



90

100



Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices **SEO**

Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

▲ 0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

3.5 s

Largest Contentful Paint

4.5 s

Total Blocking Time

180 ms

Cumulative Layout Shift

0.01

Speed Index

3.5 s



View Original Trace

















Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity Estimated Savings

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources 2.15s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources</u>. (FCP) (LCP)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (6)

	Show Siu-pari	y resources (o)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	74.6 KiB	1,990 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	26.2 KiB	1,240 ms
dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	32.1 KiB	600 ms
js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	16.3 KiB	150 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	0.8 KiB	770 ms
/css?family=Syne&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)	0.8 KiB	770 ms
gitpod.io 1st Party	6.4 KiB	160 ms
css/base.css (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	6.4 KiB	160 ms
FontAwesome CDN Cdn	4.5 KiB	850 ms
/7c6e646adf.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4.5 KiB	850 ms
Stripe Utility	142.3 KiB	2,270 ms

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	142.3 KiB	2,270 ms

▲ Reduce unused JavaScript

1.10s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Stripe Utility	142.3 KiB	112.0 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	142.3 KiB	112.0 KiB
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	32.1 KiB	22.0 KiB
dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	32.1 KiB	22.0 KiB

Serve images in next-gen formats

0.30s ^

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u>.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
gitpod.io 1st Party		117.0 KiB	62.2 KiB
body	/media/homepage_background_cropped.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	117.0 KiB	62.2 KiB

Preconnect to required origins

0.21s ^

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. FCP (LCP)

URL	Potential Savings
FontAwesome CDN Cdn	210 ms
https://ka-f.fontawesome.com	210 ms

Reduce unused CSS 0.15s ^

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP [LCP]

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	26.2 KiB	25.3 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	26.2 KiB	25.3 KiB
Unattributable	20.2 KiB	20.0 KiB
<pre>/*! * Font Awesome Free 6.4.0 by @fontawesome - https://fontawesome.com * License - https://fonta</pre>	20.2 KiB	20.0 KiB

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 10 failure reasons

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason	Failure type
Back/forward cache is disabled due to extensions using messaging API.	Pending browser support

Failure reason	Failure type
confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	
/v3/m-outer-93afeebhtml (js.stripe.com)	
/inner.html (m.stripe.network)	
Back/forward cache is disabled by flags. Visit chrome://flags/#back-forward-cache to enable it locally on this device.	Not actionable
$ confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u~~(8000-janetdev-cimilestone pro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)\\$	
Pages that JavaScript is injected into by extensions are not currently eligible for back/forward cache.	Not actionable
confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	
/v3/m-outer-93afeebhtml (js.stripe.com)	
/inner.html (m.stripe.network)	
Pages that StyleSheet is injected into by extensions are not currently eligible for back/forward cache.	Not actionable
confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	
/v3/m-outer-93afeebhtml (js.stripe.com)	
/inner.html (m.stripe.network)	

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 4 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more about efficient cache policies</u>.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
Stripe Utility		158 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	1m	142 KiB
/out-4.5.43.js (m.stripe.network)	5m	15 KiB
gitpod.io 1st Party		124 KiB

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size	
/media/homepage_background_cropped.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	None	117 KiB	
css/base.css (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	None	6 KiB	

Minimize main-thread work — 2.9 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work TBT

Category	Time Spent
Other	1,333 ms
Script Evaluation	952 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	210 ms
Style & Layout	207 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	91 ms
Garbage Collection	48 ms
Rendering	15 ms

Avoid chaining critical requests — 10 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load.

<u>Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.</u> [FCP] [LCP]

Maximum critical path latency: 637.508 ms

Initial Navigation

 $... confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u...~(8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)$

...css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) - 65.181 ms, 26.22 KiB

/css?family=Syne&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)

...v16/8vIS7w4qz....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 26.382 ms, 13.47 KiB

- ...css/base.css (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io) 34.43 ms, 6.40 KiB
- ...webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) 58.405 ms, 106.29 KiB
- ...webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) 54.406 ms, 147.16 KiB

/7c6e646adf.js (kit.fontawesome.com) - 138.698 ms, 4.53 KiB

- ...dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 70.599 ms, 32.07 KiB
- ...umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 70.075 ms, 7.77 KiB
- ...js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 68.238 ms, 16.35 KiB

/v3/ (js.stripe.com) - 81.993 ms, 142.34 KiB

○ Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 22 requests • 682 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more about performance budgets.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	22.0	681.8 KiB
Font	3.0	266.9 KiB
Script	7.0	219.1 KiB
Image	1.0	117.2 KiB
Stylesheet	3.0	33.4 KiB
Other	5.0	30.4 KiB
Document	3.0	14.8 KiB
Media	0.0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	19.0	545.4 KiB

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u>
[LCP]

Element	
	h2.logo-font.mb-4

Element			

O Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. <u>Learn how to improve CLS</u> <u>CLS</u>

Element	CLS Contribution
p	0.002
div.col.bg-danger.text-white	0.002
ul	
u	0.002
ul	0.001
n mv 0	
p.my-0	0.001

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Start Time	Duration
gitpod.io (1st Party)		516 ms
confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	1,000 ms	358 ms
confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	908 ms	92 ms
confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	1,484 ms	66 ms
FontAwesome CDN Cdn		458 ms
/7c6e646adf.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4,325 ms	405 ms
/7c6e646adf.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	1,886 ms	53 ms
Unattributable		124 ms
files/main.js (ide.gitpod.io)	784 ms	124 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

Properly size images

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images.

Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to

Minify CSS — Potential savings of 2 KiB

interactive. Learn how to defer offscreen images.

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
gitpod.io 1st Party	6.4 KiB	2.1 KiB
css/base.css (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	6.4 KiB	2.1 KiB

Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 16 KiB

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
<pre>chrome- extension://nngceckbapebfimnlniiiahkandclblb/content/notificationBar.js</pre>	13.7 KiB	8.9 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://nngceckbapebfimnlniiiahkandclblb/content/autofill.js</pre>	14.9 KiB	7.6 KiB

Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images.

Enable text compression — Potential savings of 14 KiB

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more about text compression. [FCP] (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
gitpod.io (1st Party)	18.7 KiB	13.7 KiB
confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	12.4 KiB	9.5 KiB
css/base.css (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	6.3 KiB	4.3 KiB

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. FCP | LCP |

URL

gitpod.io (1st Party)

...confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u... (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)

Time Spent

30 ms

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. FCP | LCP|

Preload key requests

Consider using link rel=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. <u>Learn</u> how to preload key requests. (FCP) (LCP)

Use HTTP/2

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2.

Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more about efficient video formats [LCP]</u>

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. $[\overline{TBT}]$

Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 0 KiB

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript (TBT)

URL		Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn		0.1 KiB
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)		0.1 KiB
popper.min.js:4	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	
Stripe Utility		0.0 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)		0.0 KiB
js.stripe.com/:1	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	

O Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 682 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>. <u>LCP</u>

Show 3rd-party resources (9)

URL	Transfer Size
FontAwesome CDN Cdn	276.5 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	147.2 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	106.3 KiB
css/free.min.css?token=7c6e646adf (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	23.0 KiB
Stripe Utility	157.6 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	142.3 KiB
/out-4.5.43.js (m.stripe.network)	15.3 KiB
gitpod.io (1st Party)	117.2 KiB

URL	Transfer Size
/media/homepage_background_cropped.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	117.2 KiB
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	74.6 KiB
dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	32.1 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	26.2 KiB
js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	16.3 KiB
Google Fonts Cdn	13.5 KiB
v16/8vIS7w4qzwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	13.5 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 114 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		114
Maximum DOM Depth	i.fas.fa-search	13
Maximum Child Elements	ul.navbar-nav.w-auto.mx-auto	5

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

JavaScript execution time — 1.0 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time</u>. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable	1,372 ms	220 ms	13 ms
Unattributable	1,102 ms	36 ms	0 ms
files/main.js (ide.gitpod.io)	152 ms	127 ms	0 ms
<pre>chrome- extension://dodmmooeoklaejobgleioelladacbeki/dist/bundles/gitp odify.bundle.js</pre>	65 ms	52 ms	13 ms
<pre>chrome- extension://nngceckbapebfimnlniiiahkandclblb/content/autofille r.js</pre>	53 ms	4 ms	0 ms
gitpod.io (1st Party)	759 ms	253 ms	92 ms
confirm-email/Nw:1qMTUK:W7mZgdY_u (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	759 ms	253 ms	92 ms
Stripe Utility	253 ms	204 ms	47 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	253 ms	204 ms	47 ms
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	155 ms	136 ms	15 ms
js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	88 ms	82 ms	6 ms
dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	67 ms	54 ms	9 ms
FontAwesome CDN Cdn	86 ms	61 ms	2 ms
/7c6e646adf.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	86 ms	61 ms	2 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about font-display. (FCP) (LCP)

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Stripe Utility	161 KiB	123 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	142 KiB	123 ms
/out-4.5.43.js (m.stripe.network)	15 KiB	0 ms
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	82 KiB	31 ms
js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	16 KiB	31 ms
dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	32 KiB	0 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	26 KiB	0 ms
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	8 KiB	0 ms
FontAwesome CDN Cdn	288 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	147 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	106 KiB	0 ms
css/free.min.css?token=7c6e646adf (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	23 KiB	0 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	14 KiB	0 ms
v16/8vIS7w4qzwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	13 KiB	0 ms

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade</u>. (TBT)

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more about optimal lazy loading</u>. [LCP]

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u>.

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS

Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> <u>(CLS)</u>

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>. TBT



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

ARIA



ARIA IDs are not unique

The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learn</u> how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.

Failing Elements	
a#user-options.text-black.nav-li	ink
	a#user-options.text-black.nav-link.d-block.d-lg-none

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10) The page has a logical tab order Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more about logical tab ordering. Interactive controls are keyboard focusable Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn how to make custom controls focusable. Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints. The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content. User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus trans. Custom controls have associated labels Custom controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about custom controls and labels. Custom controls have ARIA roles Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn how to add roles to custom controls.	These are opportunities to improve the usage of ARIA in your application which may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.		
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Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints. Or The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content. Or User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus traps. Or Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about custom controls and labels. Or Custom controls have ARIA roles Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn how to add roles to custom controls.			
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If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content. O User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus traps. O Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about custom controls and labels. O Custom controls have ARIA roles Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn how to add roles to custom controls.			
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Custom controls have ARIA roles Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn how to add roles to custom controls.	Custom controls have associated labels	^	
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .			
	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^	
 Visual order on the page follows DOM order 	Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .		
	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^	

DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more about DOM and visual

Failing Elements

<u>ordering.</u>	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an acces</u> review.	ssibility
PASSED AUDITS (15)	Hide
[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles.	s.
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body .	
[aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more about valid values</u> .	<u>/alues</u>
[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more about valid ARIA attributes</u>.

Buttons have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make buttons more accessible</u>.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how a ria - hidden affects focusable elements. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. html element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure. List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements

Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order	^
Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier t and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about heading order</u> .	o navigate
NOT APPLICABLE (28)	Hide
[accesskey] values are unique	^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique about access keys.	Learn more
button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .	it unusable
ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, makin for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .	g it unusable
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, manusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	aking it
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	name, making
[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more and required attributes</u> .	about roles
■ Flements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children	

Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly.

Learn more about proper list structure.

roles and required children elements.	
 [role]s are contained by their required parent element 	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended ac Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	cessibility functions.
O [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more roles.</u>	e about valid ARIA
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	e, making it unusable
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic n unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	ame, making it
 ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names 	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a gene unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .	eric name, making it
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn blocks</u> .	more about bypass
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> element</td><td>s. ^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>output. <u>Learn how to</u></td></tr><tr><th>O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</th><th>^</th></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen</td><td>readers can properly</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about

 [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique 	^
All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn how to fix</u> <u>duplicate ids</u> .	
No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use eithe first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.	ther
<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles.	
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty a attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	alt
<pre>o <input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	l
O Form elements have associated labels	^
Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more about</u> form element labels.	<u>ut</u>
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u> .	
object> elements have alternate text	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers con meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	ıvey
No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> how to use the <u>lang</u> attribute.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u>.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

GENERAL

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

Name	Version
Bootstrap	4.6.2
jQuery	3.5.1

PASSED AUDITS (13) Hide

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications</u>.

Allows users to paste into input fields

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more about user-friendly input fields</u>.

Dis	plays images with correct aspect ratio	
Image	e display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more about image aspect ratio</u> .	
Ser	rves images with appropriate resolution	
_	e natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn how</u> ovide responsive images.	<u>/</u>
Pa	ge has the HTML doctype	
Speci	ifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more about the doctype declaration</u> .	
Pro	pperly defines charset	
	ent-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.	
Avo	pids unload event listeners	
	unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Dagehide or visibilitychange events instead. Learn more about unload event listeners	
Avo	pids deprecated APIs	
Depre	ecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. <u>Learn more about deprecated APIs</u> .	
No	browser errors logged to the console	
	s logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browse erns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>	r
No	issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools	
failure	s logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network requeses, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more son each issue.	st
Pa	ge has valid source maps	
Sourc	be maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition,	

 $\label{lighthouse} \mbox{Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. \mbox{$\underline{\textbf{Learn}}$}$

more about source maps.

URL	Map URL
Stripe Utility	
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	sourcemaps/stripe-0e5f943js.map (js.stripe.com)
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	umd/popper.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)
js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	js/bootstrap.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

NOT APPLICABLE (1)
Hide

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more about preloading fonts



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about</u> Structured Data.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (11) Hide Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. Document has a meta description Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description. Page has successful HTTP status code Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes. Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible. Links are crawlable Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more about crawler directives. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang. Document uses legible font sizes — 100% legible text

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u>.

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
Legible text		100.00%	≥ 12px

Document avoids plugins

earn more about

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more about avoiding plugins</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately — 100% appropriately sized tap targets

^

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more about tap targets</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (3)

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more about robots.txt</u>.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

^

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

^

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.

Captured at Jul 20, 2023, 2:25

PM GMT+1 Initial page load Emulated Moto G Power with Lighthouse 10.1.1 Slow 4G throttling Single page load

Using Chromium 114.0.0.0 with devtools