



Adaptive Control System for HVAC Optimization Using LLM and Fuzzy Logic

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Aim

To design an **adaptive HVAC** control system that enhances **energy efficiency** and **indoor comfort** by integrating disturbance prediction with **dynamic fuzzy logic rules** generated using a Large Language Model (**LLM**).





Objectives

1. **To Analyze limitations** of static HVAC systems in high-demand environments (e.g., data centers).
2. **To Develop an LLM-enhanced fuzzy logic controller** to generate adaptive HVAC rules.
3. **To Validate system performance** through simulations and controlled experiments, evaluating key metrics such as:
 - Energy consumption
 - Thermal stability
 - Response time to environmental changes
4. **To Compare performance against traditional HVAC** systems under varying environmental conditions.





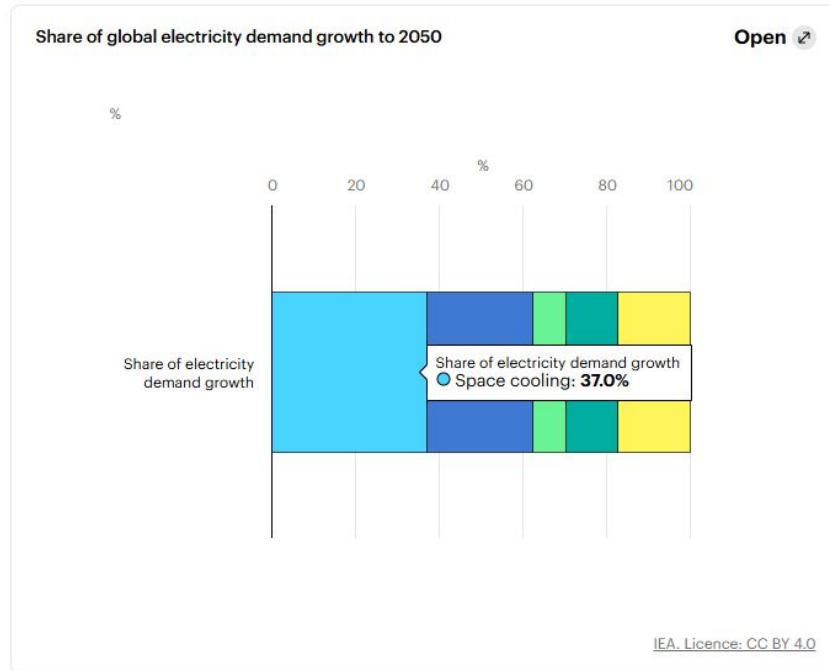
Intended Learning Outcomes

1. **Apply Large Language Models (LLMs)** to generate and refine fuzzy logic rules for control applications.
2. **Design and simulate an intelligent control system** using appropriate computational tools (e.g., MATLAB, Python).
3. **Evaluate the performance of HVAC** control systems based on energy efficiency, thermal stability, and adaptability.
4. **Improve project planning, teamwork, and technical reporting** through hands-on implementation and collaboration.





Introduction



Problem :

Traditional HVAC systems in data centers **waste up to 38% of energy** due to static rules and poor adaptability to sudden real-time changes .

Reference :

Ni, J. and Bai, X. (2017). A review of air conditioning energy performance in data centers. Renewable and Sustainable Energy Reviews, 67, pp.625–640. doi:<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2016.09.050>.

IEA (2018). The Future of Cooling – Analysis - IEA. [online] IEA. Available at: <https://www.iea.org/reports/the-future-of-cooling>

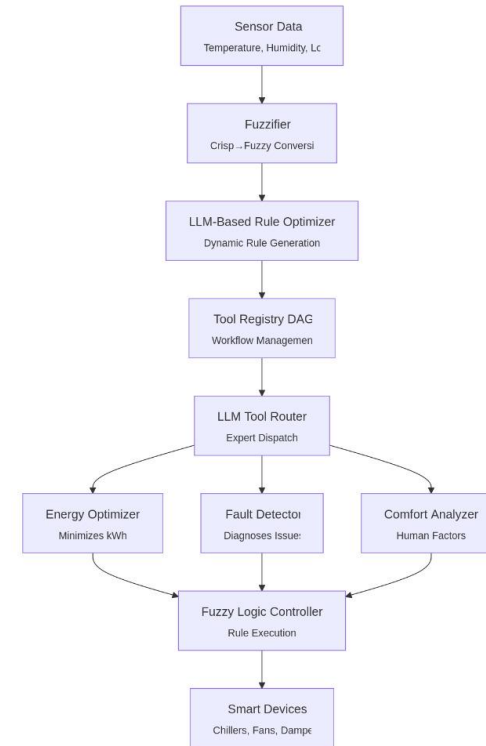




Introduction

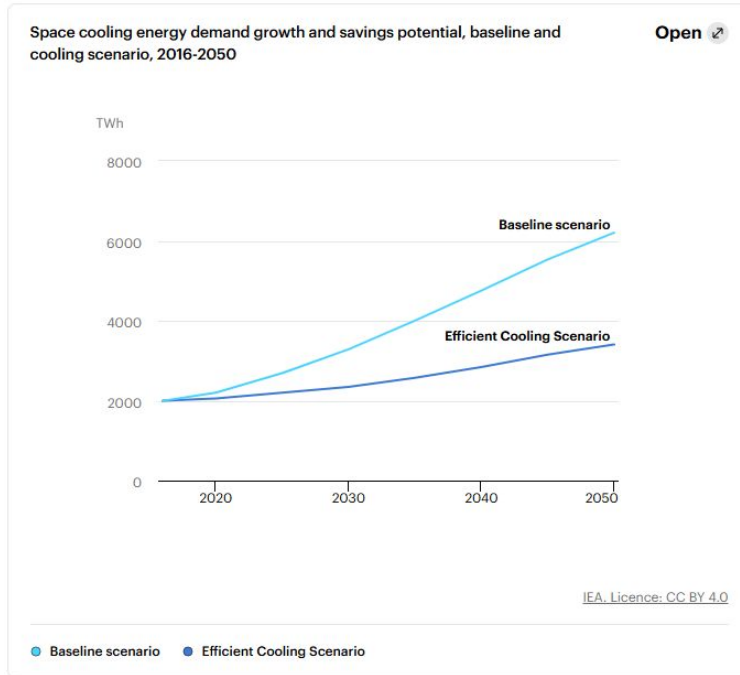
Solution :

We use a Large Language Model to generate fuzzy control rules dynamically, enabling **real-time adaptive HVAC response** to disturbances.





Introduction



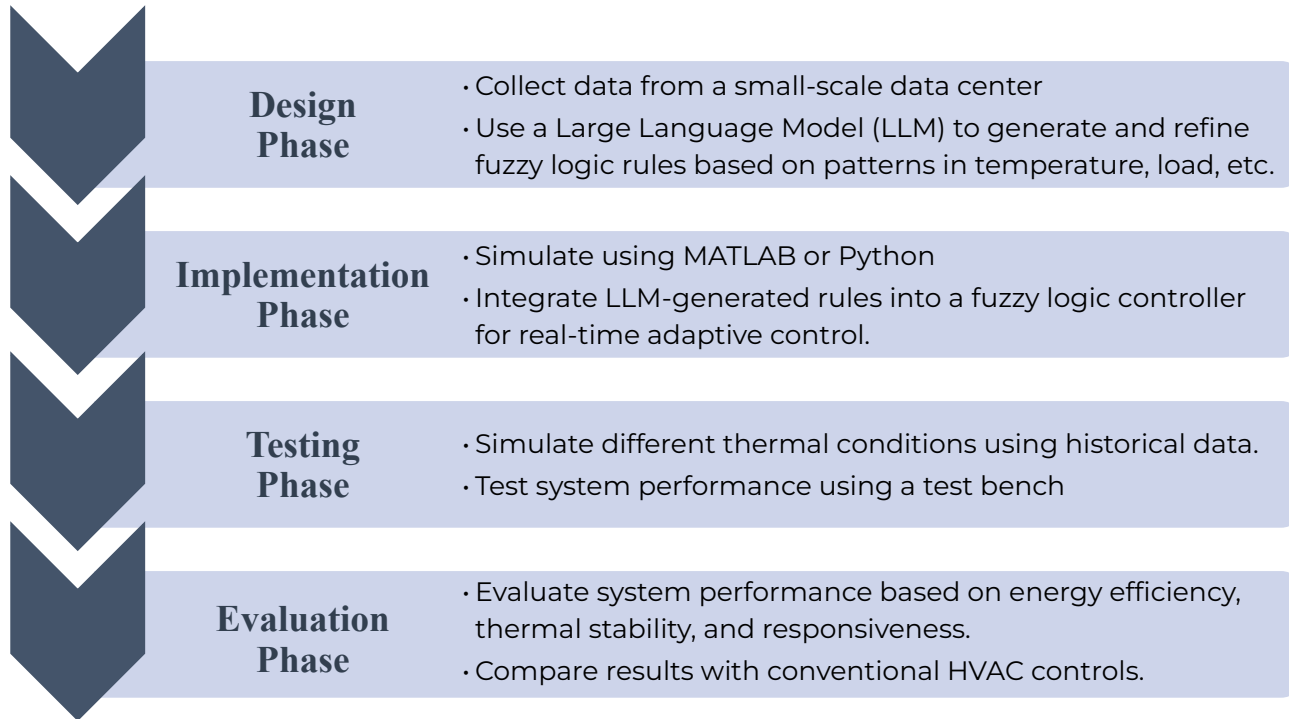
Impact :

This approach can reduce **energy consumption**, improve **performance**, improve **thermal comfort**, and **extend equipment life span**.





Methodology





Software's





Timeline

No	Task	Week												
		01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13
1	Brainstorming, Supervisor Meeting, and Finalizing Project Scope													
2	Literature Review													
3	Data Collection and System Design													
4	LLM Integration and Initial Fuzzy Logic Setup													
5	Refining System Design and Rule Tuning													
6	Preparing For Mid Evaluation													
7	Start Simulations and Initial Testing													
8	Refinements and System Testing													
9	Final Testing and Report Finalization													
10	Final Submission and Demonstration													





References

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6. Mendel, J.M. (2000). Uncertainty, fuzzy logic, and signal processing. *Signal Processing*, 80(6), pp.913–933. doi:[https://doi.org/10.1016/s0165-1684\(00\)00011-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/s0165-1684(00)00011-6).
7. Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy (2024). Data Centers and Servers. [online] Energy.gov. Available at: <https://www.energy.gov/eere/buildings/data-centers-and-servers>.
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Q&A

