### Minimum Diet Cost Problem

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February 16, 2022

#### Introduction

The idea of this project is to solve the problem of finding the minimum cost diet satisfying a set of "Recommended Daily Allowances" (RDAs) for a particular set of nutrients and possible kind of food.

# History

- ▶ Problem first "solved" by Stigler 1945 for a set of foods and prices and RDA requirements (see Dantzig 1990 for an entertaining discussion of what "solved" meant in that context).
- ► Times have changed: the variety of different kinds of food, food prices, and RDA requirements are all quite different from what they were for our grandparents.

# **Dietary Guidelines**

A compilation of dietary guidelines are provided at in an appendix of https://www.dietaryguidelines.gov/sites/default/files/2021-03/Dietary\_Guidelines\_for\_
Americans-2020-2025.pdf these provide recommended levels of 31 different nutrients by age and sex. I've put some of these data into a google spreadsheet at

https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/ 1y95IsQ4HKspPW3HHDtH7QMtlDA66IUsCHJLutVL-MMc/. We'll use these to construct the vector b.

#### Diet Cost

Stigler's insight was that the minimum cost diet (MCD) problem was most naturally posed as a linear program.

- ► Suppose *n* different kinds of food;
- Represent quantities consumed of these as a vector x with n elements. Many elements may be zero!
- Each kind of food has price; call this vector of prices p.

#### Total Cost

A consumer's diet costs p'x, where the prime indicates the inner or dot product of the two vectors.

### **Nutritional Recommendations**

Each unit of a given kind of food is assumed to provide a set of nutrients.

- Suppose m nutrients, then let A be a matrix with m rows and n columns describing the nutritional content of a single unit of each of kind of food.
- ▶ Different sources of "recommendations" regarding nutrition.
  - Equalities: A female in her twenties 'should' consume:
    - 2000 kilo-calories
    - ▶ 46 grams of protein
    - 28 grams of fiber per day
- Inequalities:
  - Less than 23 grams of sodium

### Matrix notation

We can write these constraints as something like

$$Ax \geq \underline{b}$$

where  $\underline{b}$  is a vector of recommendations about *minimum* amounts of different nutrients. Similarly, if there are some things we want to make sure we eat *less* of (e.g., mercury, sodium, calories), that can be written as a set of linear inequalities

$$Ax \leq \bar{b}$$
,

where  $\bar{b}$  is a vector of recommendations about maximum amounts of different nutrients. Note that this constraint can also be expressed as a greater than constraint by multiplying both sides by -1.

## Linear Program

Putting this all together, the linear program to compute the minimum cost diet looks like

$$\min_{x} p'x$$

such that

$$\begin{bmatrix} A \\ -A \end{bmatrix} x \ge \begin{bmatrix} \underline{b} \\ -\overline{b} \end{bmatrix}.$$

We can express this more succinctly by denoting the stacked A matrices and b vectors by  $\tilde{A}$  and  $\tilde{b}$ , respectively.