



90

100

100

Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices SEO



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

METRICS

0-49

50-89

90-100



Expand view

 $0.9 \, s$

Largest Contentful Paint

1.1 s

Total Blocking Time

First Contentful Paint

Cumulative Layout Shift

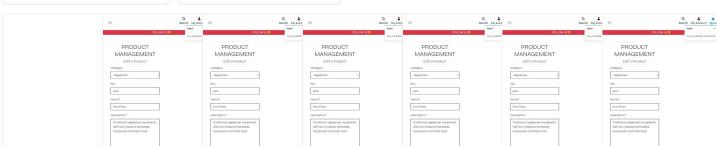
0.004

20 ms

Speed Index

0.9 s







Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity **Estimated Savings**

Eliminate render-blocking resources 0.52s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	58.0 KiB	420 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	25.9 KiB	300 ms
dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	32.1 KiB	120 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	0.8 KiB	220 ms
/css?family=Syne&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)	0.8 KiB	220 ms
FontAwesome CDN Cdn	4.2 KiB	260 ms
/7c6e646adf.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	4.2 KiB	260 ms
Stripe Utility	142.3 KiB	530 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	142.3 KiB	530 ms

Reduce unused JavaScript

0.22s ^

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript. [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Stripe Utility	142.3 KiB	112.0 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	142.3 KiB	112.0 KiB

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS



Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason	Failure type
Back/forward cache is disabled due to extensions using messaging API.	Pending browser support
edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	
/v3/m-outer-93afeebhtml (js.stripe.com)	
/inner.html (m.stripe.network)	
Back/forward cache is disabled by flags. Visit chrome://flags/#back-forward-cache to enable it ocally on this device.	Not actionable
edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	
Pages that JavaScript is injected into by extensions are not currently eligible for back/forward cache.	Not actionable
edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	
/v3/m-outer-93afeebhtml (js.stripe.com)	
/inner.html (m.stripe.network)	
Pages that StyleSheet is injected into by extensions are not currently eligible for back/forward cache.	Not actionable
edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	
/v3/m-outer-93afeebhtml (js.stripe.com)	

Failure reason Failure type
/inner.html (m.stripe.network)

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 5 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
gitpod.io 1st Party		239 KiB
/media/homepage_background_cropped.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	None	117 KiB
/media/pizza-dub.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	None	116 KiB
css/base.css (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	None	6 KiB
Stripe Utility		157 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	1m	142 KiB
/out-4.5.43.js (m.stripe.network)	5m	14 KiB

Avoid chaining critical requests — 10 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 706 ms

Initial Navigation

...edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)

...css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net) - 76.584 ms, 25.90 KiB

 $\label{local:complex} \mbox{/css?family=Syne\&display=swap} \ \ \mbox{(fonts.googleapis.com)}$

...v16/8vIS7w4qz....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 26.01 ms, 13.52 KiB

...css/base.css (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io) - 46.409 ms, 6.37 KiB

...webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) - 48.02 ms, 106.04 KiB

...webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com) - 66.457 ms, 147.45 KiB

/7c6e646adf.js (kit.fontawesome.com) - 77.086 ms, 4.23 KiB

- ...dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 77.1 ms, 32.06 KiB
- ...umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 57.491 ms, 8.11 KiB
- ...js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net) 73.31 ms, 16.32 KiB

/v3/ (js.stripe.com) - 74.956 ms, 142.34 KiB

O Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 23 requests • 806 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more about performance budgets.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	23.0	805.6 KiB
Font	3.0	267.0 KiB
Image	2.0	232.8 KiB
Script	7.0	218.2 KiB
Stylesheet	3.0	33.1 KiB
Other	5.0	30.4 KiB
Document	3.0	24.0 KiB
Media	0.0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	19.0	544.9 KiB

Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> <u>LCP</u>

Element	
	h2.logo-font

Element			

O Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found

^

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. <u>Learn how to improve CLS</u> <u>CLS</u>

Element		CLS Contribution
div.	col.bg-danger.text-white	0.002
	div.message-container	0.001
	ul	0.001
	h5.text-muted	0.000
	button.navbar-toggler	0.000

O Avoid long main-thread tasks — 2 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks (TBT)</u>

URL	Start Time	Duration
gitpod.io 1st Party		92 ms
edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	285 ms	92 ms
FontAwesome CDN Cdn		92 ms
/7c6e646adf.js (kit.fontawesome.com)	972 ms	92 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (31)
Hide

Properly size images — Potential savings of 114 KiB

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
gitpod.io 1st Party		115.4 KiB	113.8 KiB
img.rounded.shadow-sm	/media/pizza-dub.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	115.4 KiB	113.8 KiB

Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u>.

Minify CSS — Potential savings of 2 KiB

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
gitpod.io 1st Party	6.4 KiB	2.1 KiB
css/base.css (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	6.4 KiB	2.1 KiB

Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 16 KiB

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. [FCP] [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
<pre>chrome- extension://nngceckbapebfimnlniiiahkandclblb/content/notificationBar.js</pre>	13.7 KiB	8.9 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://nngceckbapebfimnlniiiahkandclblb/content/autofill.js</pre>	14.9 KiB	7.6 KiB

Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 44 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	25.9 KiB	24.0 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	25.9 KiB	24.0 KiB
Unattributable	20.2 KiB	20.0 KiB
<pre>/*! * Font Awesome Free 6.4.0 by @fontawesome - https://fontawesome.com * License - https://fonta</pre>	20.2 KiB	20.0 KiB

Efficiently encode images

^

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u>.

	URL	Resource Size	Potential Savings
gitpod.io 1st Party		232.5 KiB	121.2 KiB
body	/media/homepage_background_cropped.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	117.0 KiB	62.2 KiB
img.rounded.shadow-sm	/media/pizza-dub.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	115.4 KiB	59.0 KiB

Enable text compression — Potential savings of 21 KiB

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more about text compression. FCP (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
gitpod.io 1st Party	27.5 KiB	21.3 KiB
edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	21.3 KiB	17.0 KiB
css/base.css (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	6.3 KiB	4.3 KiB

Preconnect to required origins — Potential savings of 80 ms

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. Learn how to preconnect to required origins. (FCP) (LCP)

	URL	otential Savings
	FontAwesome CDN Cdn	80 ms
	https://ka-f.fontawesome.com	80 ms
	Initial server response time was short — Root document took 100 ms	^
	Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn Time to First Byte metric. FCP LCP	more about the
	URL	Time Spent
	gitpod.io 1st Party	100 ms
	edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	100 ms
	Avoid multiple page redirects	^
	Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects.	CP LCP
0	Preload key requests	^
	Consider using <link rel="preload"/> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in how to preload key requests . FCP LCP	page load. <u>Learn</u>
	Use HTTP/2	^
	HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about	<u>HTTP/2</u> .
	Use video formats for animated content	^
	Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animate PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formated to the save network bytes.	
	Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
	Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network.	vork activity.

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript (TBT)

URL		Potential Savings
JSDelivr CDN Cdn		0.1 KiB
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)		0.1 KiB
popper.min.js:4	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	
Stripe Utility		0.0 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)		0.0 KiB
js.stripe.com/:1	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u>. <u>LCP</u>

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 806 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn how to reduce payload sizes. [LCP]

Show 3rd-party resources (7)

URL	Transfer Size
FontAwesome CDN Cdn	276.6 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	147.4 KiB
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	106.0 KiB
css/free.min.css?token=7c6e646adf (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	23.1 KiB

URL	Transfer Size
gitpod.io 1st Party	254.3 KiB
/media/homepage_background_cropped.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	117.2 KiB
/media/pizza-dub.jpg (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	115.7 KiB
edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	21.5 KiB
Stripe Utility	142.3 KiB
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	142.3 KiB
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	74.3 KiB
dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	32.1 KiB
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	25.9 KiB
js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	16.3 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 188 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. <u>(TBT)</u>

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		188
Maximum DOM Depth	i.fas.fa-search	13
Maximum Child Elements	form.form.mb-2	16

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

JavaScript execution time - 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. (TBT)

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable	284 ms	8 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	284 ms	8 ms	0 ms
gitpod.io (1st Party)	257 ms	84 ms	21 ms
edit/1 (8000-janetdev-cimilestonepro-y1mawb4qtt0.ws-eu101.gitpod.io)	257 ms	84 ms	21 ms
Stripe Utility	70 ms	49 ms	21 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	70 ms	49 ms	21 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.8 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work TBT

Category	Time Spent
Other	367 ms
Script Evaluation	242 ms
Style & Layout	86 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	54 ms

Category	Time Spent
Parse HTML & CSS	16 ms
Garbage Collection	11 ms
Rendering	9 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about $\underline{\text{font-display}}$. $\underline{\text{FCP}}$ $\underline{\text{LCP}}$

Minimize third-party usage $\,-\,$ Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

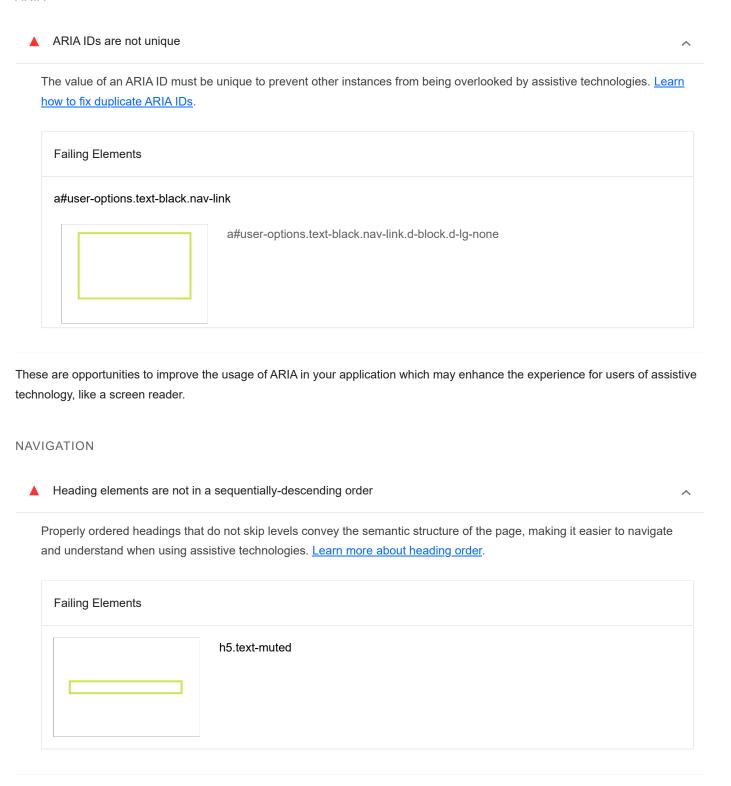
Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
FontAwesome CDN Cdn	287 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-solid-900.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	147 KiB	0 ms
webfonts/free-fa-brands-400.woff2 (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	106 KiB	0 ms
css/free.min.css?token=7c6e646adf (ka-f.fontawesome.com)	23 KiB	0 ms
Stripe Utility	161 KiB	0 ms
/v3/ (js.stripe.com)	142 KiB	0 ms
/out-4.5.43.js (m.stripe.network)	14 KiB	0 ms
JSDelivr CDN Cdn	82 KiB	0 ms
dist/jquery.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	32 KiB	0 ms
css/bootstrap.min.css (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	26 KiB	0 ms
js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	16 KiB	0 ms
umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	8 KiB	0 ms
Google Fonts Cdn	14 KiB	0 ms
v16/8vIS7w4qzwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	14 KiB	0 ms

Lazy load third-party resources with facades	^
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Lear defer third-parties with a facade. TBT	n how to
Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded	^
Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest content Learn more about optimal lazy loading. LCP	tful paint.
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>I about adopting passive event listeners</u> .	<u>Learn more</u>
Avoids document.write()	^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page loa of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().	ad by tens
O Avoid non-composited animations	^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn how to avoid non-composited animations</u>	ations (CLS)
Image elements have explicit width and height	^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set im dimensions</u> <u>CLS</u>	<u>age</u>
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 mill</u> <u>delay to user input</u> . <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u> . <u>TBT</u>	isecond



These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

ARIA



These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

O The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more a logical tab ordering</u> .	<u>about</u>
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom confocusable</u> .	i <u>trols</u>
O Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-intera elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	ctive
O The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus content</u> .	to new
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid for	ocus traps.
O Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about controls and labels.	<u>ustom</u>
O Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
O Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and vordering.</u>	<u>⁄isual</u>
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	

O HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation

Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> review.

PASSED AUDITS (17) Hide [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Learn how to match ARIA attributes to their roles. [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible. Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt

attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more about</u> form element labels.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more about the viewport meta tag.</u>

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements.

Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique

All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn how to fix duplicate ids</u>.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.

html element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute.

Links have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn how to make links accessible</u>.

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn about proper list structure</u> .	<u>n more</u>
List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements</menu>	^
Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced propular more about proper list structure.</menu>	perly.
NOT APPLICABLE (25)	Hide
O [accesskey] values are unique	^
Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn about access keys</u> .	more
button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusa for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .	able
O ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .	sable
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, not it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	naking
O [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more about rand required attributes</u> .	<u>oles</u>

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

	ome ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more a</u> bles and required children elements.
0	[role]s are contained by their required parent element
	some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility function to the second required parent element.
0	[role] values are valid
	RIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about valid ARI.</u>
0	ARIA toggle fields have accessible names
	When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus or users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .
0	ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names
	When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it nusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name tooltip elements.
0	ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names
	When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making nusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.
0	The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region
	dding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about byp</u> locks.
0	<pre><dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</pre></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn ho</u> tructure definition lists correctly.</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl></pre>

announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.	
No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.	er
<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u> .	
<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.	
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers converged meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	еу
No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u> .	
Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.	
elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells

may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers.

Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can properly

0 [1	lang]	attributes	have	а	valid	value
------	-------	------------	------	---	-------	-------

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> <u>how to use the lang attribute</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u>.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

GENERAL

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

Name	Version
Bootstrap	4.6.2

Name	Version
jQuery	3.5.1

PASSED AUDITS (13)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more about the geolocation permission</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications</u>.

Allows users to paste into input fields

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more about user-friendly input fields</u>.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn how to provide responsive images</u>.

Page has the HTML doctype

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration.

Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.

Avoids unload event listeners

The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. <u>Learn more about unload event listeners</u>

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

URL

Stripe Utility

//3/ (js.stripe.com)

...sourcemaps/stripe-0e5f943....js.map (js.stripe.com)

JSDelivr CDN Cdn

...umd/popper.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

...umd/popper.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)

URL	Map URL	
js/bootstrap.min.js (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	js/bootstrap.min.js.map (cdn.jsdelivr.net)	

NOT APPLICABLE (1)	Hide
O Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded	^
Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. <u>Learn more about preloading fonts</u>	



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)	Hide
O Structured data is valid	^
Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u> .	
Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.	

PASSED AUDITS (10)

Hide

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

Document has a meta description Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description. Page has successful HTTP status code Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes. Links have descriptive text Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn how to make links more accessible. Links are crawlable Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable Page isn't blocked from indexing Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more about crawler directives. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. Document has a valid hreflang hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang. Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more about avoiding plugins</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (4)	Hide
O robots.txt is valid	^
If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.	
O Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. <u>Learn more about canonical links</u> .	
O Document uses legible font sizes	^
Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u> .	e to
O Tap targets are sized appropriately	^
Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more about tap targets.	

Captured at Jul 20, 2023, 12:15 PM GMT+1 Initial page load Emulated Desktop with
Lighthouse 10.1.1
Custom throttling

Single page load

Using Chromium 114.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 10.1.1 | File an issue