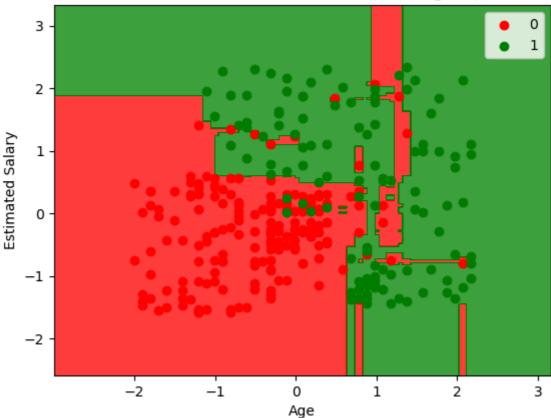
## **Random Forest Classification**

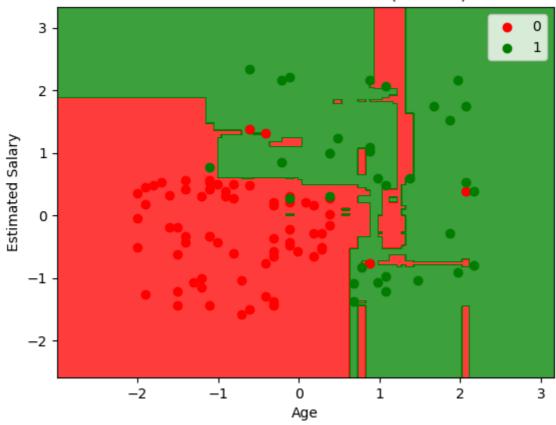
```
In [1]:
                    import numpy as np
                     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                     import pandas as pd
 In [2]: dataset = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\JANHAVI\Desktop\Social_Network_Ads.csv")
                     X = dataset.iloc[:, [2, 3]].values
                     y = dataset.iloc[:, -1].values
 In [3]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
                     X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25, random_
 In [4]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
                     sc = StandardScaler()
                     X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
                     X test = sc.transform(X test)
 In [5]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
                     classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 10, criterion = 'entropy', randomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 10, criterion = 10, criterion = 'entropy', randomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 10, criterion = 10, criterion = 'entropy', randomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 10, criterion = 10, 
                     classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
 Out[5]:
                      RandomForestClassifier
                      ▶ Parameters
 In [6]: y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
 In [7]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
                     cm = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
                     print(cm)
                     [[63 5]
                      [ 4 28]]
In [13]: from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
                     X set, y set = X train, y train
                     X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 0].ma
                                                                    np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 1].ma
                     plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).resha
                                                  alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('red', 'green')))
                     plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
                     plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
                     for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
                              plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
                                                         c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i), label = j)
                     plt.title('Random Forest Classification (Training set)')
                     plt.xlabel('Age')
                     plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
                     plt.legend()
                     plt.show()
```

## Random Forest Classification (Training set)



```
In [14]: from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
         X_set, y_set = X_test, y_test
         X1, X2 = np.meshgrid(np.arange(start = X_set[:, 0].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 0].ma
                               np.arange(start = X_set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = X_set[:, 1].ma
         plt.contourf(X1, X2, classifier.predict(np.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).resha
                      alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('red', 'green')))
         plt.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
         plt.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
         for i, j in enumerate(np.unique(y_set)):
             plt.scatter(X_set[y_set == j, 0], X_set[y_set == j, 1],
                          c = ListedColormap(('red', 'green'))(i), label = j)
         plt.title('Random Forest Classification (Test set)')
         plt.xlabel('Age')
         plt.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
```

## Random Forest Classification (Test set)



In [ ]: