

# 1. HOMEWORK 4 (DUE: MAY 31)

**Problem 1.1** (Section 13.1, Exercise 2). Show that  $x^3 - 2x - 2$  is irreducible over  $\mathbb{Q}$  and let  $\theta$  be a root. Compute  $(1 + \theta)(1 + \theta + \theta^2)$  and  $\frac{1+\theta}{1+\theta+\theta^2}$  in  $\mathbb{Q}(\theta)$ .

**Problem 1.2** (Section 13.2, Exercise 7). Prove that  $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}) = \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3})$  [one inclusion is obvious, for the other consider  $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})^2$ , etc.]. Conclude that  $[\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}) : \mathbb{Q}] = 4$ . Find an irreducible polynomial satisfied by  $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$ .

**Problem 1.3** (Section 13.2, Exercise 19). Let  $K$  be an extension of  $F$  of degree  $n$ .

- (1) For any  $\alpha \in K$  prove that  $\alpha$  acting by left multiplication on  $K$  is an  $F$ -linear transformation of  $K$ .
- (2) Prove that  $K$  is isomorphic to a subfield of the ring of  $n \times n$  matrices over  $F$ , so the ring of  $n \times n$  matrices over  $F$  contains an isomorphic copy of every extension of  $F$  of degree  $\leq n$ .

**Problem 1.4** (Section 13.2, Exercise 20). Show that if the matrix of the linear transformation “multiplication by  $\alpha$ ” considered in the previous exercise is  $A$  then  $\alpha$  is a root of the characteristic polynomial for  $A$ . This gives an effective procedure for determining an equation of degree  $n$  satisfied by an element  $\alpha$  in an extension of  $F$  of degree  $n$ . Use this procedure to obtain the monic polynomial of degree 3 satisfied by  $\sqrt[3]{2}$  and by  $1 + \sqrt[3]{2} + \sqrt[3]{4}$ .

**Problem 1.5** (Section 13.4, Exercise 5). Let  $K$  be a finite extension of  $F$ . Prove that  $K$  is a splitting field over  $F$  if and only if every irreducible polynomial in  $F[x]$  that has a root in  $K$  splits completely in  $K[x]$ . [Use Theorems 8 and 27.]

**Problem 1.6** (Section 13.4, Exercise 6). Let  $K_1$  and  $K_2$  be finite extensions of  $F$  contained in the field  $K$ , and assume both are splitting fields over  $F$ .

- (1) Prove that their composite  $K_1K_2$  is a splitting field over  $F$ .
- (2) Prove that  $K_1 \cap K_2$  is a splitting field over  $F$ . [Use the preceding exercise.]

**Problem 1.7.** Let  $F$  be a field and let  $E, E'$  be algebraic closures of  $F$ . Prove that there is an isomorphism  $\sigma : E \rightarrow E'$  such that  $\sigma|_F : F \rightarrow F$  is the identity map on  $F$ .

**Problem 1.8** (Section 13.5, Exercise 1). Prove that the derivative  $D_x$  of a polynomial satisfies  $D_x(f(x) + g(x)) = D_x(f(x)) + D_x(g(x))$  and  $D_x(f(x)g(x)) = D_x(f(x))g(x) + D_x(g(x))f(x)$  for any two polynomials  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$ .

**Problem 1.9** (Section 13.5, Exercise 7). Suppose  $K$  is a field of characteristic  $p$  which is not a perfect field:  $K \neq K^p$ . Prove there exist irreducible inseparable polynomials over  $K$ . Conclude that there exist inseparable finite extensions of  $K$ .

**Problem 1.10** (Section 13.6, Exercise 6). Prove that for  $n$  odd,  $n > 1$ ,  $\Phi_{2n}(x) = \Phi_n(-x)$ .