

CONTINUOUS SECURITY MONITORING WITH

# ELK STACK

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- Why continuous security monitoring
- Intro to ELK Stack
- Install Elasticsearch and Cerebro
- Install Kibana and create dashboards
- Install Logstash and create config files
- Install filebeat agent and forward logs



# INTRODUCTION TO CONTINUOUS SECURITY MONITORING

# Security Systems In Use

- Firewall
- Antivirus software
- Web application firewall (waf)



# NEW TRENDS OF ATTACKS

# Emerging Threats

The Big Hack: How  
**Hackers** Used a Tiny  
Chip to Infiltrate U.S.  
Companies

The attack  
included  
technology

**Hackers Hijacked ASUS Software  
Updates to Install Backdoors on  
Thousands of Computers**

# New Trends Of Attacks

- Supply chain management
- Hardware layer





SIEM

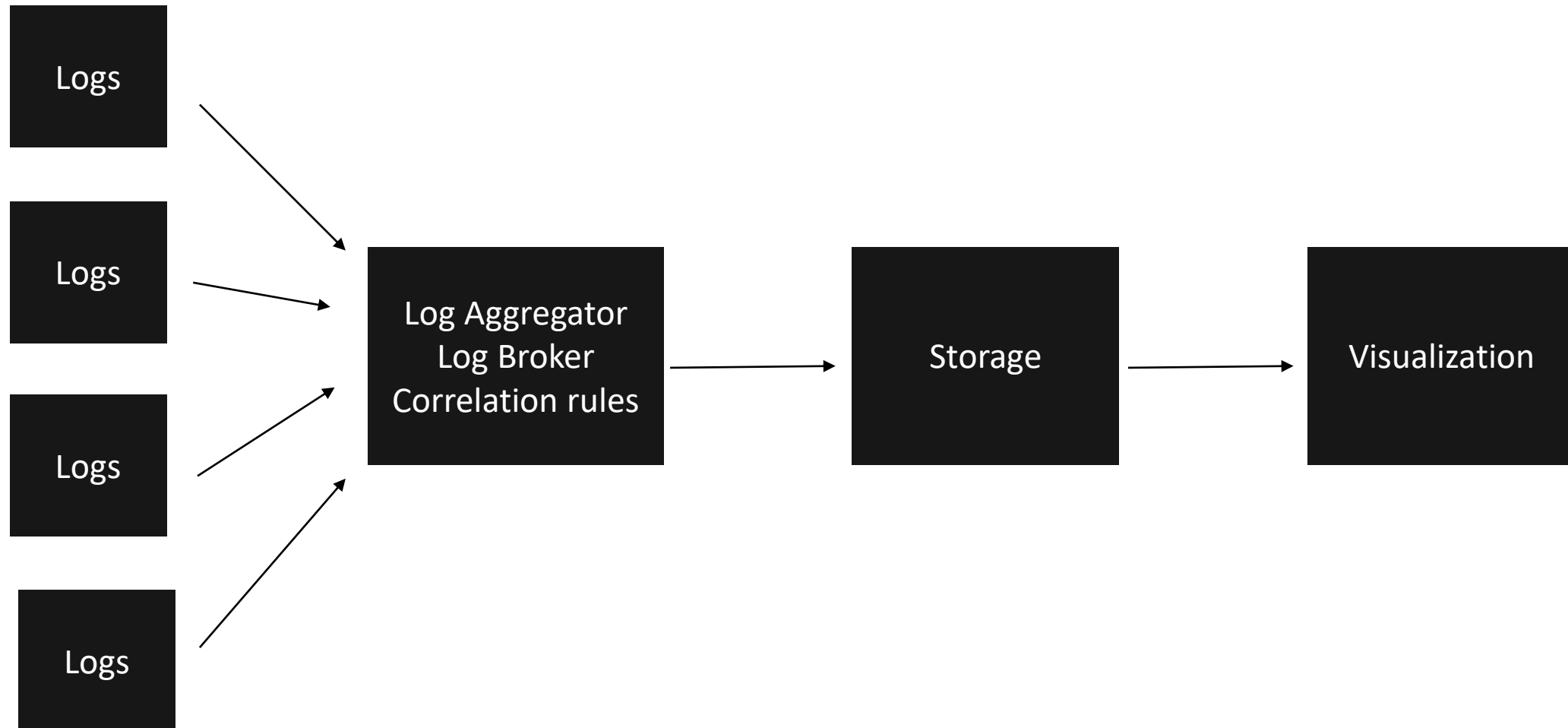
# SIEM

"In the field of [computer security](#), **security information and event management (SIEM)** software products and services combine [security information management](#) (SIM) and [security event management](#) (SEM). They provide real-time analysis of security alerts generated by applications and network hardware."

Wikipedia

The general perception is that setting up SIEM is a very expensive exercise, however with the right knowledge and skill it can be done at a fraction of the cost.

# Functions of a SIEM



# Continuous Security Monitoring

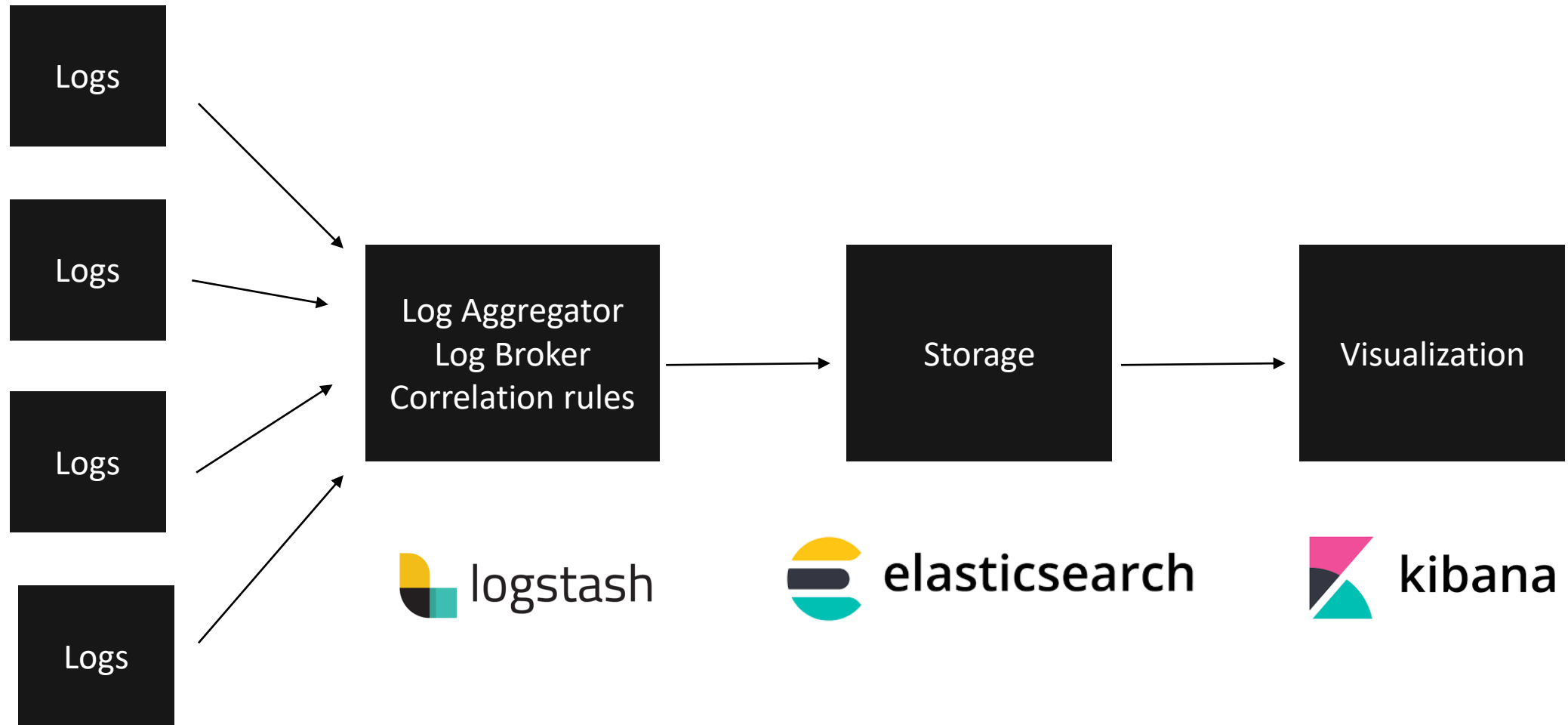
- End point security monitoring
- Network security monitoring



# PRACTICAL SECURITY MONITORING WITH ELK STACK



# Functions of a SIEM





# Elastic Stack vs Commercial SIEM

- Elastic Stack
  - Free, Paid support features
  - Outstanding visualizations
  - Advanced log enrichments
  - Capable handling high volume
- Commercial SIEM
  - Licensed on volume, log sources, events per second
  - Limited log enrichment
  - High volume = High cost

# Minimum Hardware Requirements

- Ram: 8GB
- Storage: 40GB
- 2 Network interfaces
- CPU: 64-bit 2.0+ GHz processor or higher



ELASTICSEARCH

# Install Elasticsearch

```
#sudo dpkg -i elasticsearch-6.0.0.deb
```

Config files locations:-

Elasticsearch has three configuration files:

- **elasticsearch.yml** for configuring Elasticsearch
- **jvm.options** for configuring Elasticsearch JVM settings
- **log4j2.properties** for configuring Elasticsearch logging

# Elasticsearch

- Distributed, real-time data store, real-time analysis full text search engine
- Opensource
- Highly scalable

# Indices, Shards and Replicas

- An index is stored on a node, which is a part of a cluster
- Indices are broken into shards
- Each shard is either a primary or replica
- Each log item is a document that contains fields and values



CEREBRO

# Cerebro

- Cerebro is an opensource Elasticsearch web admin tool
- Displays cluster health
- Makes index managements easy



# Install Cerebro

```
#sudo unzip cerebro-0.7.1.zip -d /opt
```

```
#sudo mv /opt/cerebro-0.7.1/ /opt/cerebro/
```

Create a user for cerebro

```
#sudo useradd cerebro
```

Give permissions for the user

```
#sudo chown -R cerebro: /opt/cerebro/
```

Create a service for cerebro

```
#sudo cp cerebro.service /etc/systemd/system
```

```
#sudo systemctl daemon-reload
```

```
#sudo systemctl enable cerebro.service
```

```
#sudo service cerebro start
```



KIBANA

# Install Kibana

```
#sudo dpkg -i kibana-6.0.0-amd64.deb
```

Enable kibana service

```
#sudo systemctl enable kibana.service
```

Start kibana service

```
#sudo service kibana start
```



LOGSTASH

# Install Logstash

```
#sudo dpkg -i logstash-6.2.1.deb
```

Config file

jvm.options

# Logstash Config File Format

```
input{  
  }  
filter{  
  }  
output{  
  }
```

# Logstash Config File Format

```
input {  
  stdin { codec => "json" }  
}  
filter {  
  if [event_id] == 123 {  
    drop { }  
  }  
}  
output {  
  stdout { codec => rubydebug }  
}
```

**THANK YOU**



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