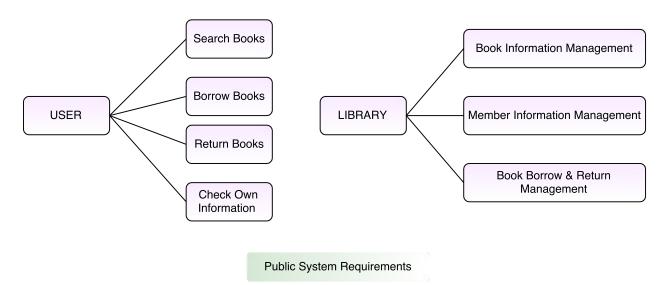
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#### 1. Project Description

In this project, we design a database system for a public library, which provides services to its members and librarians. We implement this system through the following steps:

- Analyze public library database system requirements.
- Create ER diagram.
- Create relational schema.
- Discuss database normalization on the database tables and update relational schema.
- Create tables using SQL commands.
- Define two different stored procedures and two triggers.
- Implement CRUD operations for AUTHOR table using PHP.

## 2. Library Database System Requirements



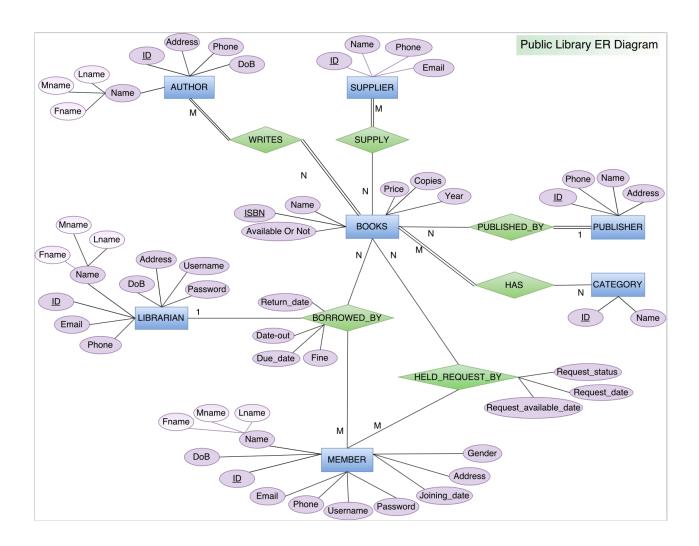
According to the library system requirements, we design the following data item and data structure:

- BOOKS(ISBN, Name, Price, Copies, Year, Available Or Not)
- AUTHOR(ID, Fname, Mname, Lname, Address, Phone, DoB)
- PUBLISHER(ID, Name, Address, Phone)
- CATEGORY(ID, Name)



- SUPPLIER(ID, Name, Address, Phone)
- MEMBER(<u>ID</u>, Fname, Mname, Lname, Address, Phone, DoB, Email, Gender, Joining\_date, Username, Password)
- LIBRARIAN(<u>ID</u>, Fname, Mname, Lname, Address, Phone, DoB, Email, Username, Password)

#### 3. Library ER Diagram





# 4. Library Relational schema

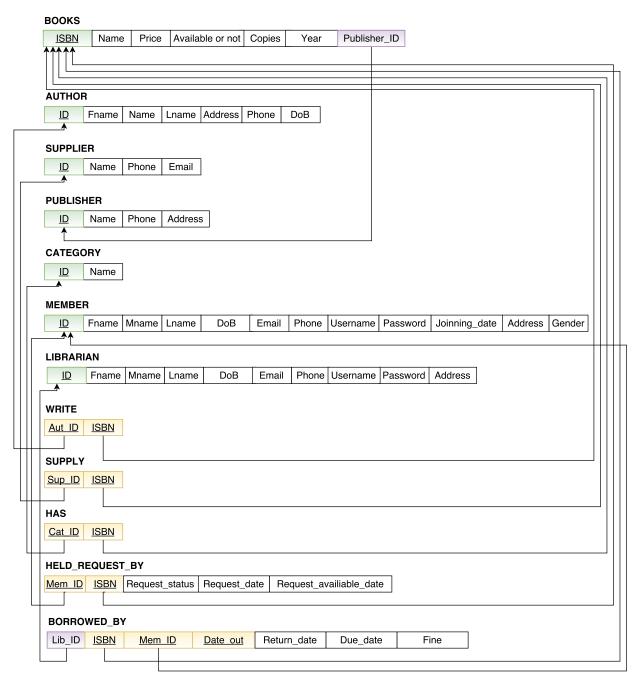
From the ER diagram, we can conclude:

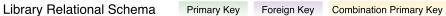
Relation			Method		
		WRITES	1.	Create new tables: WRITES, SUPPLY, HAS, HELD_REQUEST_BY.	
	M:N	SUPPLY	2.	Include as foreign key attributes in new relations the primary keys of the relations that represent the	
Binary		HAS		participating entity types; the combination will form the primary key of the new relation.	
relationships		HELD_REQUEST_BY	3.	Include any simple attributes of the M:N relationship type as attributes of the new relation.	
	1:N	PUBLISHED_BY	1. 2.	Identify N-side of the relationship type which is BOOKS. Include as foreign key in BOOKS the primary key of the relation PUBLISHER.	
Ternary relationships	BORROWED_BY		1. 2. 3.	Create a new relationship BORROWED_BY. Include as foreign key attributes in BORROWED_BY the primary keys of the relations that represent the participating entity types. Include any simple attributes of the 3-ary relationship type as attributes of BORROWED_BY.	

Table 1: Relationship Type in ER Diagram

Using the methods in the Table 1, we create the relational schema below:







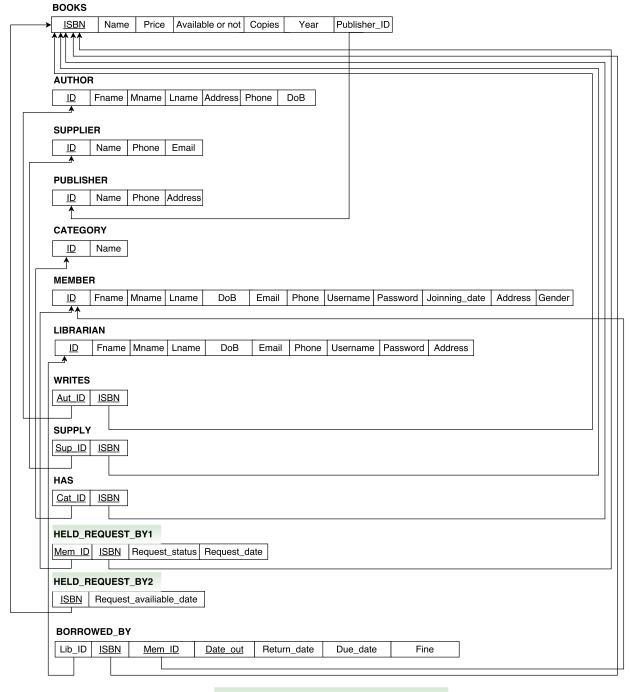
### 5. Library Database Normalization

According to the following functional dependency:

Mem\_ID, ISBN → Request\_status, Request\_date

ISBN → Request\_availiable\_date

We normalize our tables into 3NF:



**Final Relation Schema** 

#### 6. Create Tables Using SQL Commands

#### Create tables in MAMP with the following SQL commands:

```
-- Host: localhost:8889
-- Generation Time: Apr 19, 2017 at 07:51 AM
-- Server version: 5.6.35
-- PHP Version: 7.0.15
-- Database: `Public Library`
```

#### 6.1 Create Tables

```
--Table structure for table `AUTHOR`
CREATE TABLE AUTHOR (
                        int(10) NOT NULL,
                        varchar(15) NOT NULL,
 Fname
 Mname
                       varchar(15) DEFAULT NULL,
                       varchar(15) NOT NULL,
                       varchar(30) DEFAULT NULL,
 Address
                       int(10) DEFAULT NULL, date DEFAULT NULL
 Phone
 DoB
);
--Table structure for table `BOOKS`
CREATE TABLE BOOKS (
                        int(13) NOT NULL,
                       varchar(15) NOT NULL,
 Name
                        float DEFAULT NULL,
 Price
                     varchar(10) NOT NULL,
 Available or not
                       int(2) DEFAULT NULL, year(4) DEFAULT NULL,
 Copies
 Year
                       int(10) DEFAULT NULL
 Publisher ID
);
--Table structure for table `BORROWED BY`
CREATE TABLE BORROWED BY (
                     int(10) NOT NULL,
int(13) NOT NULL,
int(10) NOT NULL,
date NOT NULL,
date NOT NULL,
date NOT NULL,
float DEFAULT NULL
 Lib_ID int(10)
 ISBN
 Mem ID
 Date out
                     date
 Return date
 Due date
 Fine
);
--Table structure for table `CATEGORY`
CREATE TABLE CATEGORY (
 ID
                        int(10) NOT NULL,
                        varchar(30) NOT NULL
 Name
--Table structure for table `HAS`
CREATE TABLE HAS (
 Cat ID
                        int(10)
                                   NOT NULL,
 ISBN
                        int(13) NOT NULL
```



```
);
--Table structure for table `HELD REQUEST BY1
-- Table structure for table `HELD REQUEST BY2`
CREATE TABLE HELD REQUEST BY2 (
  ISBN
                                         int(13) NOT NULL,
                                         date NOT NULL
 Request_availiable_date
);
--Table structure for table `LIBRARIAN`
CREATE TABLE LIBRARIAN (
                       int(10) NOT NULL,
varchar(15) NOT NULL,
varchar(15) DEFAULT NULL,
varchar(15) NOT NULL,
  ID int(10)
  Fname
  Mname varchar(15) NOT NULL,

Mname varchar(15) DEFAULT N

Lname varchar(15) NOT NULL,

DoB date NOT NULL,

Email varchar(30) NOT NULL,

Phone int(10) NOT NULL,

Username varchar(30) NOT NULL,

Password varchar(15) NOT NULL,

Address varchar(30) NOT NULL,
);
--Table structure for table `MEMBER`
CREATE TABLE MEMBER (
  ID int(10)
                       int(10) NOT NULL, varchar(15) NOT NULL,
  Fname varchar(15)

Mname varchar(15)

Lname varchar(15)

DEFAULT NULL,

NOT NULL,

NOT NULL,

Email varchar(30)

Phone int(10)

Username varchar(30)

Password varchar(30)

Toinning date date

NOT NULL,

NOT NULL,

NOT NULL,

NOT NULL,

NOT NULL,
  Address varchar(30) NOT NULL,
Gender varchar(1) DEFAULT NULL,
);
-- Table structure for table `PUBLISHER`
CREATE TABLE PUBLISHER (
              int(10)
                                                 NOT NULL,
                                             NOT NULL,
DEFAULT NULL,
                        varchar(30)
  Name
  Phone
                        int(10)
  Address
                       varchar(30) DEFAULT NULL
-- Table structure for table `SUPPLIER`
```

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```
CREATE TABLE SUPPLIER (

ID int(10) NOT NULL,

Name varchar(30) NOT NULL,

Phone int(10) DEFAULT NULL,

Email varchar(30) DEFAULT NULL

);

--Table structure for table `SUPPLY`

CREATE TABLE SUPPLY (
Sup_ID int(10) NOT NULL,

ISBN int(13) NOT NULL

);

--Table structure for table `WRITES`

CREATE TABLE WRITES (
Aut_ID int(10) NOT NULL,

ISBN int(13) NOT NULL,

ISBN int(13) NOT NULL

);
```

#### 6.2 Add Keys

```
-- Indexes for table `AUTHOR`
ALTER TABLE AUTHOR
ADD PRIMARY KEY (ID);
-- Indexes for table `BOOKS`
ALTER TABLE BOOKS
ADD PRIMARY KEY (ISBN),
 ADD KEY Books Publisher (Publisher ID);
-- Indexes for table `BORROWED BY`
ALTER TABLE BORROWED BY
 ADD PRIMARY KEY (ISBN, Mem ID, Date out),
 ADD KEY Borrowed Member (Mem ID),
 ADD KEY Borrowed Librarian (Lib ID);
-- Indexes for table `CATEGORY`
ALTER TABLE CATEGORY
ADD PRIMARY KEY (ID);
-- Indexes for table `HAS`
ALTER TABLE HAS
 ADD PRIMARY KEY (Cat ID, ISBN),
 ADD KEY Has Books (ISBN`);
-- Indexes for table `HELD REQUEST BY1`
ALTER TABLE HELD REQUEST BY1
 ADD PRIMARY KEY (Mem ID, ISBN),
 ADD KEY Request1 Books (ISBN);
-- Indexes for table `HELD REQUEST BY2`
ALTER TABLE HELD REQUEST BY2
ADD PRIMARY KEY (ISBN);
```

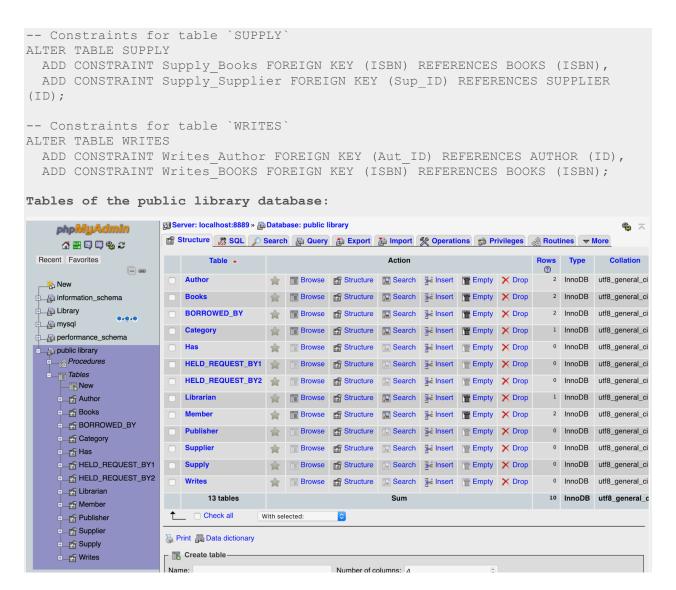


```
-- Indexes for table `LIBRARIAN`
ALTER TABLE LIBRARIAN
 ADD PRIMARY KEY (ID);
-- Indexes for table `MEMBER`
ALTER TABLE MEMBER
 ADD PRIMARY KEY (ID);
-- Indexes for table `PUBLISHER`
ALTER TABLE PUBLISHER
 ADD PRIMARY KEY (ID);
-- Indexes for table `SUPPLIER`
ALTER TABLE SUPPLIER
 ADD PRIMARY KEY (ID);
-- Indexes for table `SUPPLY`
ALTER TABLE SUPPLY
 ADD PRIMARY KEY (Sup ID, ISBN),
 ADD KEY Supply Books (ISBN);
-- Indexes for table `WRITES`
ALTER TABLE WRITES
 ADD PRIMARY KEY (Aut ID, ISBN),
 ADD KEY Writes BOOKS (ISBN);
```

#### 6.3 Create Constraints

```
-- Constraints for table `BOOKS`
ALTER TABLE BOOKS
ADD CONSTRAINT Books Publisher FOREIGN KEY (Publisher ID) REFERENCES
-- Constraints for table `BORROWED BY`
ALTER TABLE BORROWED BY
 ADD CONSTRAINT Borrowed Books FOREIGN KEY (ISBN) REFERENCES BOOKS (ISBN),
 ADD CONSTRAINT Borrowed Librarian FOREIGN KEY (Lib ID) REFERENCES LIBRARIAN
 ADD CONSTRAINT Borrowed Member FOREIGN KEY (Mem ID) REFERENCES MEMBER (ID);
-- Constraints for table `HAS`
ALTER TABLE HAS
 ADD CONSTRAINT Has Books FOREIGN KEY (ISBN) REFERENCES BOOKS (ISBN),
 ADD CONSTRAINT Has Category FOREIGN KEY (Cat ID) REFERENCES CATEGORY (ID);
-- Constraints for table `HELD REQUEST BY1`
ALTER TABLE HELD REQUEST BY1
 ADD CONSTRAINT Request1 Books FOREIGN KEY (ISBN) REFERENCES BOOKS (ISBN),
  ADD CONSTRAINT Request1 Member FOREIGN KEY (Mem ID) REFERENCES MEMBER (ID);
-- Constraints for table `HELD REQUEST BY2`
ALTER TABLE HELD REQUEST BY2
 ADD CONSTRAINT Request2 Books FOREIGN KEY (ISBN) REFERENCES BOOKS (ISBN);
```

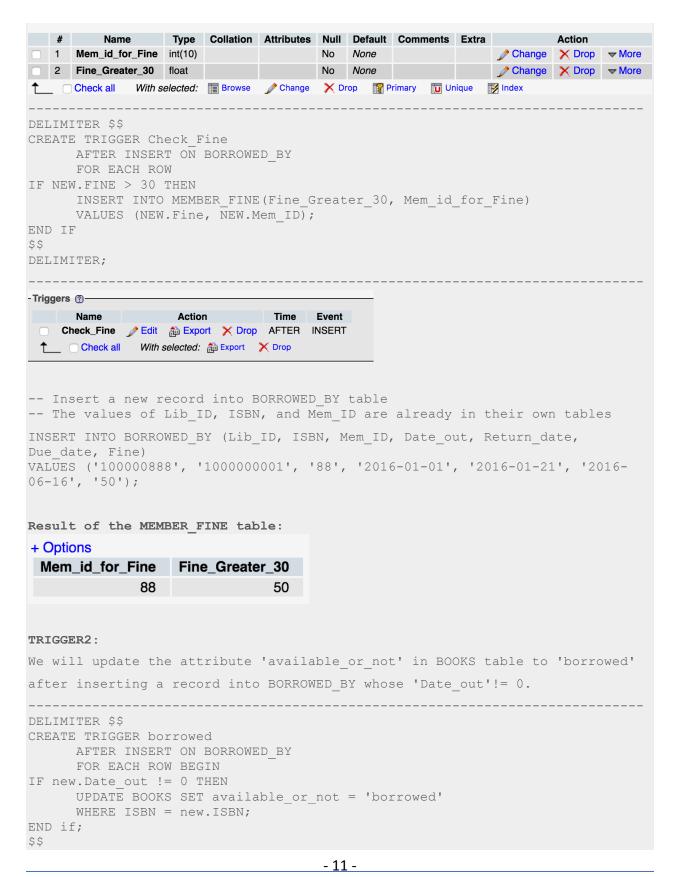




# 7. PL/SQL: Define two Different Stored Procedures and Two Triggers

#### 7.1 Create Triggers







. •										
		<b>←</b> T→	$\nabla$	Lib_ID	ISBN	Mem_ID	Date_out	Return_date	Due_date	Fine
	🎤 Edit	<b>≩</b> € Copy	× Delete	999	1	111	2017-04-05	NULL	2017-04-25	5
	🌽 Edit	<b>≟</b> Copy	X Delete	999	2	888	2017-04-01	NULL	2017-04-14	10
	🎤 Edit	<b>≟</b> Copy	× Delete	1010111	111	888	2017-04-08	NULL	2017-04-24	15
	🌽 Edit	<b>≟</b> Copy	X Delete	1010111	100000022	111	2017-04-09	NULL	2017-05-09	0
	🎤 Edit	<b>≟</b> Copy	X Delete	999	1234567890	111	2017-04-01	2017-04-12	2017-04-30	NULL
		<b>3</b> € Copy	× Delete	999	1635475533	111	2017-04-04	2017-04-19	2017-04-21	50

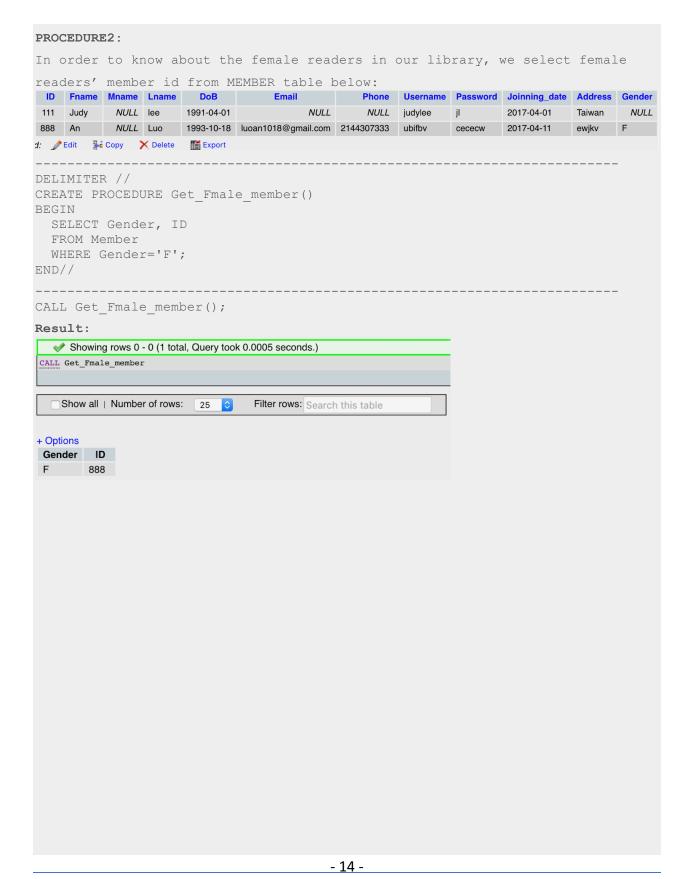
CREATE TABLE BOOKS\_DUE (
BOOK\_ID int(13),
BOOK\_NAME varchar(15),
BOOK\_DUE\_DATE date,
MEM\_FNAME varchar(15),
MEM\_EMAIL varchar(30),
BOOK\_RETURN\_DATE DATE
);



```
DELIMITER //
BEGIN
      DECLARE done INT DEFAULT FALSE;
      DECLARE BOOK ID INT(13);
      DECLARE BOOK NAME VARCHAR (15);
      DECLARE BOOK RETURN DATE DATE;
      DECLARE BOOK DUE DATE DATE;
      DECLARE MEM FNAME VARCHAR (15);
      DECLARE MEM EMAIL VARCHAR (30);
      DECLARE BOOKDUE CURSOR FOR
      SELECT BOOKS.ISBN, BOOKS.Name, BORROWED BY.Return date,
            BORROWED BY. Due date, MEMBER. FNAME, MEMBER. Email
      FROM BOOKS, MEMBER, BORROWED BY
      WHERE BOOKS.ISBN = BORROWED BY.ISBN AND MEMBER.ID = BORROWED BY.MEM ID;
      DECLARE CONTINUE HANDLER FOR NOT FOUND SET done = TRUE;
     OPEN BOOKDUE;
      READ LOOP: LOOP
      FETCH BOOKDUE INTO
        BOOK ID, BOOK NAME, BOOK RETURN DATE, BOOK DUE DATE, MEM FNAME, MEM EMAIL;
        IF done THEN
           LEAVE READ_LOOP;
        END IF;
        IF BOOK DUE DATE < '2017-04-28' AND BOOK RETURN DATE IS NULL THEN
            INSERT INTO BOOKS DUE
                 (BOOK ID, BOOK NAME, BOOK RETURN DATE, BOOK DUE DATE, MEM FNAME,
                  MEM EMAIL)
           VALUES (BOOK ID, BOOK NAME, BOOK RETURN DATE, BOOK DUE DATE, MEM FNAME,
                  MEM EMAIL);
        END IF;
      END LOOP;
      CLOSE BOOKDUE;
END//
CALL BORROW INFO();
Result:
+ Options
```

BOOK_ID	BOOK_NAME	BOOK_DUE_DATE	MEM_FNAME	MEM_EMAIL ▼ 1	BOOK_RETURN_DATE
2	Humanity	2017-04-14	An	luoan1018@gmail.com	NULL
111	Dog & Cat	2017-04-24	An	luoan1018@gmail.com	NULL
1	Mathematics	2017-04-25	Judy	NULL	NULL





#### 8. Implement CRUD operations Using PHP

#### 8.1 Create new record in AUTHOR table

```
<html>
<h1> Author</h1>
<?php
$con=mysqli connect("localhost", "root", "root", "public library");
SID = SPOST["ID"];
$Fname = $ POST["Fname"];
$sql = "INSERT INTO Author(ID, Fname) VALUES ('{$ID}','{$Fname}')";
echo "Insert a Author ID='{$ID}' Fname='{$Fname}'";
mysqli query($con,$sql);
mysqli close($con);
?>
<?
$con1=mysqli connect("localhost", "root", "root", "public library");
$result = mysqli query($con1, "SELECT * FROM AUTHOR");
echo "
Author ID
First Name
while($row = mysqli fetch array($result))
echo "";
echo "" . $row['ID'] . "";
echo "" . $row['Fname'] . "";
echo "";
echo "";
mysqli query($con1,$sql);
mysqli close($con1);
?>
</html>
```

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Create a new author				
AuthorID 940	Fname Jack	Submit		
Delete an author				
AuthorID	Fname	Submit		
Update an author				
AuthorID	Fname	Submit		
Show all authors na	me			
Show				

Result:

# **Author**

Insert a Author ID='940' Fname='Jack'

<b>Author ID</b>	First Name
334	Wendy
456	Cici
777	Mike
784	Leo
890	Ann
940	Jack

#### 8.2 Delete a record in AUTHOR Table

```
<html>
<html>
<ht>Author</h1>
<?php
$ID = $_POST["ID"];
$Fname = $_POST["Fname"];
$con=mysqli_connect("localhost","root","root","public library");
$sql = "DELETE from Author WHERE ID='{$ID}' AND Fname='{$Fname}'";
echo "Delete a Author ID='{$ID}' Fname='{$Fname}'";
mysqli_query($con,$sql);</pre>
```



mysqli_close(\$con);			
?> </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
\$con1=mysqli connect("lo	calhost" "root" "root	" "nublic library").	
\$result = mysqli query(\$			
echo "			
Author ID			
First Name			
";			
<pre>while(\$row = mysqli_fetc</pre>	h_array(\$result))		
{			
echo "";	U < / L 3> U		
<pre>echo "" . \$row['ID'] echo "" . \$row['Fnam</pre>	. "";		
echo "";	ie ] . \/ta/,		
}			
echo "";			
mysqli query(\$con1,\$sql)	;		
mysqli close(\$con1);			
?>			
Create a new author			
AuthorID	Fname	Submit	
TudioTib		Gastilik	
Delete an author			
Delete all author			
AuthorID 940	Fname Jack	Cubmit	
Authorid 940	Thame Jack	Submit	
<b>T</b> T <b>T</b>			
Update an author			
AuthorID	Fname	Submit	
Show all authors nar	ne		
Show			
(334)			

#### Result:

# **Author**

#### Delete a Author ID='940' Fname='Jack'

<b>Author ID</b>	First Name
334	Wendy
456	Cici
777	Mike
784	Leo
890	Ann

#### 8.3 Update AUTHOR Table

```
<html>
<h1> Author</h1>
<?php
$ID = $ POST["ID"];
$Fname = $ POST["Fname"];
$con=mysqli connect("localhost","root","root","public library");
$sql = "UPDATE Author SET Fname = '{$Fname}' WHERE ID = '{$ID}'";
echo "Update a Author ID='{$ID}' Fname='{$Fname}'";
mysqli query($con,$sql);
mysqli close($con);
?>
<?
$con1=mysqli connect("localhost","root","root","public library");
$result = mysqli query($con1,"SELECT * FROM AUTHOR");
echo "
Author ID
First Name
";
while($row = mysqli fetch array($result))
echo "";
echo "" . $row['ID'] . "";
echo "" . $row['Fname'] . "";
echo "";
}
echo "";
mysqli query($con1,$sql);
mysqli close($con1);
?>
</html>
```

Create a new a	nuthor	
AuthorID	Fname	Submit
Delete an auth	or	
AuthorID	Fname	Submit
Update an aut	hor	
AuthorID 784	Fname Jim	Submit
Show all autho	ors name	
Show		

Result:

# **Author**

Update a Author ID='784' Fname='Jim'

<b>Author ID</b>	First Name
334	Wendy
456	Cici
777	Mike
784	Jim
890	Ann

#### 8.4 Read the records in AUTHOR Table

```
<html>
<h2> Author</h2>
<?php
$Fname = $_GET["Fname"];
$con=mysqli_connect("localhost","root","root","public library");
$sql = "SELECT ID, Fname, Lname from Author";
```



```
$result = $con -> query ($sql);
echo "

    Author ID
    ID
    In the standard of the stand
```

#### Show all authors name

Show

Result:

# **Author**

Author ID	First Name
334	Wendy
456	Cici
777	Mike
784	Jim
890	Ann

#### 8.5 The HTML file using to implement CRUD operations

```
<html>
<form action="createauthor.php" method="POST">
<h2> Create a new author </h2>
        AuthorID<input type="text" name="ID">
        Fname<input type="text" name="Fname">
<input type="submit">
</form>
```



```
<form action="deleteauthor.php" method="POST">
<h2> Delete an author </h2>
     AuthorID<input type="text" name="ID">
      Fname<input type="text" name="Fname">
<input type="submit">
</form>
<form action="updateauthor.php" method="POST">
<h2> Update an author </h2>
     AuthorID<input type="text" name="ID">
     Fname<input type="text" name="Fname">
<input type="submit">
</form>
<form action="readauthor.php" method="GET">
<h2> Show all authors name </h2>
<button name= "Fname "type="submit">Show</button>
</form>
</html>
```