# STOR 320.1 Data Transformation II

#### Data Transformation II Info

- Finish Reading Chapter 3 and Practice the Code in R4DS
- Covers
  - The Pipe
  - Statistical Summaries
  - Grouped Summaries
  - Helpful Functions
- Builds Off Last Tutorial

#### The Pipe

- Useful for Combining Multiple
   Steps of Operations
- Represented by %>%
- Reads as "Then"
- Works Like a Composite Function From Algebra

$$f(x) = 3x + 4$$
  
 $g(x) = 2x$   
 $h = 1$ 

OUT = h %>%  
 $g()$  %>%  
 $f()$ 

OUT = 10

#### The Pipe

#### Chaining with the Pipe

```
`{r,eval=F}
f2e.pipedream =
 # Acknowledge the Original Data
 flights %>%
 # Input Original Data and Perform Mutations
 transmute(dep_hr=dep_time%/%100+(dep_time%%100)/60,
            sched_dep_hr=sched_dep_time%/%100+(sched_dep_time%%100)/60,
            arr_hr=arr_time%/%100+(arr_time%%100)/60,
            sched_arr_hr=sched_arr_time%/%100+(sched_arr_time%%100)/60) %>%
 mutate(dep_delay_hr=dep_hr-sched_dep_hr,
       arr_delay_hr=arr_hr-sched_arr_hr) %>%
 mutate(percent_dep_delay_hr=percent_rank(dep_delay_hr)) %>%
 # Input Modified Data and Filter the observations
 filter(percent_dep_delay_hr<0.1|percent_dep_delay_hr>0.9) %>%
 # Input Modified Data and Sort according to percent_dep_delay_hr
 arrange(desc(percent_dep_delay_hr))
```

					<i>□</i> ∧ ×
dep_hr <dbl></dbl>	sched_dep_hr <dbl></dbl>	arr_hr <dbl></dbl>	sched_arr_hr <dbl></dbl>	dep_delay_hr <dbl></dbl>	arr_delay_hr <dbl></dbl>
23.35000	8.166667	1.583333	10.33333	15.18333	-8.750000
22.95000	7.983333	1.350000	10.43333	14.96667	-9.083333
22.71667	8.500000	1.000000	11.10000	14.21667	-10.100000
23.40000	10.266667	1.233333	12.45000	13.13333	-11.216667
19.35000	6.250000	21.583333	8.70000	13.10000	12.883333

#### The Pipe

#### Why use

- Avoid nested functions
- Minimize number of local variables
- Easier to add steps in the sequence

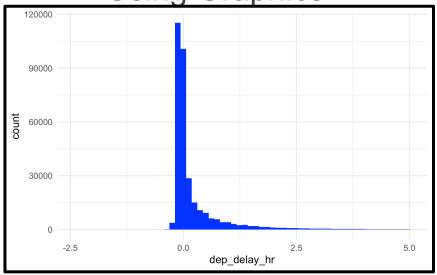
#### Why not to use

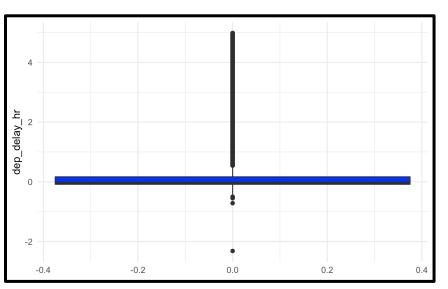
- Debug
- Can't handle multiple inputs
- Can't handle complex code structure

#### summarize()

Summarizing All Data

Using Graphics





Both the histogram and the boxplot are made from summary statistics.

(Statistical Transformations in Ch. 3)

#### summarize()

min

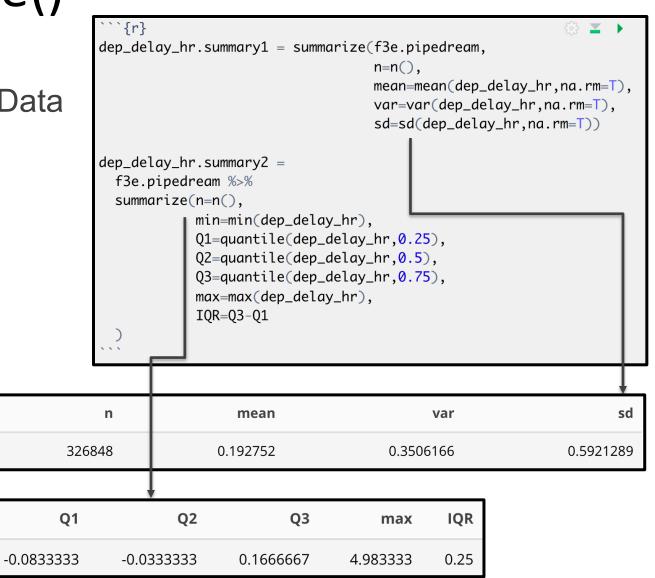
-2.316667

n

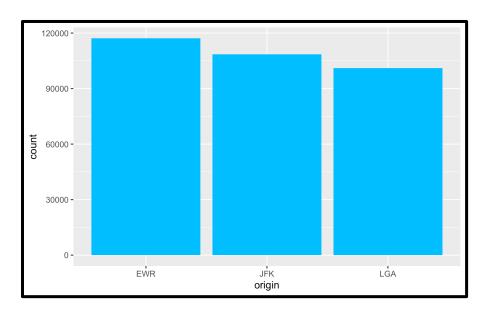
326848

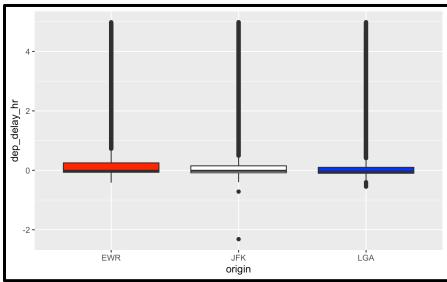
Q1

Summarizing All Data



- Summarizing Data by Groups
  - Using Graphics





- Summarizing
   Data by Groups
  - Using Tables

```
origin
 `{r}
group.summary1 = f3e.pipedream %>%
                                                          EWR
                group_by(origin) %>%
                summarize(n=n())
                                                          JFK
group.summary2 =
                                                          LGA
 f3e.pipedream %>%
 group_by(origin) %>%
 summarize(n=n(),
            min=min(dep_delay_hr),
            Q1=quantile(dep_delay_hr, 0.25),
            Q2=quantile(dep_delay_hr, 0.5),
            Q3=quantile(dep_delay_hr, 0.75),
            max=max(dep_delay_hr),
            IQR=Q3-Q1,
            nLow=sum(dep\_delay\_hr<Q1-1.5*IQR),
            propHigh=mean(dep_delay_hr>Q3+1.5*IQR)
```

origin <chr></chr>	<b>n</b> <int></int>	min <dbl></dbl>	<b>Q1</b> <dbl></dbl>	<b>Q2</b> <dbl></dbl>	Q3 <dbl></dbl>	max <dbl></dbl>	IQR <dbl></dbl>	<b>nL</b> <int></int>	propHigh <dbl></dbl>
EWR	117209	-0.4166667	-0.06666667	-0.01666667	0.25	4.983333	0.3166667	0	0.1259204
JFK	108486	-2.3166667	-0.08333333	-0.01666667	0.15	4.983333	0.2333333	2	0.1372988
LGA	101153	-0.5500000	-0.10000000	-0.05000000	0.10	4.983333	0.2000000	7	0.1466491

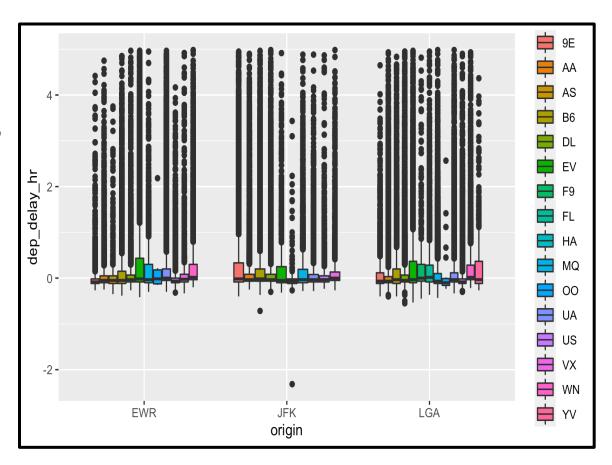
n

117209

108486

101153

- Multiple Groups
  - Using Graphics



- Multiple Groups
  - Using Tables

```
group.summary3 =

f3e_nipedream %>%

group_by(origin,carrier) %>%

summartze(n=n(),

min=min(dep_delay_hr),

Q1=quantile(dep_delay_hr,0.25),

Q2=quantile(dep_delay_hr,0.5),

Q3=quantile(dep_delay_hr,0.75),

max=max(dep_delay_hr),

IQR=Q3-Q1,

nLow=sum(dep_delay_hr<Q1-1.5*IQR),

propHigh=mean(dep_delay_hr>Q3+1.5*IQR)

)
```

origin	carrier	n	min	Q1	Q2	Q3	max
EWR	9E	1199	-0.2666667	-0.1166667	-0.0833333	-0.0166667	4.416667
EWR	AA	3376	-0.2500000	-0.1000000	-0.0500000	0.0500000	4.750000
EWR	AS	712	-0.3500000	-0.1166667	-0.0500000	0.0500000	3.750000
EWR	B6	6446	-0.3833333	-0.1166667	-0.0500000	0.1500000	4.850000
EWR	DL	4281	-0.2666667	-0.0833333	-0.0333333	0.0666667	4.966667
EWR	EV	41592	-0.4166667	-0.0833333	-0.0166667	0.4333333	4.966667
EWR	MQ	2095	-0.3000000	-0.1000000	-0.0333333	0.3000000	4.950000
EWR	00	6	-0.1500000	-0.1250000	-0.0166667	0.1791667	2.183333
EWR	UA	45561	-0.3000000	-0.0500000	0.0000000	0.2000000	4.966667
EWR	US	4326	-0.3166667	-0.1000000	-0.0666667	0.0000000	4.166667
<b>EWR</b>	VX	1554	-0.3333333	-0.0833333	-0.0250000	0.0833333	4.916667
EWR	WN	6061	-0.2000000	-0.0333333	0.0166667	0.3000000	4.983333
JFK	9E	13801	-0.4000000	-0.0833333	-0.0166667	0.3333333	4.950000
JFK	AA	13617	-0.2500000	-0.0666667	-0.0333333	0.0833333	4.900000
JFK	В6	41005	-0.7166667	-0.0666667	-0.0166667	0.2000000	4.966667
JFK	DL	20551	-0.3000000	-0.0666667	-0.0333333	0.0833333	4.983333
JFK	EV	1315	-0.3166667	-0.1000000	-0.0500000	0.2500000	4.916667

#### **Useful Summary Functions**

- Measures of Center
  - mean()
  - median()
  - mode()
- Measures of Spread
  - var()
  - sd()
  - IQR()
  - mad()

- Measures of Rank
  - min()
  - max()
  - quantile()

#### **Useful Summary Functions**

- Measures of Position
  - Order Matters
  - first() = x[1]
  - last() = x[length(x)]
  - nth(k) = x[k]
- Counts
  - n()
  - n\_distinct()

- Counts/Proportions for Logical
  - sum()
  - mean()
  - Example
    - sum(x>10)
    - mean(x>10)