

Workingtitle
Postquantumcryptography

Jannis Priesnitz
University of Applied Sciences
Department of Computer Science
Schöfferstraße 3
64295 Darmstadt
Email: jannis.priesnitz@stud.h-da.de

Abstract—**ABSTRACT**

Index Terms—**Message Oriented Middleware, IoT**

I. INTRODUCTION

State of the art asymmetric cryptosystems compared with unsage of *hinreichend* long Keys are considered as "safe" with a view on current computersystems. This turns immediately if quantum computers enter the scene. But why is this the case? In this paper I briefly show up the main differences between normal computer systems and quantum computers, show up why state of the art cryptosystems like RSA and ECC not save in the quantum computation world. In addition to that I give a detailed introduction to the McEliece Cryptosystem explain the strengths and downsides of the algorithm and give some details about the current *erkenntnisse* about codes which can be used for the system.

Outline

In the Section 2 ...

II. CONVENTIONAL COMPUTER SYSTEMS VS. QUANTUM COMPUTERS

On conventional...

III. STATE OF THE ART CRYPTOGRAPHY VS. POST QUANTUM CRYPTOGRAPHY

With the background of Section 1 what do we have to change on our cryptosystems?

IV. THE McELICE CRYPTOSYSTEM

Back in 1978 Heinz McElies explained a quantum resistant cryptosystem based on linear codes. ...

A. Encryption

Encryption...

B. Signing

Signing

C. Key Agreement

Key Agreement

V. CODES CAN BE USED FOR McELICE

As described in the last Section the strength, computation time and key space is based on the codes used by the cryptosystem. ...

*A. *error codes**

...

VI. CONCLUSION

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