Cheat Sheet - Day 3

Introduction to Data Analysis with Python https://github.com/janekfleper/Workshop-Konstanz-2024

Basics

| ord("a") len([0, 1, 2]) | A <i>function</i> is called with (optional) arguments |
|---|---|
| <pre>y.count("a") "abc".upper()</pre> | A <i>method</i> is called on a value or on a variable |
| # a comment | A # starts a <i>comment</i> that will not be evaluated |
| type(x) | Get the <i>type</i> of a value or of a variable |
| del x | Delete a variable |
| <pre>def square(x): return x**2</pre> | Define a function with a parameter x and a return value |

Data types

| Data types | |
|--------------------------|--|
| "hello", 'abc', | A string is a sequence of |
| "0.9", str(123) | characters in quoation marks |
| 12, -4, int("5") | An <i>integer</i> is a number without a decimal part |
| 0.9, -3.1415, | A <i>float</i> is a number with a |
| float("-0.1") | decimal part |
| True, False, | A boolean can only take the |
| bool(0), x < 1 | values True or False |
| [0, "abc", 0.1] | A <i>list</i> is a mutable, sorted |
| <pre>list("hello")</pre> | collection of values |
| {"a": 1, "b": 2} | A dictionary is a mutable |
| dict(a=1, b=2) | collection of key-value pairs |
| (0, "0.9", True) | A tuple is an immutable, |
| tuple([0, 1, 2]) | sorted collection of values |

Files

| <pre>with open("a.txt"</pre> | ') as f: | Open a file |
|--|---------------|-------------|
| # do something for reading | | for reading |
| <pre>for line in f: print(line)</pre> Iterate over all lines in a file | | |
| f.read() | Read a file a | s a string |

Arrays

| <pre>import numpy as np</pre> | | |
|---|--|--|
| n = [1, 1, 2, 3] a = np.array(n) | Initialize an array | |
| a[0], a[0:-3] | Get values from an array | |
| a[0] = 4 a[0:-3] = 0 | Set values in an array | |
| a[a == 1] | Filter data in an array | |
| np.unique(a) | Get unique values in an array (and their counts) | |
| np.average(a) | Compute the (weighted) average of an array | |
| np.sort(a) | Get a sorted copy of an array | |
| np.argsort(a) | Get the indices that would sort an array | |
| <pre>a.sum(), a.prod() a.mean(), a.std() a.min(), a.max()</pre> | Run computations on all values in an array | |
| a.shape | Get the shape of an array | |
| a.dtype | Get the data type of an array | |
| a.astype(t) | Get a copy of an array with a specific data type t | |
| | | |

Data frames

| <pre>import pandas as pd</pre> | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <pre>df = pd.DataFrame()</pre> | Initialize a data frame |

| | <pre>df.iloc[1] df.iloc[2:-4]</pre> | Access a row (or multiple rows) by the position |
|---|--|--|
| | <pre>df.loc["a"] df.loc["a":"z"]</pre> | Access a row (or multiple rows) by the index |
| | <pre>df["col"] df[["col1","col2"]]</pre> | Access a column (or multiple columns) |
| | df.at["row","col"] | Read a single value from a data frame |
| | <pre>df.set_index("col")</pre> | Move a column to index |
| | <pre>df.assign(col=data)</pre> | Assign a (new) column |
| df.sort_values("col") Sort based on a colum | | Sort based on a column |
| | <pre>df.query("col > 2")</pre> | Query/filter a data frame |
| | df.plot("x", "y") | Create a plot from columns in a data frame |
| | <pre>pd.read_csv() pd.read_excel() etc</pre> | Open a file and read the content into a data frame |
| | | |

Jupyter shortcuts

| Enter / Esc | Start/exit the edit mode |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Shift + Enter | Run cell(s) and select next |
| A/B | Insert new cell above/below |
| \uparrow , K/ \downarrow , J | Select cell above/below |
| X,C,V | Cut, copy or paste cell(s) |
| D+D | Delete cell(s) |
| Z/Shift+Z | Undo/redo cell operation |
| Shift + Tab | Open the documentation |