Heaven's Light is Our Guide Rajshahi University of Engineering and Technology



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Lab Report 4: Creating a database and doing operations on it using MySQL

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Basic MySQL Operations

Md Tajim An Noor

1 Tools Used

- MySQL
- ullet VS Code as an IDE to use SQL
- MacTeX -LATEX compiler
- VS Code with LaTeX workshop extension as a text editor

2 Process

The task is to create two tables in a database and then do some operations on the database using sub-query, Group By operations. The first table, Order, has the columns ord_date, purch_amt, ord_date, customer_id, salesman_id. The second one, named Customer, has the columns customer_id, cust_name, city, grade, salesman_id.

2.1 SQL Codes:

Creating both tables and inserting data.

```
ProductOrderDetailsL |
                                                        R3.Order
                                                        (
                                                        -- ord_no,
--creating the 1st table and
                                                        purch_amt,
\rightarrow adding info
                                                        ord_date,
CREATE TABLE ProductOrderDet
                                                        customer_id,
                                       13
    ailsLR3.Order(
                                                        salesman_id2
    ord_no int
                                                    )
       Auto_Increment
                                               VALUES
        Primary Key,
                                                    (
    purch_amt decimal(6, 2),
                                                        70001,
                                       18
    ord_date Date,
                                                        '150.5',
                                       19
    customer_id int,
                                                        '2012-10-05',
                                       20
    salesman_id int -- )
                                                        3005,
                                       21
    INSERT INTO
```

```
5002
                                                      city varchar(40),
22
             );
                                                      grade int,
23
                                                      ord_date Date,
   (2480.4, '2012-10-10', 3009,
                                                      salesman_id int
25
                                             46
    \rightarrow 5003),
                                             47
   (110.5, '2012-08-17', 3009,
                                                 ALTER TABLE
26
                                             48
    \rightarrow 5003),
                                                      ProductOrderDetailsLR3.C
                                             49
   (2400.6, '2012-07-27', 3007,
                                                          ustomer drop column

→ 5001);

                                                          ord_date;
                                                 INSERT INTO
28
   (70007, 948.5, '2012-09-10',
                                                      ProductOrderDetailsLR3.C
29
                                             51
                                                          ustomer (cust_name,
    \rightarrow 3005, 5002);
                                                          city, grade,
30
   (5760, '2012-09-10', 3002,
                                                          salesman_id)
    \rightarrow 5001),
                                                 VALUES
   (270.65, '2012-09-10', 3001,
                                                 (
                                             53
    \rightarrow 5005),
                                                      3001.
                                             54
   (1983.43, '2012-10-10',
                                                      'Brad Guzan',
                                             55
    \rightarrow 3004, 5006),
                                                      'London',
                                             56
   (75.29, '2012-08-17', 3003,
                                                      null,
                                             57
    \rightarrow 5007),
                                                      5005
   (250.45, '2012-06-27', 3008,
                                                 );
                                             59

→ 5002),
                                                 (
                                             60
   (3045.6, '2012-04-25', 3002,
                                                      'Nick Romando',
36
                                             61

→ 5001);

                                                      'New York',
                                             62
                                                      100,
                                             63
37
   -- creating the 2nd table
                                                      5001
38
                                             64
    \rightarrow and adding info
                                             65
                                             66
   CREATE TABLE ProductOrderDet
                                                      'Jozy Altidor',
                                                      'Moscow',
        ailsLR3.Customer(
                                             68
        customer_id int
                                                      200,
41
                                             69

→ Auto_Increment

                                                      5007
                                             70
                                                 ).
           Primary Key,
                                             71
        cust_name varchar(40),
                                                  -- To save space, some
                                             72
                                                      entries are shown.
```

2.1.1 Calculate total purchase amount of all orders. Return total purchase amount.

```
SELECT
SUM(purch_amt) as "Total Purchase Amount"
```

FROM

ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order

2.1.2 Count the number of unique salesperson. Return number of salesperson.

Code:

```
SELECT
salesman_id as "Salesperson",
Count(*)
from
ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order
Group by
salesman_id
```

2.1.3 Find the highest grade of customers in each city. Return city, maximum grade.

```
SELECT
       city as City,
       grade as "Highest Grade"
   FROM
       ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Customer Cust
   WHERE
       grade = (
           SELECT
                max(grade)
9
           FROM
10
                ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Customer
           WHERE
                city = cust.city
13
           group by
14
                city
15
       );
16
```

2.1.4 Find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer. Return customer ID, maximum purchase amount.

Code:

```
SELECT
       customer_id as "Customer ID",
       purch_amt as "Max Purchase Amount"
   FROM
       ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order Cust
   WHERE
       purch_amt = (
           SELECT
                max(purch_amt)
           FROM
                ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order
11
           WHERE
12
                customer_id = Cust.customer_id
13
       )
14
   Order by
15
       customer_id
16
```

2.1.5 Find the highest purchase amount ordered by each customer on a particular date. Return order date and highest purchase amount.

Code: (Using sub-query)

```
SELECT
       ord_date as "Order Date",
       purch_amt as "Purchased Max Amount"
   FROM
       ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order Ord
   WHERE
6
       purch_amt = (
            SELECT
                max(purch_amt)
            FROM
10
                ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order
11
            WHERE
12
                ord_date = ord.ord_date
13
       )
14
   Order by
15
       ord_date
16
17
       SELECT
18
```

```
ord_date as "Order Date",
19
       max(purch_amt) as "Purchased Max Amount"
20
   from
       ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order
22
   Group by
23
       ord_date
24
   Order by
25
       ord_date
26
   Code: (Using GROUP BY clause)
   SELECT
       ord_date as "Order Date",
       max(purch_amt) as "Purchased Max Amount"
   from
       ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order
   Group by
       ord_date
   Order by
       ord_date
```

2.1.6 Determine the highest purchase amount made by each salesperson on 2012-08-17. Return salesperson ID and purchase amount.

```
select
salesman_id as "Salesperson ID",
max(purch_amt) as "Purchased Max Amount",
ord_date as "Ordered on"
from
ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order
WHERE
ord_date = "2012-08-17"
Group by
salesman_id
Order by
salesman_id
```

2.1.7 Find the highest order *purchase* amount by each customer on a particular date. Filter the result by highest order purchase amount above 2000. Return customer ID, order date, highest purchase amount.

```
customer_id as Customer,
customer_id as Customer,
customer_id as "Order Date",
max(purch_amt) as "Max ordered on date"
from
ProductOrderDetailsLR3.Order
WHERE
purch_amt > 2000
group by
customer_id,
ord_date
```

3 Output

customer_id	cust_name	city	grade	salesman_id
a <mark>b</mark> c Filter				
3001	Brad Guzan	London	NULL	5005
3002	Nick Romando	New York	100	5001
3003	Jozy Altidor	Moscow	200	5007
3004	Fabian Johnson	Paris	300	5006
3005	Graham Zusi	California	200	5002
3006	Julian Green	London	300	5002
3007	Geoff Cameron	Berlin	100	5003

The complete Customer table.

ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	customer_id	salesman_id
alc Filter	alc Filter	alc Filter	a ⊡c Filter	a <u>B</u> c Filter
70001	150.50	2012-10-05	3005	5002
70002	65.26	2012-10-05	3002	5001
70003	2480.40	2012-10-10	3009	5003
70004	110.50	2012-08-17	3009	5003
70005	2400.60	2012-07-27	3007	5001
70007	948.50	2012-09-10	3005	5002
70008	5760.00	2012-09-10	3002	5001
70009	270.65	2012-09-10	3001	5005
70010	1983.43	2012-10-10	3004	5006
70011	75.29	2012-08-17	3003	5007
70012	250.45	2012-06-27	3008	5002
70013	3045.60	2012-04-25	3002	5001

The complete Order table.

Total Purchase Amount
a <mark>b</mark> c Filter
17541.18

Total purchased amount.

Salesperson	Count(*)
a <mark>b</mark> c Filter	a <mark>b</mark> c Filter
5002	3
5001	4
5003	2
5005	1
5006	1
5007	1

Sales by each salesman.

City	Highest Grade	
a <mark>b</mark> c Filter	abc Filter	
New York	100	
Moscow	200	
Paris	300	
California	200	
ondon.	300	
Berlin	100	

Customer ID	Max Purchase Amount
a <mark>b</mark> c Filter	a <mark>b</mark> c Filter
3001	270.65
3002	5760.00
3003	75.29
3004	1983.43
3005	948.50
3007	2400.60
3008	250.45
3009	2480.40

Customers with highest grade in each city. Max purchased amount by each customer.

Order Date	Purchased Max Amount	
a <mark>b</mark> c Filter	abc Filter	
2012-04-25	3045.60	
2012-06-27	250.45	
2012-07-27	2400.60	
012-08-17	110.50	
012-09-10	5760.00	
2012-10-05	150.50	
012-10-10	2480.40	

Salesperson ID	Purchased Max Amount	Ordered on
alc Filter	a <u>B</u> c Filter	a <mark>⊡</mark> c Filter
5003	110.50	2012-08-17
5007	75.29	2012-08-17

Max purchased amount on each dates.

Max purchased amount by salesman on 2012-08-17

Customer	Order Date	Max ordered on date
abc Filter	abc Filter	alc Filter
3009	2012-10-10	2480.40
3007	2012-07-27	2400.60
3002	2012-09-10	5760.00
3002	2012-04-25	3045.60

Max purchased on dates that are above 2000.