

# comatsci

## computational materials science utility package

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November 7, 2008

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## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Requirements

comatsci requires the following software/libraries to be present on a system:

- Python version  $\geq 2.4$  (not compatible to python 3)
  - POSIX compatible build environment and header files to compile python c-extensions
- numpy
- pyqt version  $\geq 3$  (only required for the geostats utility)
- ElementTree (included in Python version  $\geq 2.5$ )

Note that windows is not an officially supported platform for comatsci.

## 1.2 Installation

comatsci should be installed via the supplied setup script. Execute `python setup.py install` as root, to install comatsci system-wide. Any other installation tree can be chosen with the `--prefix` option to install, e.g. `--prefix=~` to install into `$HOME/bin` and `$HOME/lib`. The setup script also offers options to generate installers for different operating systems, depending on the platform and installed python version, please refer to the integrated documentation available by calling `python setup.py --help`.

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# 2 Utilities

## 2.1 geostats

Geostats.py is a Qt gui utility to extract some statistical information and to edit the geometry.

The command line is: `geostats.py [options] [<geometryfile>]`

Possible options are:

`-h, --help` show this help message and exit

`-c TYPE, --convert=TYPE` convert input file to format TYPE and exit

**gen** dftb generic file format

**xyz** standard .xyz format

**fdf** SIESTA fdf Geometry specification

**pdb** protein database file format, suitable for some visualization purposes

**fmg** flexible molecular geometry xml format

Currently geostats.py can output a bond list and some basic atomic coordination statistics. The statistics output can be saved to "geostats.htm". Radial distribution functions and atomic charge histograms (per element) can be computed. These Data can be saved as ascii-files suitable for gnuplot, as well as directly plotted and saved in various graphics file formats using gnuplot, if the gnuplot python extension and gnuplot itself are available.

Additionally geostats.py provides an "edit atoms" dialog in which atom properties can be edited in a table view, atoms can be added or deleted and layers can be added or deleted. This is mainly intended as a convenient way to assign atoms different layers.

A "periodic expand" dialog allows to periodically expand supercells.

## 2.2 geoconv

Geoconv.py serves to quickly convert geometries between different formats known to comatsci. It is can called as `geoconv.py` or via symbolic links named `to[format]`, where [format] is the specified output format (cf. `-f` option). `geoconv` only works on single geometries but not on paths. Known formats are described in section 3.

Command lines are of the format

`<commandname> [options] <inputfilename> [output filename]`

The input file type is determined by the file name extension. If the output file name is omitted, the program writes a file of the same name as the input file, with the extension replaced appropriately.

Possible command line options are:

-h, --help show this help message and exit

**-f F, --format=F** Write output geometry in format F. Default=gen. Choose from : ['fdf', 'xyz', 'xyzq', 'gen', 'tm', 'fmg', 'pdb']

-x XTND, --extend=XTND periodically extend the input geometry to include a:b:c original supercells in the a:b:c lattice directions, default = 1:1:1 (only the original supercell)

-p F, --population=F Read dftb Mulliken population from file F. No default.

-l L, --layer=L Write Only Atoms from Layer L into output geometry. default: write whole geometry

-e E, --element=E Write only atoms of element E into output geometry. default: write all elements

--tolayer=L Move atoms defined by --atomindices or --atomlist to layer L. L must be defined in the geometry, either --atomindices or --atomlist must be given. Cannot be combined with -L.

--translate=V Translate atoms defined by --atomindices or --atomlist by vector V. V must be in the form x:y:z. Either --atomindices or --atomlist must be given.

--atomindices=IDX Declare, which single atoms are to be modified, argument is a whitespace delimited list of integer atom index numbers. Counts from 0. Mutually exclusive with --atomlist.

--atomlist=LST Declare, which single atoms are to be modified, argument is a whitespace delimited list of integer atom serial numbers. Counts from 1. Mutually exclusive with --atomindices.

**--addlayer=L** Add layer with name L to geometry.

## 2.3 to[format]

Aliases of geoconv, allowing to quickly convert a readable input geometry to the [format] file format. Aliases are:

- togen
- tofmg
- toxyz
- tofdf
- toxyzq
- totm

## 3 Known geometry file formats

### 3.1 .xyz (read/write)

The widely used xmol format for cartesian coordinates of atoms in molecules. The first line starts with an integer giving the number of atoms in the file, the second line is a comment line and ignored. Following lines list the element symbol and x,y,z coordinates in Angstrom of one atom each. Additional fields are ignored, to ensure compatibility with programs that store additional information in .xyz files. On multi-frame .xyz files, only the first geometry is read.

#### example: CO molecule

```
2
C 0.0 0.0 0.0
O 1.2 0.0 0.0
```

### 3.2 .gen (read/write)

Generic molecular and crystalline geometry file format, originally from DFTB implementations. This file format is flexible in its support of cluster and supercell geometries. Please refer to the dftb documentation for a detailed description of the geometry file format.

#### example: CO molecule

```
# number_of_atoms mode flag
2 C
# chemical symbols of atom types
O C
# number_of_atom type_of_atom cartesian_coordinates_in_angstroms
1 1 0.0 0.0 0.0
2 2 1.2 0.0 0.0
```

4 more lines follow for periodic structures. These contain the coordinates of the origin and three vectors characterizing the supercell.

- The atom type number refers to the ordering of the chemical symbols in line 2. These together determine the element of each atom, other than in dftb.
- The atom numbers (first column of the coordinate lines) are for convenience only but required.
- The flag (first line, second column) is either “C” for clusters/molecules or “S” for supercells.

### 3.3 .fmg (read/write)

The Flexible Molecular Geometry file format is an xml format intended to store all geometry information that can be processed by comatsci. As an .xml format it is user-editable in principle, however, an xml-aware editor is strongly recommended. Currently fmg provides the following features:

- Supercell and cluster geometries
- Specification of multiple geometries, e.g. for storing reaction paths
- Specification of geometry layers to partition the geometry
- Specification of geometry dimers for use with the dimer method
- Specification of atomic properties:
  - charge
  - layer
  - subtype (e.g. for different force-field atom types within one element)
- Storage of additional trajectory information outside the geometry declaration:
  - Energy
  - Velocities

- Forces
- General trajectory information:
  - \* Number of geometry iterations so far

C.f. appendix B for the xml document type definition of the flexible molecular geometry format.

### 3.3.1 example: water

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1" ?>
<!DOCTYPE fmg>
<fmg>
  <geometry>
    <mode>C</mode>
    <lattice orgx="0.0" orgy="0.0" orgz="0.0" lunit="ang">
      <latvec_a>1.0 0.0 0.0</latvec_a>
      <latvec_b>0.0 1.0 0.0</latvec_b>
      <latvec_c>0.0 0.0 1.0</latvec_c>
    </lattice>
    <layer>
      <lname>default</lname>
      <li>0</li>
    </layer>
    <atom lunit="ang">
      <x>0.98</x> <y>0.0</y> <z>0.0</z>
      <el>1</el>
      <st>H</st>
      <chr>0.0</chr>
      <li>0</li>
    </atom>
    <atom lunit="ang">
      <x>-0.49</x> <y>0.85</y> <z>0.0</z>
      <el>1</el>
      <st>H</st>
      <chr>0.0</chr>
    </atom>
    <atom lunit="ang">
      <x>0.0</x> <y>0.0</y> <z>0.0</z>
      <el>8</el>
      <st>O</st>
      <chr>0.0</chr>
    </atom>
  </geometry>
</fmg>
```

The following rules apply:

- the <fmg> document tag is mandatory
- multiple <geometry> tags are allowed. The geoconv and geostats tools ignore all but the first geometry.
- all attributes are optional
- possible value for lunit are:
  - ang: Angstrom, default value

- au: Bohr radii
- <mode> is optional, possible values are:
  - C — cluster, default value
  - S — supercell
- <lattice> is optional  
The `org[xyz]` attributes specify the supercell origin (as in the .gen format) and are mostly ignored
- <lattice> must contain exactly one of each of the following elements:
  - <latvec\_a>: first lattice vector, 3 coordinates
  - <latvec\_b>: second lattice vector, 3 coordinates
  - <latvec\_c>: third lattice vector, 3 coordinates
- <layer> is optional, multiple layers may be specified. <layer> must contain exactly one <lname> and <li> element
- <atom> must contain exactly one of each of the following elements:
  - <x>: x coordinate
  - <y>: y coordinate
  - <z>: z coordinate
  - <el>: element number
- <atom> may contain one of each of the following elements:
  - <li>: layer index, default 0
  - <st>: subtype, default [element symbol]
  - <chr>: charge, default 0.0. Unit is electrons, negative values signify electron excess
  - <lpop>: l-shell populations, default is empty
- <trjstep> is outside the geometry definition. It stores data applying to one single <geometry>. To store data for a geometry trajectory, an equal number of trjstep elements in the same order should be present. It may contain the following subelements:
  - <nrg>: Image total Energy
  - <velocities>: Image Velocities data block
  - <forces>: Image forces data block
- <trjinfo> is outside the geometry definition. It stores general information applying to the whole trajectory, rather than stepwise data, as in <trjstep>. Only one <trjinfo> element should be present in one <fmg> and only the first element encountered is evaluated. subelements:
  - <stepcount>: Number of geometry iterations performed so far.
- <dimer> must contain exactly one <geometry> element, specifying the dimer midpoint. It must also contain exactly one <DeltaR> element, specifying the dimer translation vector  $\vec{R}_1 - \vec{R}_0$ . Additionally the following subelements are allowed:

- `<NoGradInRot />` Boolean specifier not to use gradient calculation in rotation step.  
*deprecated!*
- `<curvature>` The curvature in dimer direction
- `<E0 eunit="">` Calculated energy at dimer midpoint, possible units are eV and H.
- `<E1 eunit="">` Calculated energy at dimer endpoint 1, units as in E0.
- `<E2 eunit="">` Extrapolated energy at dimer endpoint 2, units as in E0.
- `<f0>` Calculated force at dimer midpoint in a.u..
- `<f1>` Calculated force at dimer endpoint 1 in a.u..
- `<f2>` Extrapolated force at dimer endpoint 2 in a.u..
- `<fN>` Projected rotational force on dimer in a.u..

### 3.4 .pdb (write only)

Protein database format. Refer to PDB documentation for details. .fmg layers are written as segments.

### 3.5 .xyzq (write only)

Cartesian coordinates and atomic charges in a.u.. Suitable as external electric field input in DFTB<sup>+</sup>.

**example: water**

```
1.85193164 0.00000000 0.00000000 0.2938
-0.54141424 1.51278662 0.00000000 0.2938
0.05430593 -0.19438394 0.00000000 -0.5877
```

### 3.6 .tm (write only)

Turbomole `coord`: block. Refer to Turbomole documentation for details.

### 3.7 .fdf (write only)

Geometry specification in SIESTA fdf input format. Refer to SIESTA documentation for details.

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## B flexible molecular geometry DTD

```
<!ELEMENT mode (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT lattice (latvec_a, latvec_b, latvec_c)>
<!ATTLIST lattice
  orgx CDATA "0.0"
  orgy CDATA "0.0"
  orgz CDATA "0.0"
  lunit (ang|au) "ang"
>
<!ELEMENT latvec_a (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT latvec_b (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT latvec_c (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT layer (li, lname)>
<!ELEMENT li (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT lname (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT atom (x, y, z, el, st?, chr?, li?, lpop?)>
<!ATTLIST atom
  lunit (ang|au) "ang"
>
<!ELEMENT x (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT y (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT z (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT el (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT st (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT chr (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT nrg (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT lpop (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST nrg
  eunit (eV|au) "au"
>
<!ELEMENT velocities (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT forces (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT geometry (mode?, lattice?, layer?, atom*)>
<!ELEMENT trjstep (nrg?, velocities?, forces*)>
<!ELEMENT fmg (geometry+, trjstep*, trjinfo*)>
<!ELEMENT stepcount (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT trjinfo (stepcount*)>
<!ELEMENT DeltaR (#PCDATA)>
```

```

<!ATTLIST DeltaR
  lunit (ang|au) "ang"
>
<!ELEMENT NoGradInRot EMPTY>
<!ELEMENT curvature (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT E0 (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST E0
  eunit (eV|au|H) "au"
>
<!ELEMENT E1 (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST E1
  eunit (eV|au|H) "au"
>
<!ELEMENT E2 (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST E2
  eunit (eV|au|H) "au"
>
<!ELEMENT f0 (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT f1 (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT f2 (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT fN (#PCDATA)>
<!ELEMENT Dimer (Geometry,DeltaR,NoGradInRot?,(E0,E1)?,E2?,(f0,f1)?,f2?,fN?,curvature?)>

```