

Computational Physics

Exercise 5

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1 Task 1

We were too dumb to solve this within 10 minutes and too lazy to spend more time on an exercise that is only worth 1 point.

2 Task 2

We implemented the Metropolis-Hastings algorithm described on the exercise sheet.

Figures 1 and 2 show our test of the algorithm with $\delta = 2$, $N = 64$ and $\beta = 1$.

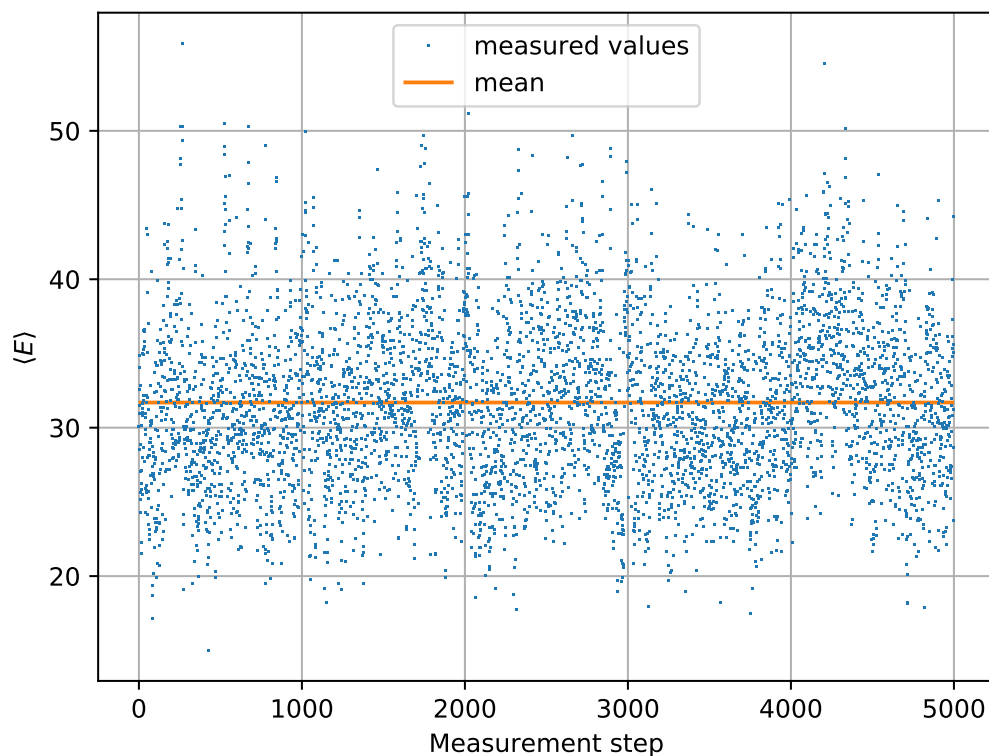


Figure 1: Magnetization m after each Metropolis-Hastings sweep

Since we did not solve Task 1 we cannot compare our results to the analytical solution.

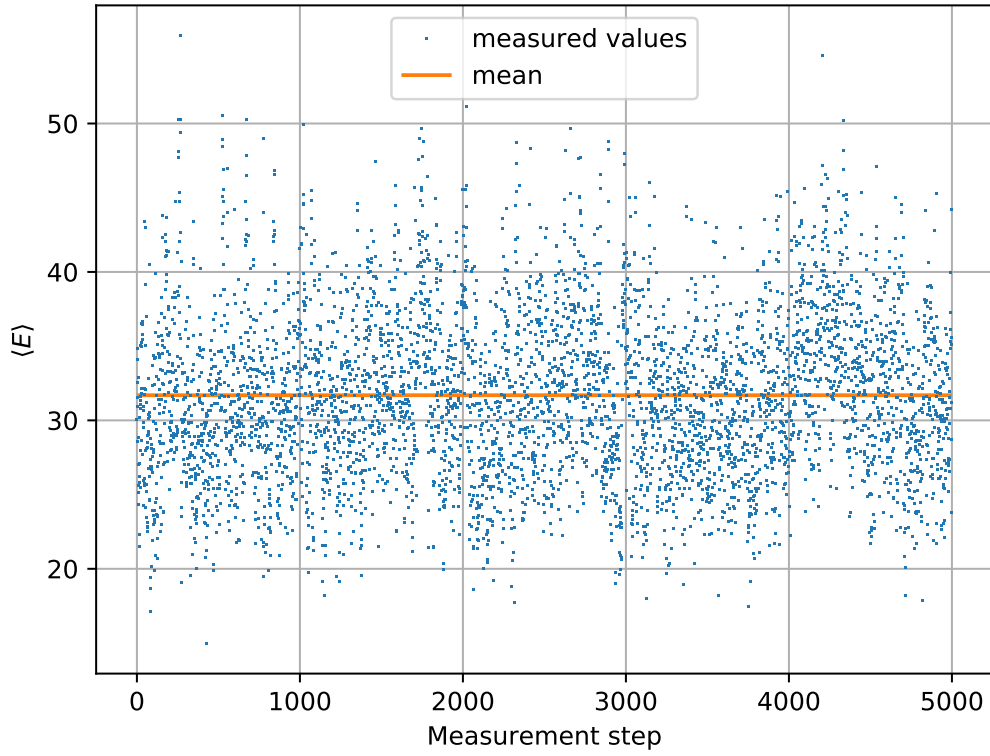


Figure 2: Energy E after each Metropolis-Hastings sweep

3 Task 3

$$\phi_i^{(2a)} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\phi_{2i}^{(a)} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\phi_{2i+1}^{(a)} + \phi_{2i-1}^{(a)} \right) \right) \quad (1)$$

But since we were tasked to set $\phi^{(a)} = 0$, we don't have any external field at any level. We may have misinterpreted the exercise.

Task 3

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$$H_a(u^a) = H_a(\tilde{u}^a) + H_{2a}(u^{2a})$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} \sum_{i=1}^N (\tilde{u}_i^a - \tilde{u}_{i-1}^a)^2 + a \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a \tilde{u}_i^a + \frac{1}{2a} \sum_{i=1}^{N/2} (u_i^{2a} - u_{i-1}^{2a})^2 + 2a \sum_{i=1}^{N/2-1} \phi_i^{2a} u_i^{2a}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} \sum_{i=1}^N (u_i^a - u_{i-1}^a)^2 + a \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a u_i^a$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} \sum_{i=1}^N (\tilde{u}_i^a + I_{2a}^a u_i^{2a} - (\tilde{u}_{i-1}^a + I_{2a}^a u_{i-1}^{2a}))^2 + a \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a (\tilde{u}_i^a + I_{2a}^a u_i^{2a})$$

$$\Rightarrow a \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a \tilde{u}_i^a + 2a \sum_{i=1}^{N/2-1} \phi_i^{2a} u_i^{2a} \stackrel{!}{=} a \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a (\tilde{u}_i^a + I_{2a}^a u_i^{2a})$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{\sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a \tilde{u}_i^a} + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{N/2-1} \phi_i^{2a} u_i^{2a} = \cancel{\sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a \tilde{u}_i^a} + \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a (I_{2a}^a u_i^{2a})$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \sum_{i=1}^{N/2-1} \phi_i^{2a} u_i^{2a} = \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a (I_{2a}^a u_i^{2a})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \phi_i^a \begin{cases} u_{i/2}^{2a} & , i \text{ even} \\ (u_{(i-1)/2}^{2a} + u_{(i+1)/2}^{2a})/2 & , i \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N/2-1} \phi_{2i}^a u_i^{2a} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=0}^{N/2-1} \phi_{2i+1}^a (\underbrace{u_{(2i-1+1)/2}^{2a}}_i + \underbrace{u_{(2i+1+1)/2}^{2a}}_{i+1})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N/2-1} \phi_{2i}^a u_i^{2a} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=0}^{N/2-1} \phi_{2i+1}^a u_i^{2a} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{N/2} \phi_{2i-1}^a u_i^{2a}$$

$$(u_0^{2a} = u_{N/2}^{2a} = 0)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{N/2-1} (\phi_{2i}^a + \frac{1}{2}(\phi_{2i+1}^a + \phi_{2i-1}^a)) u_i^{2a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi_i^{2a} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\phi_{2i}^a + \frac{1}{2}(\phi_{2i+1}^a + \phi_{2i-1}^a) \right)$$

Figure 3

4 Task 4

We implemented the multigrid algorithm described on the exercise sheet.

5 Task 5

We test our implementation of the multigrid algorithm with $N = 64$, $\delta = 2$, $\gamma = \{1, 2\}$, $n_{\text{level}} = 3$ and $\nu_{\text{pre}} = \nu_{\text{post}} = \{4, 2, 1\}$. We use 500 thermalization and 5000 measurement steps. The results are shown in figures 4 and 5.

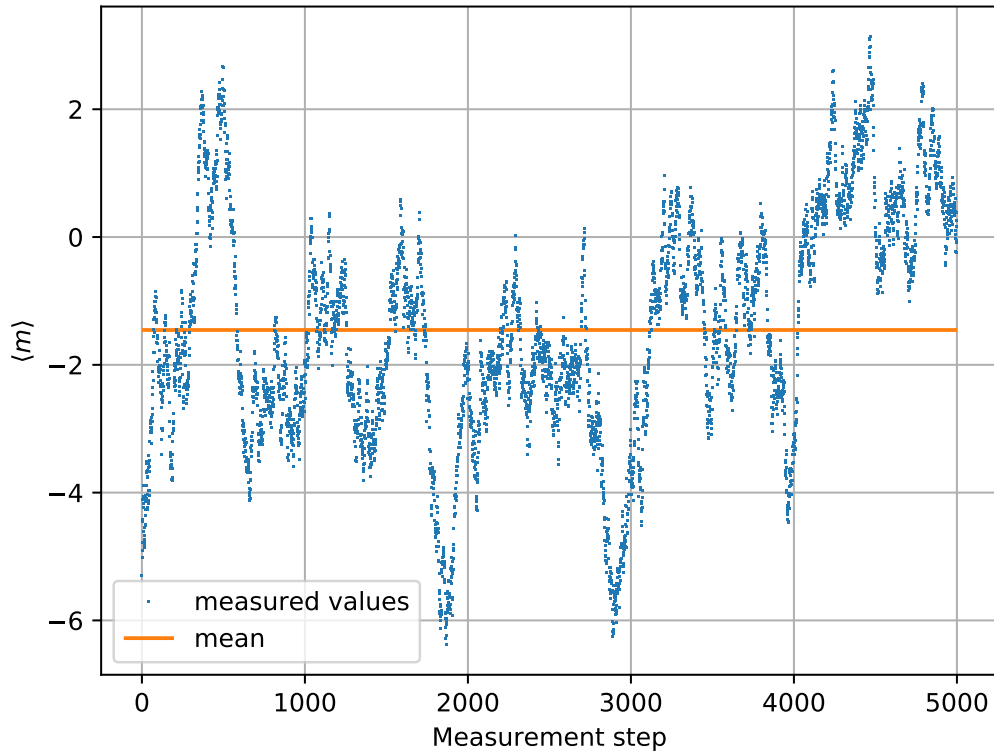


Figure 4: Magnetization m after each Multigrid sweep

We also calculate the normalized autocorrelation of the squared magnetization m^2 for the trajectories determined by the Metropolis-Hastings and Multigrid algorithms. This is shown in figure 6.

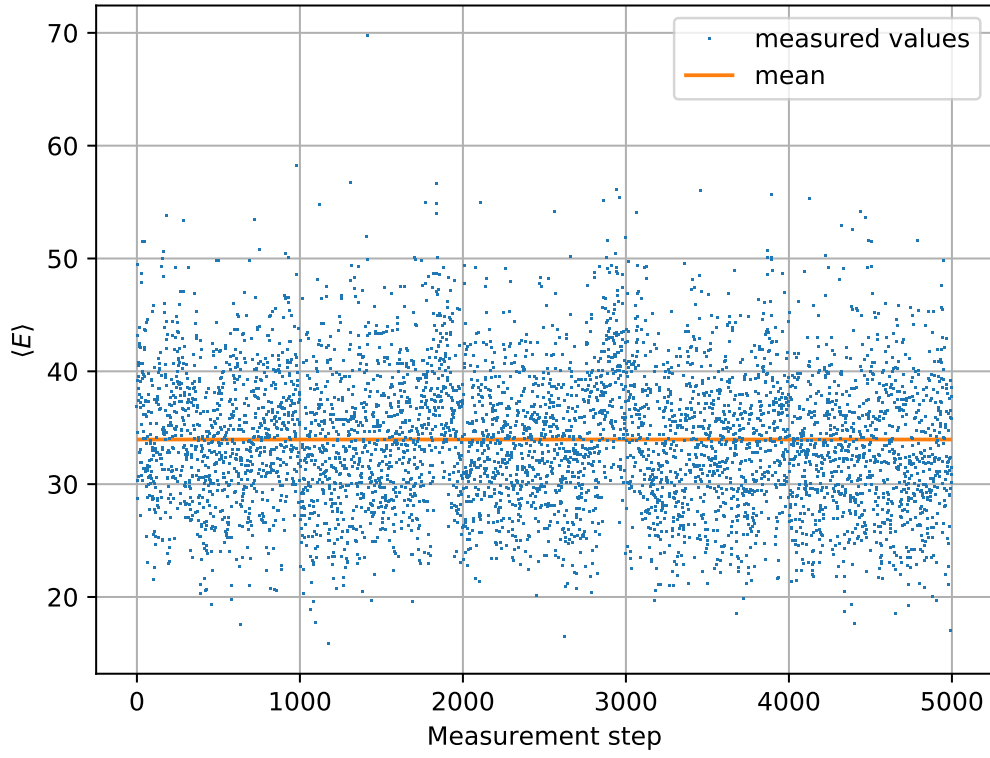


Figure 5: Energy E after each Multigrid sweep

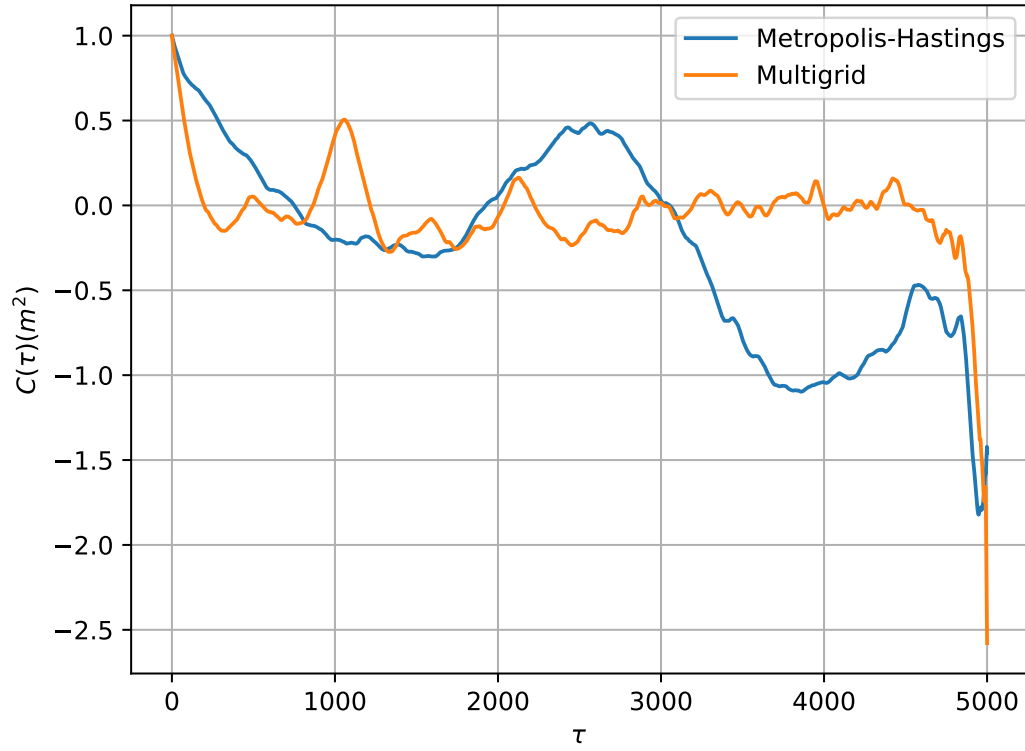


Figure 6: Autocorrelation of the squared magnetization m^2 determined by the Multigrid and Metropolis-Hastings algorithms