

Databases Autumn 2025

Hand-In Exercise 1

October 3, 2025

Aiysha Frutiger
Jannick Seper
Luis Tritschler

Total Points	
---------------------	--

Task 1

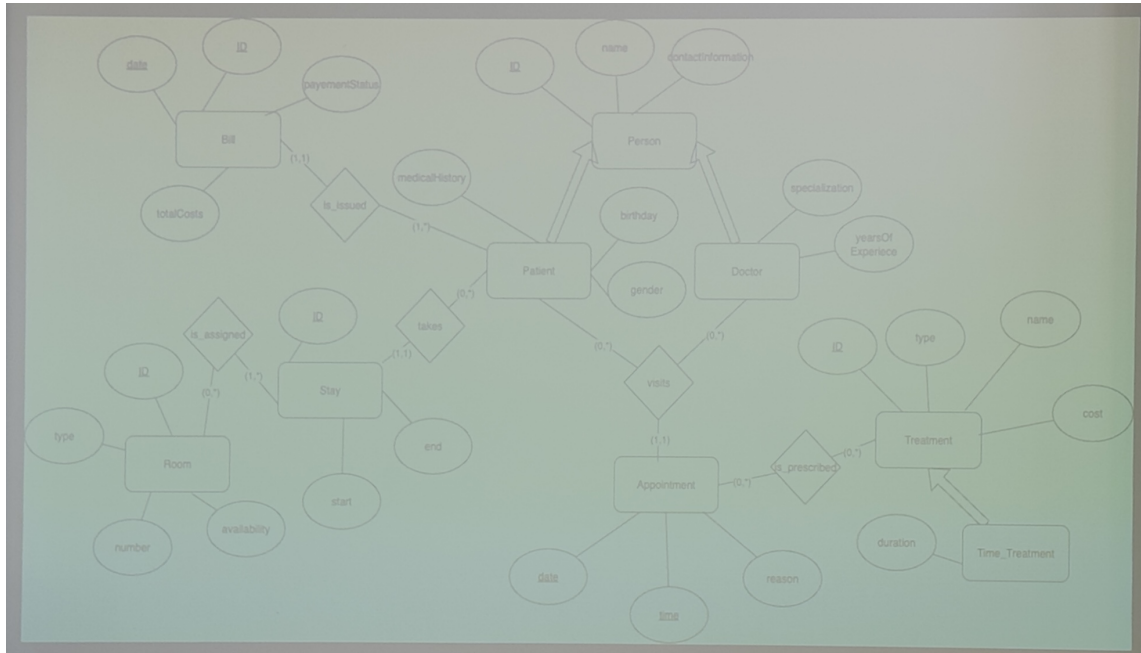


Figure 1: EER

Task 2

Out of the Picture:

Person	(<u>ID</u> , Name, ContactInformation)
Doctor	(<u>ID</u> , Name, ContactInformation, Specialization, YearsOfExperience)
Patient	(<u>ID</u> , Name, ContactInformation, Birthday, MedicalHistory, Gender)
Appointment	(Date, Time, Reason)
Stay	(<u>ID</u> , Start, End)
Treatment	(<u>ID</u> , type, name, cost)
Time_Treatment	(<u>ID</u> , type, name, cost, duration)
Bill	(<u>ID</u> , Date, TotalCosts, PaymentStatus)
Room	(<u>ID</u> , Type, Number, Availability)
visits	(<u>Patient_ID</u> , <u>Doctor_ID</u> , <u>Date</u> , <u>Time</u>)
takes	(<u>Stay_ID</u> , <u>Patient_ID</u>)
is_prescribed	(<u>Treatment_ID</u> , <u>Date</u> , <u>Time</u>)
is_assigned	(<u>Room_ID</u> , <u>Stay_ID</u>)
is_issued	(<u>Patient_ID</u> , <u>Bill_ID</u> , <u>Date</u>)

Merged:

Person	(<u>ID</u> , Name, ContactInformation, Birthday)
Doctor	(<u>ID</u> , Name, ContactInformation, Birthday, Specialization, YearsOfExperience)
Patient	(<u>ID</u> , Name, ContactInformation, Birthday, MedicalHistory)
Appointment	(Date, Time, Reason, <u>Patient_ID</u> , <u>Doctor_ID</u>)
Stay	(<u>ID</u> , Start, End, <u>Patient_ID</u>)
Treatment	(<u>ID</u> , type, name, cost)
Time_Treatment	(<u>ID</u> , type, name, cost, duration)
Bill	(<u>ID</u> , Date, TotalCosts, PaymentStatus, <u>Patient_ID</u>)
Room	(<u>ID</u> , Type, Number, Availability)
is_prescribed	(<u>Treatment_ID</u> , <u>Date</u> , <u>Time</u>)
is_assigned	(<u>Room_ID</u> , <u>Stay_ID</u>)

Task 3

Included SQL snippets to the questions:

```
1  — Exercise 3a
2  SELECT Name, Specialization , Years_of_Experience
3  FROM Doctor
4  WHERE Years_of_Experience > 5;
```

```
1  — Exercise 3b
2  SELECT D.Name, COUNT(A.Patient_ID) AS Total_Patients
3  FROM Doctor D
4  JOIN Appointment A ON D.Doctor_ID = A.Doctor_ID
5  GROUP BY D.Name;
```

```
1  — Exercise 3c
2  SELECT D.Name, COUNT(DISTINCT A.Patient_ID) AS Total_Patients
3  FROM Doctor D
4  JOIN Appointment A ON D.Doctor_ID = A.Doctor_ID
5  GROUP BY D.Name
6  HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT A.Patient_ID) > 10;
```

Task 4

Included SQL snippets to create DB (100% ChatGPT):

```
1 BEGIN;
2
3 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS is_assigned CASCADE;
4 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS is_prescribed CASCADE;
5 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS appointment CASCADE;
6 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS bill CASCADE;
7 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS stay CASCADE;
8 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS room CASCADE;
9 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS time_treatment CASCADE;
10 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS treatment CASCADE;
11 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS patient CASCADE;
12 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS doctor CASCADE;
13 DROP TABLE IF EXISTS person CASCADE;
14
15 CREATE TABLE person (
16     id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY PRIMARY KEY,
17     name TEXT NOT NULL,
18     contact_information TEXT NOT NULL,
19     birthday DATE NOT NULL
20 );
21
22 CREATE TABLE doctor (
23     id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY PRIMARY KEY,
24     name TEXT NOT NULL,
25     contact_information TEXT NOT NULL,
26     birthday DATE NOT NULL,
27     specialization TEXT NOT NULL,
28     years_of_experience INTEGER NOT NULL CHECK (years_of_experience >= 0)
29 );
30
31 CREATE TABLE patient (
32     id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY PRIMARY KEY,
33     name TEXT NOT NULL,
34     contact_information TEXT NOT NULL,
35     birthday DATE NOT NULL,
36     medical_history TEXT
37 );
38
39 CREATE TABLE treatment (
40     id INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY PRIMARY KEY,
41     type TEXT NOT NULL,
42     name TEXT NOT NULL,
```

```
43     cost      NUMERIC(12,2)    NOT NULL CHECK (cost >= 0)
44 );
45
46 CREATE TABLE time_treatment (
47     id          INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY PRIMARY KEY,
48     type        TEXT            NOT NULL,
49     name        TEXT            NOT NULL,
50     cost        NUMERIC(12,2)    NOT NULL CHECK (cost >= 0),
51     duration    INTERVAL        NOT NULL
52 );
53
54 CREATE TABLE room (
55     id          INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY PRIMARY KEY,
56     type        TEXT            NOT NULL,
57     number      TEXT            NOT NULL,
58     availability BOOLEAN        NOT NULL DEFAULT TRUE
59 );
60
61 CREATE TABLE appointment (
62     appointment_date DATE        NOT NULL,
63     appointment_time TIME        NOT NULL,
64     reason        TEXT,
65     patient_id    INTEGER NOT NULL,
66     doctor_id     INTEGER NOT NULL,
67     CONSTRAINT pk_appointment PRIMARY KEY (appointment_date, appointment_time),
68     CONSTRAINT fk_appointment_patient
69         FOREIGN KEY (patient_id) REFERENCES patient(id),
70     CONSTRAINT fk_appointment_doctor
71         FOREIGN KEY (doctor_id) REFERENCES doctor(id)
72 );
73
74 CREATE TABLE stay (
75     id          INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY PRIMARY KEY,
76     start_date   TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
77     end_date     TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
78     patient_id   INTEGER    NOT NULL,
79     CONSTRAINT fk_stay_patient
80         FOREIGN KEY (patient_id) REFERENCES patient(id),
81     CONSTRAINT chk_stay_interval CHECK (end_date > start_date)
82 );
83
84 CREATE TABLE bill (
85     id          INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY PRIMARY KEY,
86     date_issued DATE            NOT NULL,
87     total_costs NUMERIC(12,2)    NOT NULL CHECK (total_costs >= 0),
88     payment_status TEXT          NOT NULL,
```

```
89     patient_id    INTEGER    NOT NULL,
90     CONSTRAINT fk_bill_patient
91         FOREIGN KEY (patient_id) REFERENCES patient(id)
92 );
93
94 CREATE TABLE is_assigned (
95     room_id    INTEGER NOT NULL,
96     stay_id    INTEGER NOT NULL,
97     CONSTRAINT pk_is_assigned PRIMARY KEY (room_id, stay_id),
98     CONSTRAINT fk_is_assigned_room
99         FOREIGN KEY (room_id) REFERENCES room(id),
100     CONSTRAINT fk_is_assigned_stay
101         FOREIGN KEY (stay_id) REFERENCES stay(id)
102 );
103
104 CREATE TABLE is_prescribed (
105     treatment_id    INTEGER NOT NULL,
106     appointment_date    DATE    NOT NULL,
107     appointment_time    TIME    NOT NULL,
108     CONSTRAINT pk_is_prescribed PRIMARY KEY (treatment_id, appointment_date, appointment_time),
109     CONSTRAINT fk_is_prescribed_treatment
110         FOREIGN KEY (treatment_id) REFERENCES treatment(id),
111     CONSTRAINT fk_is_prescribed_appointment
112         FOREIGN KEY (appointment_date, appointment_time)
113             REFERENCES appointment(appointment_date, appointment_time)
114 );
115
116 CREATE INDEX idx_appointment_patient ON appointment(patient_id);
117 CREATE INDEX idx_appointment_doctor ON appointment(doctor_id);
118 CREATE INDEX idx_stay_patient ON stay(patient_id);
119 CREATE INDEX idx_bill_patient ON bill(patient_id);
120
121 COMMIT;
```

Task 5

Um das Schema auf einem MacBook mit PostgreSQL auszuführen, sind folgende Schritte nötig:

1. **PostgreSQL installieren** (falls noch nicht vorhanden):
2. **Neue Datenbank anlegen:**

```
psql postgres
```

und im Prompt:

```
CREATE DATABASE hospital;      #creates DB  
\q                             #quits psql
```

3. **Schema-Datei ausführen:**

```
cd /Pfad/zum/Ordner  
psql -d hospital -f schema.sql  #imports schema
```

4. **Tabellen testen:**

```
psql hospital
```

und im Prompt:

```
\dt          — zeigt alle Tabellen  
\d appointment — zeigt Struktur von appointment
```