Ans to the Q No 1

A (A.1)

South Asian gem …

Bangladesh’s ecological diversity is intricately linked to its riverine system and tropical climate. The Sundarbans, the world’s largest mangrove forest, is  a UNESCO World Heritage Site and one of the 7 Natural Wonders of Asia. This unique ecosystem is a haven for diverse flora and fauna, including the elusive Bengal tiger.  The country’s biodiversity extends to its numerous national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, and Ramsar wetlands, making it a haven for nature enthusiasts and researchers alike.

Bangladesh’s natural wonders reflect its geographical diversity. The Sundarbans, with its intricate network of waterways and dense mangrove forests, is not only a biodiversity hotspot but also a crucial buffer against cyclones and tidal surges. Cox’s Bazar, boasting one of the longest sandy beaches globally, invites visitors to its tranquil shores along the Bay of Bengal.

Ans to the q No 1 A (A.2)

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(B)

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