Ausgewählte Systeme Postgres

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Agenda

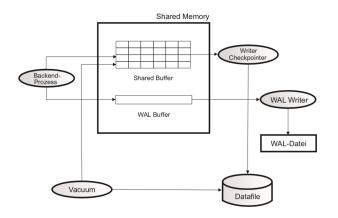
- 1. PostgreSQL Überblick
- 2. Postgres Architektur
- 3. Konzepte für rekursive Anfragen
- 4. pgBench
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PostgreSQL Überblick

Postgres ist ein Datenbankmanagementsystem mit folgenden Eigenschaften :

- Objektrelational
- ACID konform
- CRUD konform
- Hersteller: PostgreSQL Global Development Group, ursprünglich University of California
- Zielgruppe: Telekommunikationsunternehmen für Ordermanagement System.

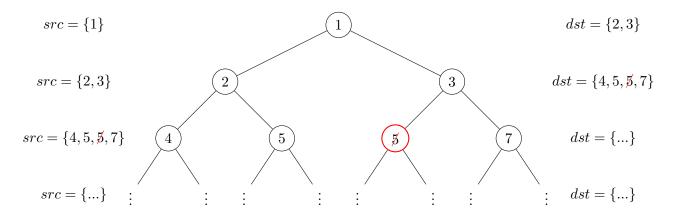
Postgres Architektur



Konzepte für rekursive Anfragen

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Listing 1: selectRecursive

Listing 2: selectWithJoin

```
SELECT DISTINCT(rf3.dst)

FROM public.relation_facebook rf1,
    public.relation_facebook rf2,
    public.relation_facebook rf3

WHERE rf2.src = rf1.dst

AND rf3.src = rf2.dst

AND rf1.src = 765;
```

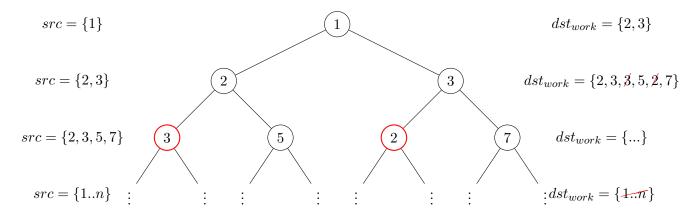
Listing 3: StoredProcedure

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION recursivesearch(tInput integer[], iRecursionDepth integer, sTable text) RETURNS SETOF
   integer AS $$
   Declare
   intermDst_ integer[];
   iCount integer;
   BEGIN
   CREATE TABLE intermDst AS SELECT * FROM unnest(tInput);
   EXECUTE 'CREATE TABLE intermDst1 AS SELECT DISTINCT(dst) FROM ' || sTable || ' WHERE src IN (SELECT * FROM
       intermDst)':
   -- Does not return from function!
   return query SELECT * FROM intermDst1;
   -- Does not return from function!
   intermDst_ := ARRAY(SELECT * FROM intermDst1);
   raise notice 'timestamp: %', clock_timestamp();
   SELECT count(*) INTO iCount FROM intermDst;
   raise notice 'Count Table: %', iCount;
   DROP TABLE intermDst:
   DROP TABLE intermDst1;
   if iRecursionDepth > 1 THEN
   return query SELECT * FROM recursivesearch(intermDst_, iRecursionDepth - 1, sTable);
   ELSE
   RETURN;
   END IF;
   END;
$$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION innerJoinSourceCodeGenerator(iRecursionDepth integer, sTable text) RETURNS SETOF integer
     AS $$
Declare
intermDst_ integer[];
iCount integer;
tStatement text:
tSelectStatement text;
tConcatenateStatement text;
tAlternativeStatement text;
tWhereStatement text:
tFinalStatement text;
BEGIN
iCount = 0:
tSelectStatement = '':
tWhereStatement = '';
tConcatenateStatement := 'SELECT DISTINCT(dst) FROM ' || sTable || ' WHERE src IN(':
tStatement := sTable || ' rf';
tAlternativeStatement = sTable || ' rf';
-- iCount = 0:
if iRecursionDepth = 0 THEN
raise notice 'Rekursivtiefe von O nicht m glich';
RETURN ;
end if:
if iRecursionDepth = 1 THEN
tConcatenateStatement = tConcatenateStatement | '765' | ')';
return query EXECUTE tConcatenateStatement;
RETURN:
end if;
WHILE iCount < iRecursionDepth LOOP
if iCount = iRecursionDepth - 1 then
tSelectStatement := tSelectStatement || tStatement || iCount || ' ';
tSelectStatement := tSelectStatement || tStatement || iCount || ', ';
end if:
if iCount != 0 then
if iCount = iRecursionDepth - 1 then
tWhereStatement := tWhereStatement || 'rf' || iCount || '.src = rf' || iCount - 1 || '.dst ';
tWhereStatement := tWhereStatement || 'rf' || iCount || '.src = rf' || iCount - 1 || '.dst AND ';
end if:
else
tWhereStatement := 'rf' || iCount || '.src = 765 AND ';
end if:
iCount = iCount + 1;
end loop:
tWhereStatement := 'WHERE ' || tWhereStatement;
tSelectStatement := 'FROM' | | tSelectStatement;
tFinalStatement = 'SELECT DISTINCT(rf'||iRecursionDepth - 1 || '.dst) ' || tSelectStatement || tWhereStatement;
raise notice 'FROM Statement: %', tSelectStatement;
raise notice 'Where Statement: %', tWhereStatement;
raise notice 'Finale Statement: %', tFinalStatement;
return query EXECUTE tFinalStatement;
END:
$$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```

Listing 5: selectSourceCodeGenerator

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION selectSourceCodeGenerator(iRecursionDepth integer, sTable text) RETURNS SETOF integer AS
     $$
Declare
intermDst_ integer[];
iCount integer;
tStatement text;
tConcatenateStatement text;
tConcatenateStatement := 'SELECT DISTINCT(dst) FROM ' || sTable || ' WHERE src IN(';
tStatement := 'SELECT DISTINCT(dst) FROM ' || sTable || ' WHERE src IN(765)';
-- iCount = 0;
if iRecursionDepth = 0 THEN
return query EXECUTE tStatement;
RETURN;
end if;
WHILE iRecursionDepth > 0 LOOP
tStatement := tConcatenateStatement || tStatement ||')';
iRecursionDepth = iRecursionDepth - 1;
end loop;
raise notice 'Execute String %', tStatement;
return query EXECUTE tStatement;
END:
$$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```



Listing 6: selectWithUnion

```
WITH RECURSIVE graphtraverse AS(

SELECT DISTINCT(dst)

FROM

public.relation_facebook

WHERE

src =765

UNION

SELECT p.dst

FROM

relation_facebook p

WHERE

src IN ( p.src )

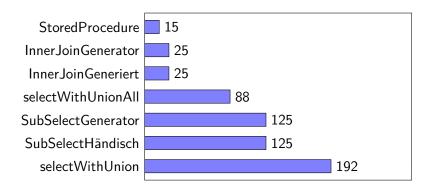
)

SELECT * FROM graphtraverse
```

pgBench

- Tool zur Durchführung von Benchmark-Tests
- Bei einem Benchmark-Test wird eine Menge von SQL-Statements beliebig oft wiederholt.
- pgBench berechnet die Anzahl der Transaktionen pro Sekunde

Messergebnisse pgBench



Transaktionen Pro Sekunde