



PES's Modern College of Engineering, Shivajinagar, Pune-5.
Department of Electronics and Telecommunication
2023-24

Project Group ID - 11

**Hydroponics Based Precision Farming using –
Approach**

Names of the students :

- 1. 32009 - Janhavi Bhor**
- 2. 32013 - Varad Chaskar**
- 3. 32015 - Sahaj Chaudhari**

Name of The Guide : Mr. Ramgopal Sahu



Overview :

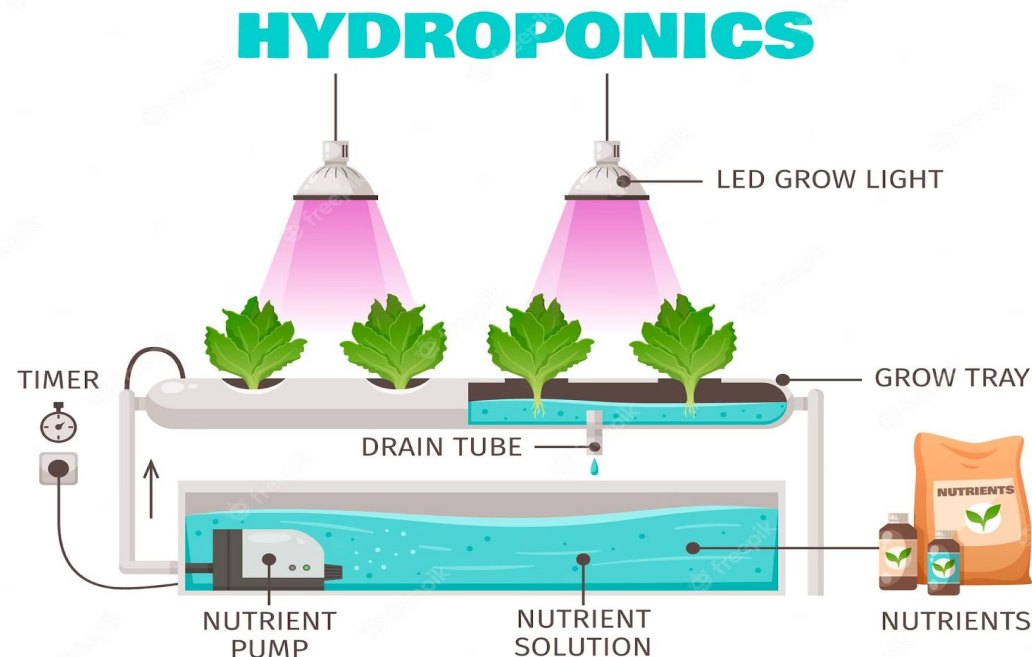
1. Introduction
2. Objective
3. Block Diagram
4. Hardware Design
5. Hardware Description
6. Applications

1. Why Agriculture Automation is needed?

- □ **Rising world population** demands increased agricultural productivity, which can be achieved through automation to meet growing food demands efficiently.
- **Sudden climate change** poses unpredictable challenges for farmers, necessitating automation to adapt quickly and ensure stable crop yields.
- Implementing agricultural automation can **decrease pesticide usage** by employing precision techniques, and promoting sustainable farming practices.
- Automation enables the **creation of optimal growing conditions regardless of time and location**, maximizing crop output and reducing dependence on specific climates.
- By automating tasks, agriculture requires **minimum labor efforts**, freeing up human resources for higher-value activities and improving overall productivity.

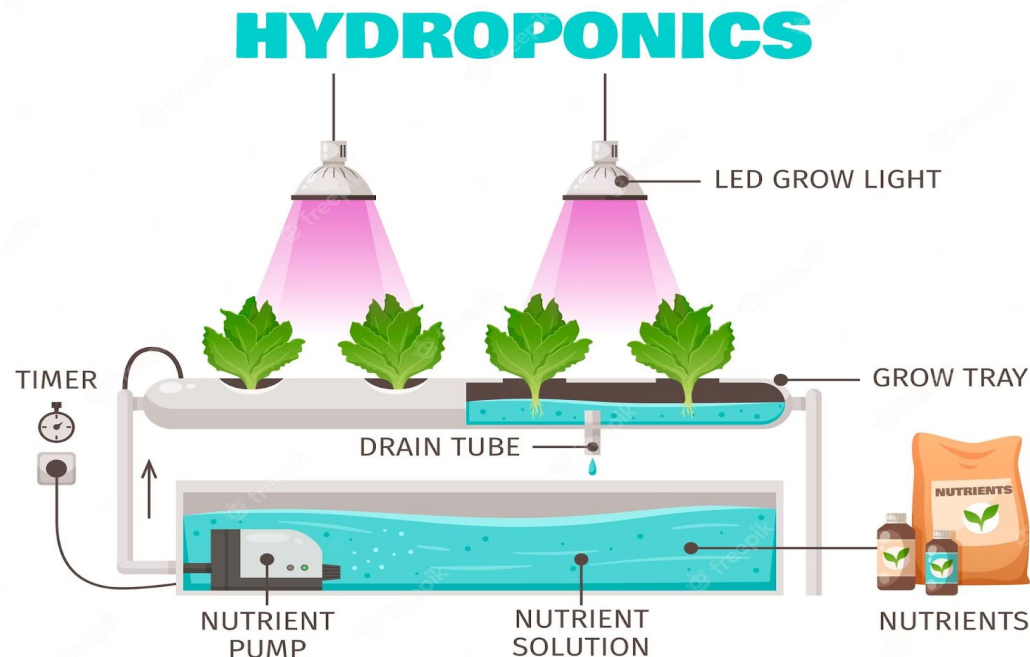
2. The latest farming technology: Hydroponics

- Hydroponics is a modern agricultural method that involves **growing plants without soil**, using nutrient-rich water solutions to supply essential minerals directly to the plant roots.
- In hydroponic systems, plants are typically **grown in a controlled environment**, such as greenhouses or indoor setups, where factors like temperature, light, and humidity can be carefully regulated to maximize plant growth and productivity.



2. The latest farming technology: Hydroponics

- Hydroponics allows for **efficient water recycling and requires less water** compared to traditional soil-based farming, promoting sustainable water management in agriculture.
- With hydroponics, growers have **precise control over nutrient supply**, ensuring plants receive the exact nutrients they need, leading to optimized growth and higher yields.



3. Problems with Hydroponics

- The **initial setup cost** of hydroponic systems can be relatively high, including investments in equipment, infrastructure, and technology, making it less accessible for small-scale farmers.
- In hydroponics, precise control over nutrient levels can be challenging, leading to the **risk of overfeeding or underfeeding plants**, potentially impacting their health and productivity.
- **Inadequate monitoring of air supply** in closed hydroponic environments may lead to oxygen deficiencies, affecting root health and ultimately causing plant mortality.
- Hydroponic farming demands a **deeper understanding of nutrient management, and system operation**, requiring farmers to possess specialized knowledge and expertise, which may be a barrier for newcomers to the technique.

4. Objectives achieved in the last term

- ☐ Decreased initial setup cost to some extent and achieved a certain yield compared to traditional agriculture methods.
- ☐ Reduced water consumption by 10-25% through the DWC hydroponics setup.
- ☐ Eliminated pesticide usage and safeguarding plants from insects and pests through a controlled indoor environment.
- ☐ Power consumption is optimized to some extent.
- ☐ Developed a system that can be run on the scheduled operations of RTC and monitored using an OLED display

[Previous Year Demonstration Link](#)

[Previous PPT Link](#)

Result



Fig. 7.2 Final assembly on PCB

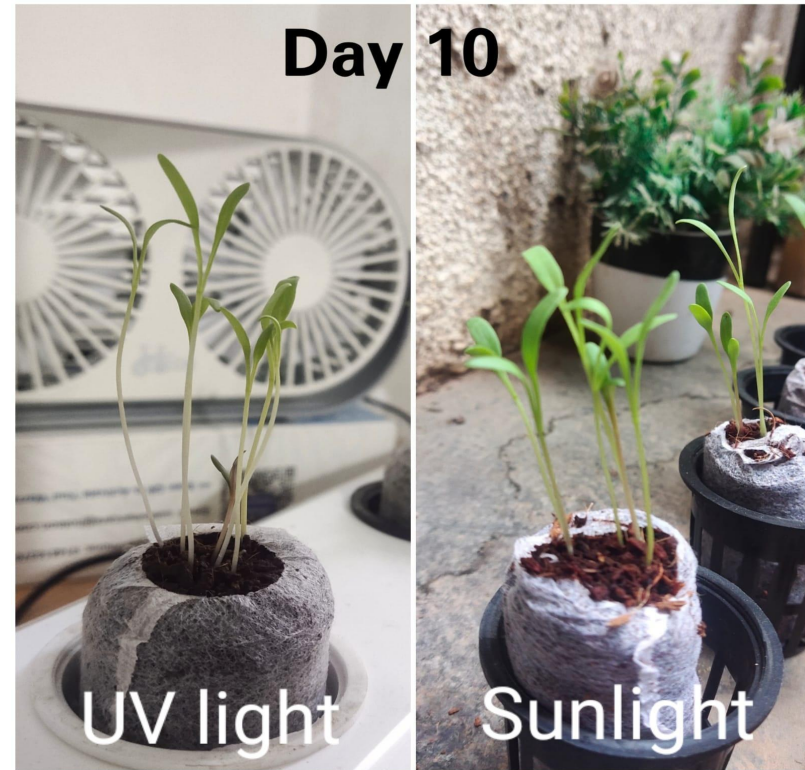


Fig. 7.4 Photo of difference between plants taken after day 10

5. New Objectives

- ❑ To create a **AI Based system** that **eliminates the need for manual monitoring and adjustment of TDS and pH levels in the water reservoir.**
- ❑ To **further decrease initial setup cost and achieve significant yield** compared to traditional agriculture methods.
- ❑ To **reduce water consumption by 70-80%** through the efficient closed-loop water circulation system of the DWC hydroponics setup.
- ❑ **Develop a website and mobile application** to provide remote control, monitoring, and alert functionality for the advanced agriculture automation system.
- ❑ To incorporate a water tank empty valve to periodically **flush out pathogens or contaminants** from the system.

6. Research aspects

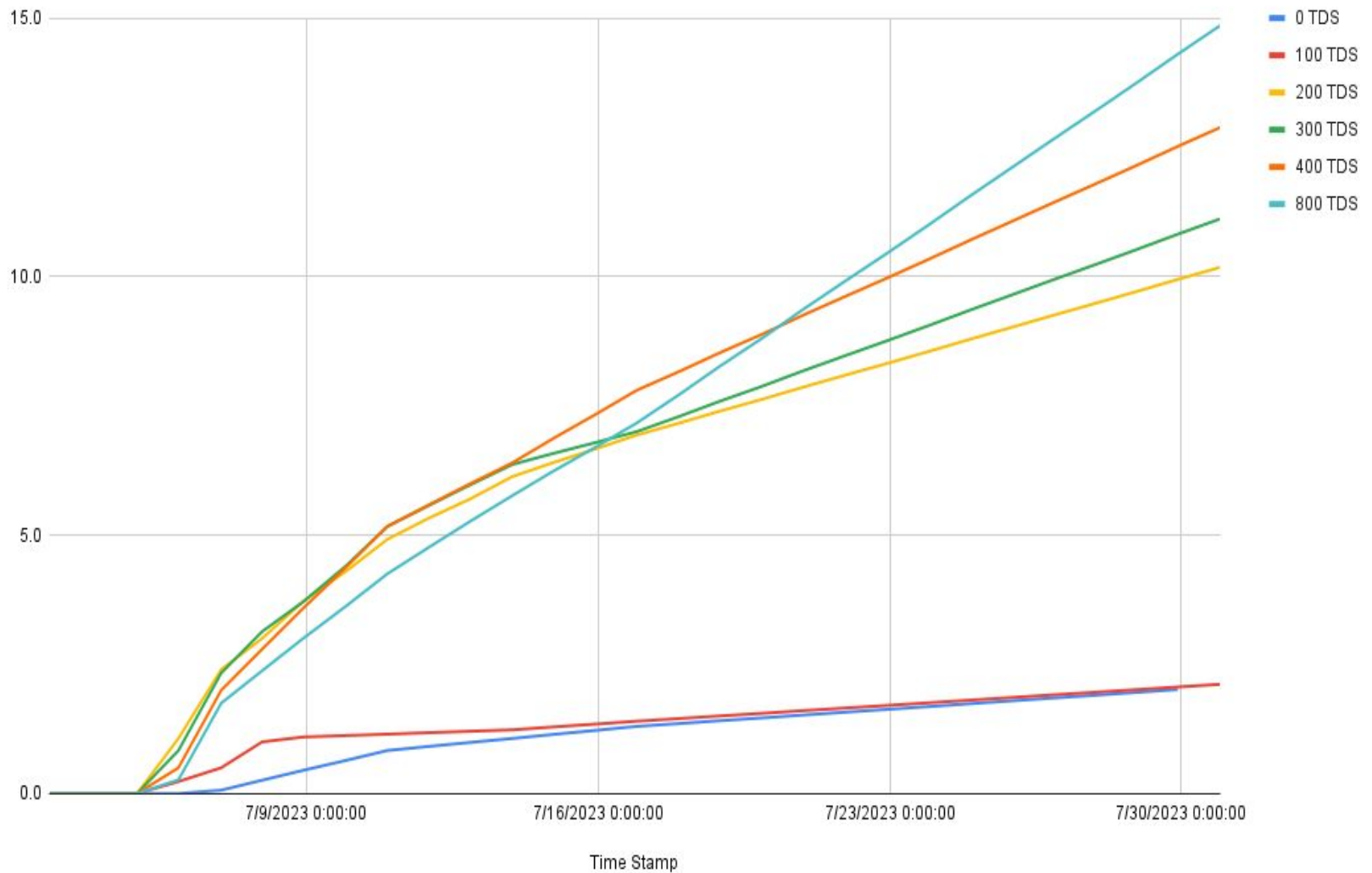
- Nutrient Formulations: Studying **nutrient solution and their concentrations to achieve optimal growth** rates and yields for various plant species in the DWC system.
- Power optimization using time slotting
- Oxygenation and Aeration: Investigating **optimal methods and frequencies for oxygenating and aerating** the nutrient solution in DWC systems to improve root health and nutrient uptake.
- UV Light Duration and Plant Development: Study impact of **UV light exposure duration on plants**. Assess potential benefits and risks of UV light exposure.
- Predicting Water Tank Refill Time: Develop model using humidity and temperature data. Estimate water tank refill time in different environments. Investigate **correlation between water consumption and environmental conditions**.

Does TDS Really Effect on Plant Growth?

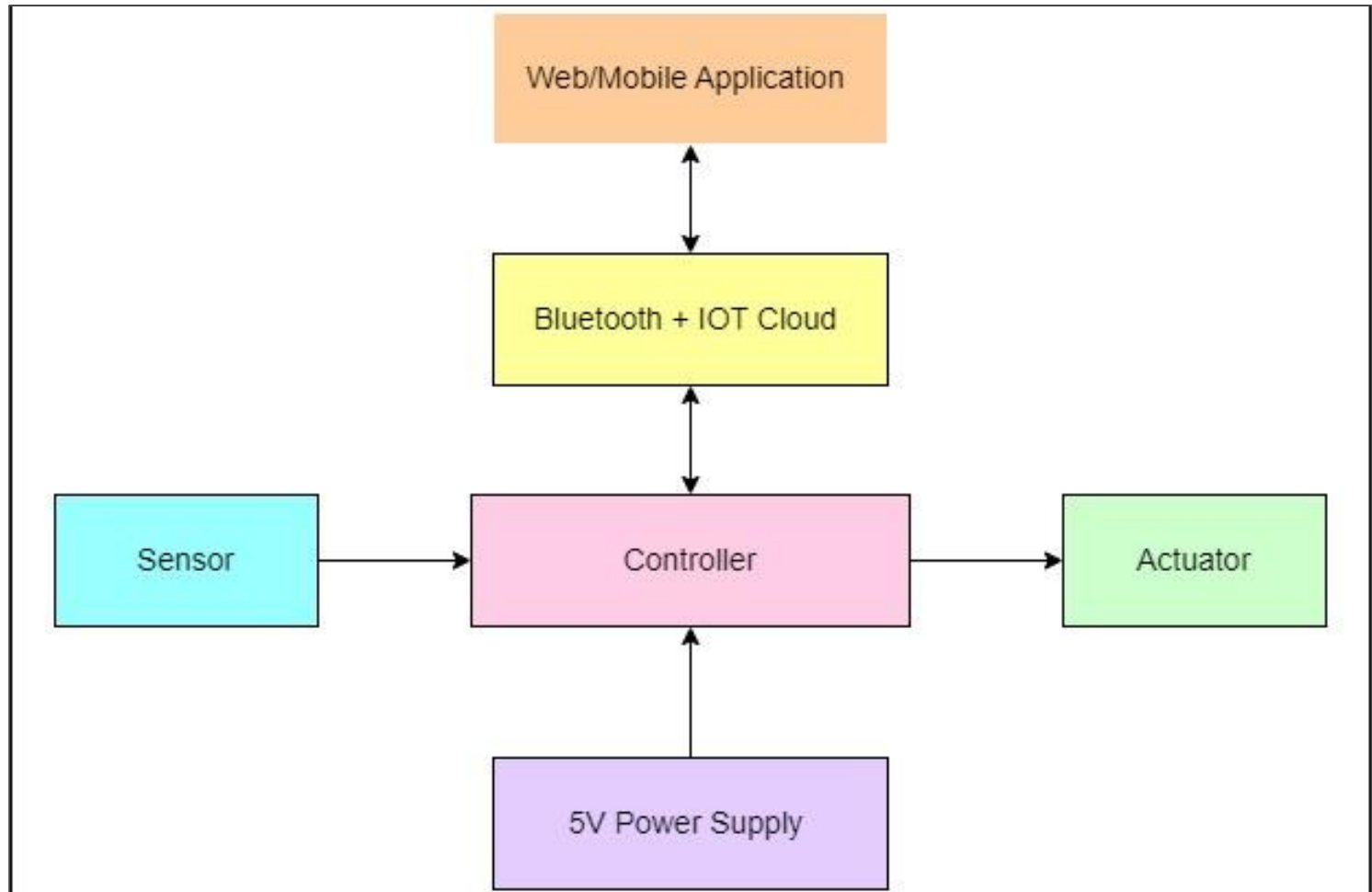


Effect of TDS on Plant Height

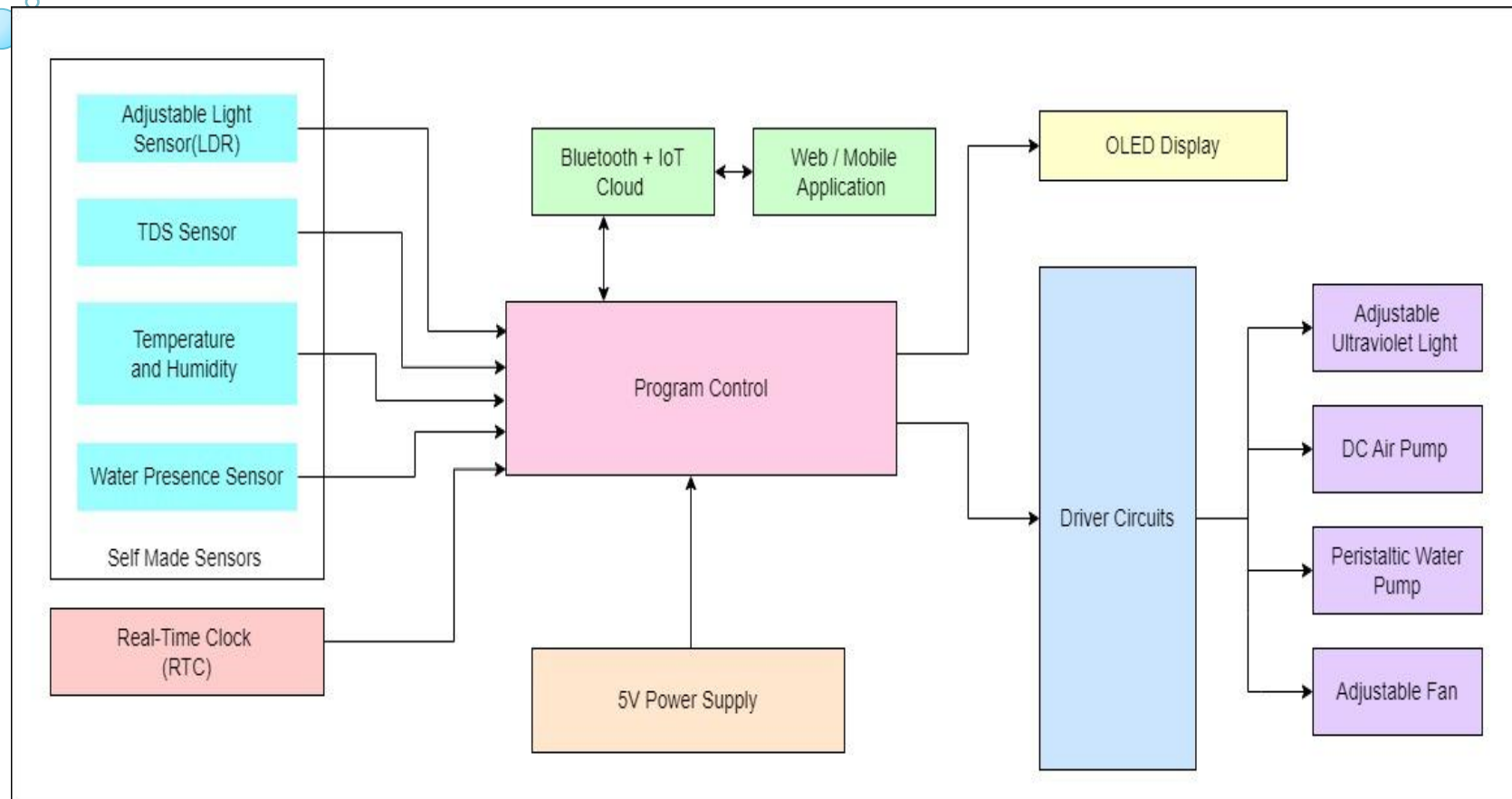
0 TDS, 100 TDS, 200 TDS, 300 TDS, 400 TDS...



7. Block Diagram



8. Hardware Block Diagram



9. Project Details

- ❑ **Conduct research** on the effects of TDS on plant growth, air pump duration on plant health, UV light duration on plant development, and predict water tank refill time using humidity and temperature.
- ❑ Integrate **adjustable UV lights** to provide partial or full UV light exposure based on plant requirements.
- ❑ Design air pump, water pump, fan **driver circuits** for **efficient nutrient solution circulation** and delivery to plants.
- ❑ Implement the LDR sensor to ensure **UV lights are functioning as intended**, promoting the optimal growth of plants.
- ❑ Employ a TDS sensor **to measure the nutrient concentration** at the top level and automate the watering process if it falls below a predetermined threshold.
- ❑ Incorporate **schedule operations**, allowing for continued functionality even after lights shut down.



10. Expected Outcome

- High plant growth effectivity
- Power optimized system
- Remote user control
- Compact design
- Economical product
- Scalable product
- Fault proof

11. Applications

- Aquaponics at household and commercial.
- Hydroponics for both household and commercial purposes.
- Aeroponics for commercial purposes.
- All the latest farming technologies.