

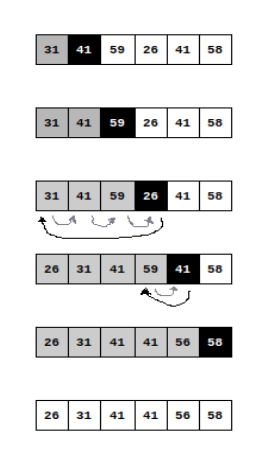
# CORMEN Excercises 2.1 in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

Jann Carlo Moreno Jiménez

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## 1 Insertion Sort sobre un arreglo dado

La siguiente es la ilustración de la ejecución de Insertion sort para el arreglo dado:



## 2 Reescribir Insertion Sort en orden decreciente.

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**Algorithm 1** Insertion Sort decremental

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```
1: procedure INSERTION-SORT( $A$ ) ▷  $A$  is the given array
2:    $j \leftarrow 2$ 
3:   while  $j < A.length$  do
4:      $key = A[j]$ 
5:      $i = j - 1$ 
6:     while  $i > 0$  and  $A[i] > key$  do
7:        $A[i + 1] = A[i]$ 
8:        $i = i - 1$ 
9:      $A[i + 1] = key$ 
10:     $j = j + 1$ 
```

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### 3 Búsqueda Lineal + Invariante de Loop

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**Algorithm 2** Linear Search / loop invariant

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```
procedure LINEAR-SEARCH( $A, x$ )
2:    $v = NIL$ 
       $i = 0$ 
4:   while  $i < A.length$  do
      IL : No hay índice  $j < i$  tal que  $A[j] == x$ 
6:     if  $A[i] == x$  then
       $v = i$ 
8:      $i = i + 1$ 
      IL: Se encontró un  $j < A.length$ , tal que  $A[j] == x$  o en su defecto no
      existe en el arreglo
10:  return  $v$ 
```

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### 4 Suma Binaria

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**Algorithm 3** Suma de números en representación binaria

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```
procedure BINARYSUM( $A, B$ )
   $c = 0$ 
   $C = [n]$ 
  for  $i = n$  to 1 do
     $C[i + 1] = (A[i] + B[i] + c)(mod2)$ 
    if  $A[i] + B[i] + c > 1$  then
       $c = 1$ 
    else
       $c = 0$ 
   $C[1] = c$ 
  return  $C$ 
```

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