

SDS 383D, Exercises 2: Bayes and the Gaussian Linear Model

Jan-Michael Cabrera

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A simple Gaussian location model

(A) We have

$$p(\theta) \propto \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu} \frac{(x - m)^2}{s^2}\right)^{-\frac{\nu+1}{2}}$$
$$p(\theta, \omega) \propto \omega^{(d+1)/2-1} \exp\left(-\omega \frac{k(\theta - \mu)^2}{2}\right) \exp\left(-\omega \frac{\eta}{2}\right)$$

$$p(\theta) \propto \int p(\theta, \omega) d\omega$$
$$\propto \int \omega^{a-1} \exp(-\omega b) d\omega$$

$$a = \frac{d+1}{2}, b = \frac{k(\theta - \mu)^2}{2} + \frac{\eta}{2}$$

$$p(\theta) \propto \frac{\Gamma(a)}{b^a} \int \frac{b^a}{\Gamma(a)} \omega^{a-1} \exp(-\omega b) d\omega$$
$$\propto \Gamma\left(\frac{d+1}{2}\right) \left[\frac{\eta}{2} + \frac{k(\theta - \mu)^2}{2}\right]^{-\frac{d+1}{2}}$$
$$\propto \left[\frac{\eta}{2} \left(1 + \frac{kd(\theta - \mu)^2}{2d\eta/2}\right)\right]^{-\frac{d+1}{2}}$$
$$\propto \left(1 + \frac{1}{d} \frac{(\theta - \mu)^2}{(d\eta/k)}\right)^{-\frac{d+1}{2}}$$

$$\nu = d$$
$$x = \theta$$
$$s^2 = \frac{d\eta}{k}$$
$$m = \mu$$

(B) Show that $p(\theta, \omega|\mathbf{y})$ has the form

$$p(\theta, \omega|\mathbf{y}) \propto \omega^{(d^*+1)/2-1} \exp\left[-\omega \frac{k^*(\theta - \mu^*)^2}{2}\right] \exp\left[-\omega \frac{\eta^*}{2}\right]$$

let

$$p(\mathbf{y}|\theta, \omega) \propto \omega^{n/2} \exp \left[-\omega \left(\frac{S_y + n(\bar{y} - \theta)^2}{2} \right) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} p(\theta, \omega|\mathbf{y}) &\propto \omega^{(d+1)/2-1} \exp \left[-\omega \frac{(\theta - \mu)^2}{2} \right] \exp \left[-\omega \frac{\eta}{2} \right] \omega^{n/2} \exp \left[-\omega \left(\frac{S_y + n(\bar{y} - \theta)^2}{2} \right) \right] \\ &\propto \omega^{(d+n+1)/2-1} \exp \left[-\frac{\omega}{2} (k(\theta - \mu)^2 + \eta + S_y + n(\bar{y} - \theta)^2) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} k(\theta - \mu)^2 + \eta + S_y + n(\bar{y} - \theta)^2 &= k\theta^2 - 2k\mu\theta + k\mu^2 + \eta + S_y + n\bar{y}^2 - 2n\theta\bar{y} + n\theta^2 \\ &= (k+n)\theta^2 + (-2k\mu - 2n\bar{y})\theta + k\mu^2 + \eta + S_y + n\bar{y}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = a(x - h)^2 + l$$

$$h = -\frac{b}{2a}, l = c - ah^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} (k+n)\theta^2 + (-2k\mu - 2n\bar{y})\theta + k\mu^2 + \eta + S_y + n\bar{y}^2 &= \\ (k+n) \left(\theta - \frac{k\mu + n\bar{y}}{k+n} \right)^2 + k\mu^2 + \eta + S_y + n\bar{y}^2 - (k+n) \left(\frac{k\mu + n\bar{y}}{k+n} \right)^2 &= \\ (k+n) \left(\theta - \frac{k\mu + n\bar{y}}{k+n} \right)^2 + \frac{nk(\mu - \bar{y})^2}{k+n} + \eta + S_y & \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p(\mathbf{y}|\theta, \omega) &\propto \omega^{(d+n+1)/2-1} \exp \left[-\frac{\omega}{2} \left((k+n) \left(\theta - \frac{k\mu + n\bar{y}}{k+n} \right)^2 + \frac{nk(\mu - \bar{y})^2}{k+n} + \eta + S_y \right) \right] \\ &\propto \omega^{(d+n+1)/2-1} \exp \left[-\frac{\omega}{2} \left((k+n) \left(\theta - \frac{k\mu + n\bar{y}}{k+n} \right)^2 \right) \right] \exp \left[-\frac{\omega}{2} \left(\frac{nk(\mu - \bar{y})^2}{k+n} + \eta + S_y \right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d^* &= d + n \\ k^* &= k + n \\ \mu^* &= \frac{k\mu + n\bar{y}}{k+n} \\ \eta^* &= \frac{nk(\mu - \bar{y})^2}{k+n} + \eta + S_y \end{aligned}$$

(C) What is $p(\theta|\mathbf{y}, \omega)$?

$$\begin{aligned} p(\theta|\mathbf{y}, \omega) &= \int_0^\infty p(\theta, \omega|\mathbf{y}) d\omega \\ &\propto \exp \left[-\frac{\omega}{2} \left((k+n) \left(\theta - \frac{k\mu + n\bar{y}}{k+n} \right)^2 \right) \right] \int_0^\infty \omega^{(d+n+1)/2-1} \exp \left[-\frac{\omega}{2} \left(\frac{nk(\mu - \bar{y})^2}{k+n} + \eta + S_y \right) \right] d\omega \end{aligned}$$

$$(\theta|\mathbf{y}, \omega) \sim \mathcal{N} \left(\frac{k\mu + n\bar{y}}{k+n}, (\omega(k+n))^{-1} \right)$$

(D) What is $p(\omega|\mathbf{y})$?

$$p(\omega|\mathbf{y}) = \int_0^\infty p(\theta, \omega|\mathbf{y}) d\theta \\ \propto \omega^{(d+n+1)/2-1} \exp \left[-\frac{\omega}{2} \left(\frac{nk(\mu - \bar{y})^2}{k+n} + \eta + S_y \right) \right] \int_{-\infty}^\infty \exp \left[-\frac{\omega}{2} \left((k+n) \left(\theta - \frac{k\mu + n\bar{y}}{k+n} \right)^2 \right) \right] d\theta$$

$$\omega|\mathbf{y} \sim \text{Gamma} \left(\frac{d^*}{2}, \frac{\eta^*}{2} \right)$$

$$d^* = d + n, \eta^* = \frac{nk(\mu - \bar{y})^2}{k+n} + \eta + S_y$$

(E) From part A we had

$$p(\theta) \propto \left(1 + \frac{1}{d} \frac{(\theta - \mu)^2}{(d\eta/k)} \right)^{-\frac{d+1}{2}}$$

by construction

$$p(\theta|\mathbf{y}) \propto \left(1 + \frac{1}{d^*} \frac{(\theta - \mu^*)^2}{(d^*\eta^*/k^*)} \right)^{-\frac{d^*+1}{2}}$$