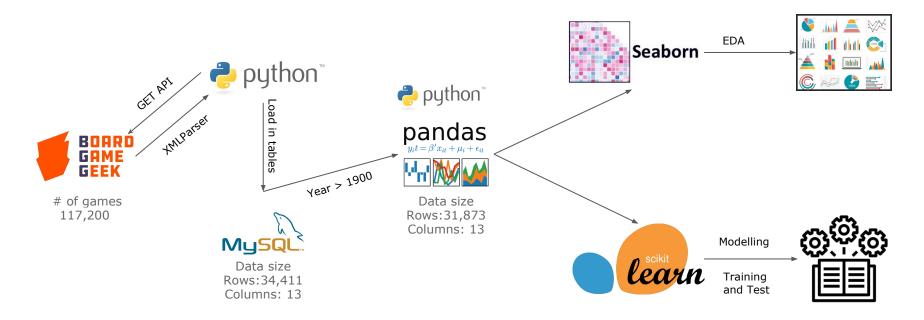
# Bad, mediocre, good or outstanding?

Identifying features and predicting board game ratings.

By: Janki Chauhan [Project github]

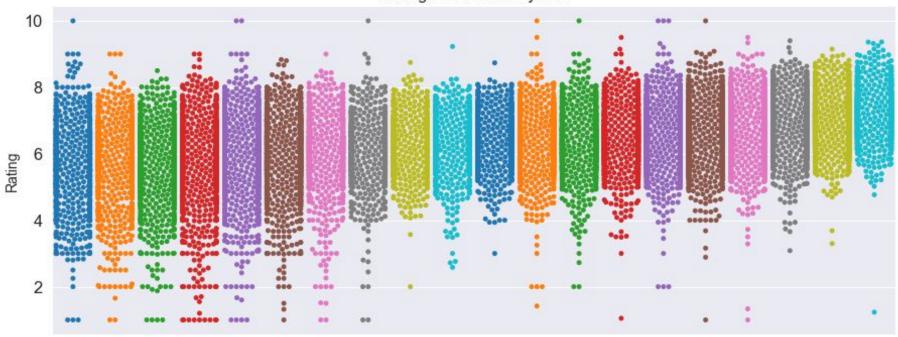


## Data Pipeline



# **Exploratory Data Analysis**

Ratings over last 20 years

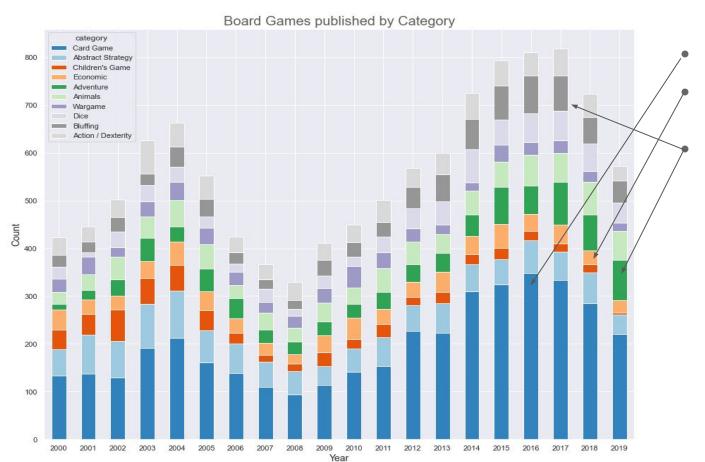


2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 Year



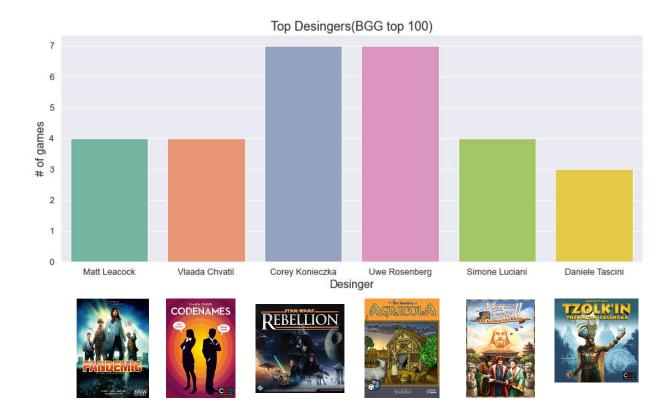


## **Exploratory Data Analysis**



Card games are most popular category There has been decline in children's game in recent years While increase in bluffing and adventure games.

# **Exploratory Data Analysis**



Game designers with more than 2 game in BGG top 100



## Modelling

Predicting rating of a board game

## Linear Regression:

- Default parameters
- MSE: 4.24

#### Random Forest:

- No. of estimators:1000
- Max features: 10
- Bootstrap: True
- MSE: 3.03

#### **Gradient Boost:**

- Learning rate: 0.2
- No. of estimators: 1000
- Max features=10
- MSE: 3.01





## **Model Tuning**

## Clustering:

- Use for categorical features
- Kmode: 15 clusters

## Random Forest:

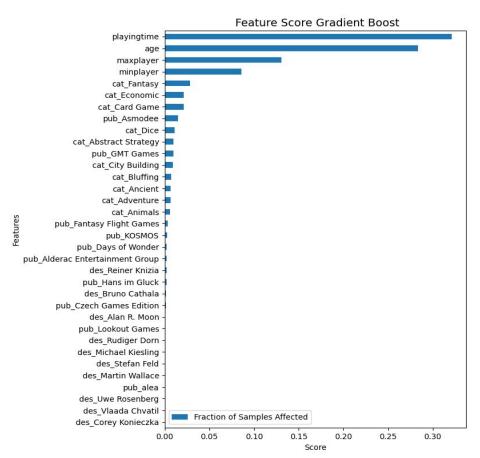
- Bootstrap: True
- Max features: 20
- No. of estimators: 2000
- No cluster, pick top 15 for categorical features
- MSE: 2.92
- R2: 0.22

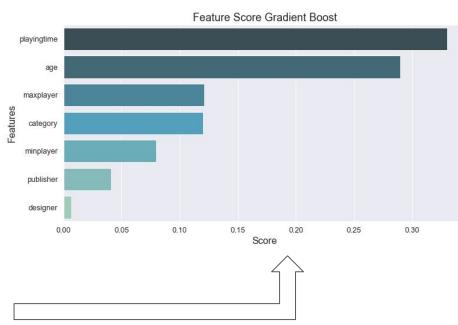
#### **Gradient Boost:**

- Learning rate: 0.05
- Max features: 15
- No. of estimators: 2000
- No cluster, pick top 15 for categorical features
- MSE: 2.83
- R2: 0.21



## Results





Grouped publishers, categories and designers to get better visual understanding

## Future Analysis

- There is an increase in ratings over the years. Is it because the production quality has gotten better? Are publishers and game designers targeting niche groups?
- How does kickstarter factors in game ratings, it definitely creates awareness before the game goes to production.



# Questions?

Thank you!

[Project github]

