```
In [6]: # Import necessary libraries
        import tensorflow as tf
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding, Dense, Lambda
        import numpy as np
        # a. Data preparation
        # Sample paragraph for demonstration
        paragraph = "Continuous Bag of Words (CBOW) is a neural network model for n
        # Tokenize the paragraph into words
        tokens = tf.keras.preprocessing.text.text_to_word_sequence(paragraph)
        # Create a word-to-index mapping
        word_index = {word: idx for idx, word in enumerate(set(tokens))}
        # Convert words to indices
        indexed tokens = [word index[word] for word in tokens]
        # b. Generate training data
        # Define the context window size
        context\_window = 2
        # Generate training data in the CBOW format
        def generate_cbow_data(indexed_tokens, context_window):
            training_data = []
            for i in range(context_window, len(indexed_tokens) - context_window):
                context = [indexed_tokens[i - j] for j in range(context_window)] +
                [indexed_tokens[i + j] for j in range(1, context_window + 1)]
                target = indexed tokens[i]
                training_data.append((context, target))
            return training_data
        cbow_training_data = generate_cbow_data(indexed_tokens, context_window)
        # Convert training data to NumPy arrays
        X train = np.array([np.array(context) for context, in cbow training data]
        y_train = np.array([target for _, target in cbow_training_data])
        # c. Train model
        # Set the embedding dimension
        embedding_dim = 50
        # Build the CBOW model
        model = Sequential([
            Embedding(input dim=len(word index), output dim=embedding dim,
                      input length=context window * 2),
            Lambda(lambda x: tf.reduce_mean(x, axis=1)), # Average over the contex
            Dense(len(word_index), activation='softmax') # Output layer for predic
        ])
        # Compile the model
        model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
                      metrics=['accuracy'])
        # Train the model
        model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=32)
```

```
# d. Output

# Get the word embeddings from the trained model
word_embeddings = model.layers[0].get_weights()[0]

# Example: Get the embedding for a specific word
# Example: Get the embedding for a specific word
word_to_lookup = 'CBOW'

if word_to_lookup in word_index:
    word_index_lookup = word_index[word_to_lookup]
    embedding_lookup = word_embeddings[word_index_lookup]
    print(f"Embedding for '{word_to_lookup}': {embedding_lookup}")
else:
    print(f"Word '{word_to_lookup}' not found in the dataset.")
```

```
Epoch 1/10
racy: 0.1000
Epoch 2/10
cy: 0.1000
Epoch 3/10
cy: 0.1000
Epoch 4/10
cy: 0.2000
Epoch 5/10
acy: 0.3000
Epoch 6/10
cy: 0.3000
Epoch 7/10
acy: 0.3000
Epoch 8/10
acy: 0.3000
Epoch 9/10
acy: 0.3000
Epoch 10/10
acy: 0.3000
Word 'CBOW' not found in the dataset.
```

```
In [9]: # a. Import required libraries
        import tensorflow as tf
        from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
        from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
        import numpy as np
        # b. Upload / access the dataset
        # Load the MNIST dataset
        (train_images, _), (test_images, _) = mnist.load_data()
        # Normalize pixel values to be between 0 and 1
        train_images, test_images = train_images / 255.0, test_images / 255.0
        # Add a channel dimension to the images (MNIST is grayscale, so channel=1)
        train_images = train_images[..., tf.newaxis]
        test_images = test_images[..., tf.newaxis]
        # c. Encoder converts it into a latent representation
        # Create an autoencoder model
        encoder = models.Sequential()
        encoder.add(layers.InputLayer(input_shape=(28, 28, 1)))
        encoder.add(layers.Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
        encoder.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), padding='same'))
        encoder.add(layers.Conv2D(8, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
        encoder.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), padding='same'))
        encoder.add(layers.Conv2D(4, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
        encoder.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), padding='same'))
        # Print the encoder summary
        encoder.summary()
        # d. Decoder networks convert it back to the original input
        # Create a decoder model
        decoder = models.Sequential()
        decoder.add(layers.InputLayer(input_shape=(4, 4, 4))) # Latent representat
        decoder.add(layers.Conv2D(4, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
        decoder.add(layers.UpSampling2D((2, 2)))
        decoder.add(layers.Conv2D(8, (3, 3), activation='relu', padding='same'))
        decoder.add(layers.UpSampling2D((2, 2)))
        decoder.add(layers.Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
        decoder.add(layers.UpSampling2D((2, 2)))
        decoder.add(layers.Conv2D(1, (3, 3), activation='sigmoid', padding='same'))
        # Print the decoder summary
        decoder.summary()
        # e. Compile the models with Optimizer, Loss, and Evaluation Metrics
        # Create the autoencoder model
        autoencoder = models.Sequential([encoder, decoder])
        # Compile the autoencoder
        autoencoder.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean squared error')
        # Train the autoencoder on normal data
        autoencoder.fit(train_images, train_images, epochs=10, batch_size=128,
                        shuffle=True, validation_data=(test_images, test_images))
```

```
# Use the trained autoencoder to reconstruct test images
reconstructed_images = autoencoder.predict(test_images)

# Calculate the Mean Squared Error (MSE) between original and reconstructed
mse = np.mean(np.square(test_images - reconstructed_images))
print(f'Mean Squared Error on Test Data: {mse:.4f}')
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\JANHVI MAWAL\AppData\Roaming\Python\Pytho n39\site-packages\keras\src\layers\pooling\max\_pooling2d.py:161: The name tf.nn.max\_pool is deprecated. Please use tf.nn.max\_pool2d instead.

Model: "sequential\_2"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 16)	160
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2 D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 16)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 8)	1160
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPoolin g2D)</pre>	(None, 7, 7, 8)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 4)	292
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPoolin g2D)</pre>	(None, 4, 4, 4)	0

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Total params: 1612 (6.30 KB)
Trainable params: 1612 (6.30 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

Model: "sequential\_3"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 4)	148
<pre>up_sampling2d (UpSampling2 D)</pre>	(None, 8, 8, 4)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 8, 8, 8)	296
<pre>up_sampling2d_1 (UpSamplin g2D)</pre>	(None, 16, 16, 8)	0
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 16)	1168
<pre>up_sampling2d_2 (UpSamplin g2D)</pre>	(None, 28, 28, 16)	0
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 1)	145

Total params: 1757 (6.86 KB)
Trainable params: 1757 (6.86 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
469/469 [============= ] - 17s 36ms/step - loss: 0.1120 -
val_loss: 0.1140
Epoch 4/10
469/469 [============ ] - 17s 36ms/step - loss: 0.1120 -
val_loss: 0.1140
Epoch 5/10
469/469 [============= ] - 16s 34ms/step - loss: 0.1120 -
val_loss: 0.1140
Epoch 6/10
469/469 [============= ] - 17s 36ms/step - loss: 0.1120 -
val_loss: 0.1140
Epoch 7/10
469/469 [============= ] - 16s 35ms/step - loss: 0.1120 -
val_loss: 0.1140
Epoch 8/10
469/469 [============= ] - 17s 35ms/step - loss: 0.1120 -
val loss: 0.1140
Epoch 9/10
469/469 [============= ] - 16s 35ms/step - loss: 0.1120 -
val_loss: 0.1140
Epoch 10/10
469/469 [============ ] - 16s 34ms/step - loss: 0.1120 -
val loss: 0.1140
313/313 [=========== ] - 3s 7ms/step
Mean Squared Error on Test Data: 0.1140
```

```
In [10]: # a. Import the necessary packages
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
         from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
         from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # b. Load the training and testing data (MNIST)
         (train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data(
         # Normalize pixel values to be between 0 and 1
         train_images, test_images = train_images / 255.0, test_images / 255.0
         # Flatten the images (convert 28x28 images to a 1D array of 784)
         train_images = train_images.reshape((60000, 28 * 28))
         test_images = test_images.reshape((10000, 28 * 28))
         # One-hot encode the Labels
         train labels = to categorical(train labels)
         test_labels = to_categorical(test_labels)
         # c. Define the network architecture using Keras
         model = models.Sequential()
         model.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=(28 * 28,)))
         model.add(layers.Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
         model.add(layers.Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')) # 10 classes for digits
         # Print the model summary
         model.summary()
         # d. Train the model using SGD
         model.compile(optimizer='sgd',
                       loss='categorical_crossentropy',
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         history = model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=20, batch_size=128,
                             validation_data=(test_images, test_labels))
         # e. Evaluate the network
         test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels)
         print(f"Test Accuracy: {test acc*100:.2f}%")
         print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f}")
         # f. Plot the training loss and accuracy
         plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
         # Plot Training Loss
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
         plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
         plt.title('Training and Validation Loss')
         plt.xlabel('Epochs')
         plt.ylabel('Loss')
         plt.legend()
         # Plot Training Accuracy
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
         plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
         plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
```

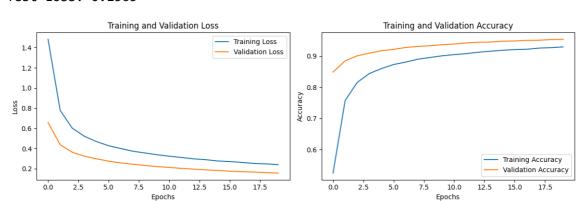
```
plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Model: "sequential\_5"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #	_
dense_6 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920	==
dropout (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0	
dense_7 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328	
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0	
dense_8 (Dense)	(None,	10)	2570	
Total params: 535818 (2.04 Non-trainable params: 0 (0.0	MB) .04 MB)			==
Epoch 1/20 469/469 [====================================		_	•	1.4821 - a
Epoch 2/20 469/469 [====================================				0.7779 - a
469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.6009 - a
469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.5211 - a
469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.4684 - a
469/469 [====================================		<u> </u>		0.4275 - a
469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.3999 - a
469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.3730 - a
469/469 [====================================				0.3555 - a
469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.3380 - a
Epoch 11/20 469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.3238 - a
Epoch 12/20 469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.3112 - a
Epoch 13/20 469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.2975 - a
Epoch 14/20 469/469 [====================================		_	•	0.2893 - a

Epoch 15/20 469/469 [=============== ] - 6s 12ms/step - loss: 0.2763 - a ccuracy: 0.9185 - val\_loss: 0.1822 - val\_accuracy: 0.9476 Epoch 16/20 469/469 [============== ] - 6s 12ms/step - loss: 0.2703 - a ccuracy: 0.9208 - val\_loss: 0.1754 - val\_accuracy: 0.9484 Epoch 17/20 469/469 [=============== ] - 6s 13ms/step - loss: 0.2620 - a ccuracy: 0.9219 - val\_loss: 0.1702 - val\_accuracy: 0.9501 Epoch 18/20 469/469 [============ ] - 6s 13ms/step - loss: 0.2519 - a ccuracy: 0.9255 - val\_loss: 0.1664 - val\_accuracy: 0.9509 Epoch 19/20 469/469 [============== ] - 6s 13ms/step - loss: 0.2473 - a ccuracy: 0.9270 - val\_loss: 0.1605 - val\_accuracy: 0.9527 Epoch 20/20 469/469 [============ ] - 6s 13ms/step - loss: 0.2404 - a ccuracy: 0.9293 - val\_loss: 0.1565 - val\_accuracy: 0.9537 313/313 [=============== ] - 1s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1565 - ac curacy: 0.9537 Test Accuracy: 95.37% Test Loss: 0.1565



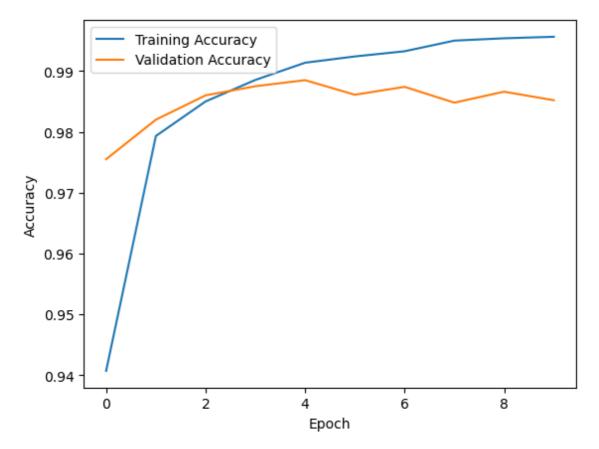
```
In [12]: # Import necessary libraries
         import tensorflow as tf
         from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
         from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
         from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         # a. Loading and preprocessing the image data
         # Load and preprocess the MNIST dataset
         (train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = mnist.load_data(
         # Normalize pixel values to be between 0 and 1
         train_images, test_images = train_images / 255.0, test_images / 255.0
         # Add a channel dimension to the images (MNIST is grayscale, so channel=1)
         train_images = train_images[..., tf.newaxis]
         test_images = test_images[..., tf.newaxis]
         # One-hot encode the Labels
         train_labels = to_categorical(train_labels)
         test_labels = to_categorical(test_labels)
         # b. Defining the model's architecture
         # Create a simple convolutional neural network (CNN) model
         model = models.Sequential()
         model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu',
                                  input_shape=(28, 28, 1)))
         model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
         model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
         model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
         model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'))
         model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
         model.add(layers.Flatten())
         model.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'))
         model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')) # 10 classes for digits
         # Print the model summary
         model.summary()
         # c. Training the model
         # Compile the model
         model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                       loss='categorical_crossentropy',
                       metrics=['accuracy'])
         # Train the model
         epochs = 10
         history = model.fit(
             train_images,
             train_labels,
             epochs=epochs,
             validation_data=(test_images, test_labels)
         # d. Estimating the model's performance
         # Plot training history
         plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

# Evaluate the model on the test set
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels)
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_acc*100:.2f}%")
print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss:.4f}")
```

Model: "sequential\_6"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param	#	
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None,	======================================	320	====	
<pre>max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPoolin g2D)</pre>	(None,	13, 13, 32)	0		
conv2d_8 (Conv2D)	(None,	11, 11, 64)	18496		
<pre>max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPoolin g2D)</pre>	(None,	5, 5, 64)	0		
conv2d_9 (Conv2D)	(None,	3, 3, 128)	73856		
<pre>max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPoolin g2D)</pre>	(None,	1, 1, 128)	0		
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None,	128)	0		
dense_9 (Dense)	(None,	128)	16512		
dense_10 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290		
Total params: 110474 (431.54 Trainable params: 110474 (43 Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Epoch 1/10	1.54 KB 0 Byte)				
1875/1875 [====================================		<del>-</del>	•	loss:	0.1915
Epoch 2/10 1875/1875 [====================================	=====	=====] - 25s 14ms/	step -	loss:	0.0663
Epoch 3/10 1875/1875 [====================================		<del>-</del>	•	loss:	0.0474
1875/1875 [====================================		<del>-</del>	•	loss:	0.0363
1875/1875 [====================================		<del>-</del>	•	loss:	0.0289
1875/1875 [====================================		<del>-</del>	•	loss:	0.0235
1875/1875 [====================================		=		loss:	0.0199
Epoch 8/10 1875/1875 [====================================				loss:	0.0146
Epoch 9/10 1875/1875 [====================================		<del>-</del>	•	loss:	0.0149
1875/1875 [====================================		<del>-</del>	•	loss:	0.0128



curacy: 0.9852

Test Accuracy: 98.52% Test Loss: 0.0729

In [ ]: